Thursday April 30 1987

D 8523 B

World news

S. African Ford profits union building iump sealed off to \$1.5bn

No. 30,222

STERLING

STERLING closed in New York

\$1,6620. It rose in London to \$1,6600 (\$1,6540); DM 2,9750 (DM 2,900); FFr

9.9275 (FFr 9.9075); SFr 2.4450 (SFr

2.4275), and Y232.75 (Y231.25). The

pound's exchange rate index rose 0.1 to 73.0. Page 29

DOLLAR closed in New York at DM

1.7885, SFr 1.4670, FFr 5.9665 and Y140.00. It fell in London to DM

1.7925 (DM 1.7960) and to FFr 5.9600 (FFr 5.9600), but rose to Y140.15 (Y139.85) and SFr 1.4730 (SFr 1.4680). On Bank of England figures the dollar's index was unchanged at

GOLD rose \$2.25 to \$451.75 on the

London bullion market. In Zurich it fell to \$451.25 from \$451.50. Page 28

WALL STREET: The Dow Jones in-

dustrial average closed up 22.30 at 2,254.26. Page 36

bond sector and a good start to Wall Street trading helped to sustain the

rally in equities. The FT-SE 100 in-

dex climbed a further 16.5 to 2,038.8

and the FT Ordinary index was 19.2 higher at 1,606.6. Details, Page 32.

TOKYO stock market was closed yesterday for the Emperor's birth-day. More fireworks should for Nik-

FRANCE and Italy gave the go-ahead for Thomson, the French state-owned defence and electron-

to merge their semiconductor mi-

crochin activities. The venture will

create the second largest European semiconductor group after Philips.

PEPSICO, world's second-biggest soft drink company after Coca-Cola, reported faster-than-expected first-

quarter growth, with net profit up 17 per cent to \$81.7m, or 31 cents a share, from \$69.7m, or 27 cents.

est US textile group, responded to the \$1.6bn takeover bid by Mr Ash-

er Edelman and Dominion Textile

of Canada by suing for an injune tion against the offer. Page 15

TEXACO, the US oil major which

filed under Chapter 11 of the US Bankruptcy Code earlier this month, said its first-quarter net

profit fell 64 per cent to \$118m from

ELKEM, the Norwegian ferroalloys

and aluminium group, made a pre-tax loss of NKr 47m (\$7.1m) in the

first three months of this year com-pared with a NKr 15m loss in the same period of 1986. Page 23

change. Daiwa Securities America,

a wholly owned subsidiary, has paid a record C\$ 361,600 for the seat:

COMMODORE International, US

Slm, or 3 cents a share, compared with a loss of \$36.7m, or \$1.17, for the same period a year ago. Page 15

CYCLOPS, US electrical retailer

28m a year ago. Page 15

numeications concern

LONDON: A strong gover

100.5, Page 29

3-00-DM per £

Armed South African police sealed off the Johannesburg headquarters of Cosatu, the largest black union federation, hours after the federation's 20 unions joined a call for a confirming its supremery over General Motors in largest black union in the federation's 20 unions joined a call for a confirming its supremery over General Motors its largest l work stayaway to coincide with the eral Motors, its larger rival. Page 15 whites only election on May 6.

The raid on Cosatu House fol-

lowed a similar one last week when police detained hundreds of union workers. Page 14

Blacks freed

South African courts freed the last. of 52 blacks held for nine months on sedition tharges after the State failed to prove that they had held rebel people's courts in Capetown townships.

Pakistan jet downed A Pakistan Air Force jet was abot down chasing Afghan aircraft near the north-west border, the official

APP news agency said. Paris parcel bomb

A parcel bomb exploded at an spartment building outside Paris seriously injuring a doorman. The parcel was adressed to a North Airican family living in the building.

irangate hurts US

The International Institute for Strategic Studies said Reagan Ad-ministration errors culminating in the Iran arms scandal had damaged US influence around the world:

Sri Lanka May Day

The Sri Lankan Government said May day railies could be held on May 22, normally a public holiday to commemorate national heroes. May Day rallies on May 1 were banned for fear of Tamil gnernilla violence.

Swedish arms probe

The Swedish Government was to investigate allegations that the Bo-fors group had bribed Indian officials and politicians while negotiating a big arms deal. Page 3

Palme killer reward

Swedish police hunting the killer of Prime Minister Olof Palme said they would pay a reward into a sec-ret Swiss bank account in an at-

Afghan blast kills 4

A bomb blast at an Afghan refugee camp in Pakistan's Baluchistan province killed four people and wounded more than 12.

India missile

In a rare account of its defence research, India said it had successfully tested a surface-to-air guided missile developed in the country.

Drought hits Somalis

Three million Somalis face starvation because of drought. About 600 Somalis have already died of starvation in the past two months, the Interior Minister said.

Hippo sinks canoe

Eight people drowned in Zambia's Kafue River on Monday when a hippopotamus attacked and sank their cance. Seven survived. cance, Seven survived.

All-women factory

Sandi Arabia is to set up an elec- DAIWA Securities became the first. tronics assembly plant staffed en- Japanese securities firm to buy a tirely by winien who will use video seat on the Toronto Stock. Ex-

Play alters script

icied servei

The state of the state of

The Bayarian town of Oberan gau was changing the script of its personal computer manufacturer, famous passion play after an Amer-reported a third-quarter profit of famous passion play after an Amer-ican Jewish organisation said parts of the text appeared anti-semitic.

Stradivarius record Italian concert violinist Luigi Alber- which is being taken over by Dirto Bianchi paid a record price of one Group of the UK, ported a 2440,000 (\$704,000) at Christie's in tise in first-quarter earnings to London for the Stradivarius Colossus violin.

- CONTENTS





Alan Sugar reveals the secrets of his computer company's success. Page 14

Western Sahara: Morocco's wall threatens Mauritania's neutrality 3 Japanese cars: EEC dilemma over increasing shipments 4 Rajiv Gandhi: the idol is fallen 12 Editorial comment: Nato debates missi-

Pollution: European companies fight

le deal; making managers 12 US Television: major networks face

scrutiny...... 14 Lex: Pre-emption; failed bids; Tesco:

Republican admits conspiring to defraud US

THE FIRST person to face criminal charges in the affair, had earlier filed charges charges in the four-month investigation into the US Iran arms scandal yesterday pleaded guilty to constitute the unit of the scandal of the scandar of the scandal of the scandal of the scandal of the scandal dal yesterday pleaded guilty to con-spiring to defraud the US Govern-

Mr Carl "Spitz" Channell, a conservative Republican fund-raiser and former West Virginia motel opand former west Virginia movel operator, told US District Judge Stanley Harris he had conspired with
Li-Col Oliver North, the sacked
White House aids, and Mr Richard
Miller, president of a public relations company.

Mr Walsh's decision to confine
the charges to one count of conspiracy and Mr Channell's guilty plea
strongly suggested that the indeprosecutor appointed to look into

PHILIPS, the Dutch electronics

group, lifted its earnings by a hefty 42 per cent to F1 205m (\$102m) in the first-quarter despite lower sales and announced a F1 1ha interna-

tional equity issue, the biggest in its

The public offer of 20m common shares, expected to take place soon, will be registered in the US and un-

derwritten and distributed world-

wide. It represents about 9 per cent

is the largest issue in terms of mon-ey raised by Philips. Mr Jones Zantman, Philips

board member in charge of fi-nances, yesterday refused to dis-close the underwriters of the offer-

ing. In the US Philips moved its share

listing to the New York Stock Ex-change two weeks ago from the

Nasdaq over-the-counter market as

part of a strategic campaign to ex-pand its American activities and

shareholders now account for about

9 per cent of all shareholders and

the Dutch company would like to see that rise closer to the 24 per

riden name familiarity. American

anding share capital and

Lt-Col North helped Mr Channell raise millions of dollars from pri-vate donors for the Nicaraguan Contra rebels during a Congres-sional ban in 1984-1985 on all direct and indirect US military and for the

Philips plans Fl 1bn

profits rise by 42%

US industry reports recently have suggested that Philips wants to strengthen its integrated circuit (IC) activities in the US and has been in talks with RCA Solid State,

a semiconductor concern acquired by General Electric (GE) of the US last year. Mr Zantman denied that

Philips is negotiating with GE, al-though he added that "everyone

talks to everyone else and supplie everyone else in the IC industry."

Philips is the seventh largest IC maker in the world and Signetics, its California-based chip subsidiary,

is thought to want to improve its complementary metal oxide semi-conductor (CMOS) technology, which was invented by RCA.

The Dutch company is also ex-panding in America, having recent-ly announced a US-based joint ven-

ture in medical systems with General Electric Company of the UK and having taken a minority stake in John Finke, the US electronic

lest and measuring group. Mr Zantman said the E

equity issue as

Separately, the Democratic congressional campaign committee filed a complaint with the Federal mission that Mr Channell used tax-exempt status to bein finance Republican candidates who backed the Contras in the 1986 mid-

link between Mr Channel's Contra and Republican fund-raising ef-forts, but proof that money was soli-cited and improperly used in a fed-

In the first quarter, Philips' prof

its jumped on a better performance across the board in all product sec

tors and geographical areas, with

The US and Canada posted the largest rise due to good profit growth at North American Philips

and smaller losses at Signetics. Th

contribution from nonconsolidated

companies swing to a net income of F17m from a F132m loss a year ear-lier, largely due to lower losses at its telecommunications joint ven-ture with American Telephone & Telegraph, AT&T-Philips.

Sales fell 9 per cent to Fi 11.8bn from Fi 13bn on the weaker dollar,

pressed in guilders, and there was a decline in professional electronic

products, it was the lowest level of

revenue in at least two years but Philips managed to convert it into a rise in operating profits through cost control and smaller extraordi-nary charges. Operating profits climbed 13 per cent to Fl \$25m

the joint House-Senate select committee opens public hearings on the Iran-Contra scandal. They form part of a broad criminal investiga-tion by the special prosecutor covering secret US arms sales to Iran, the subsequent diversion of money, and the private aid network set up

Mr Walsh, operating with a grand tional Endou Jury, said his inquiry had turned up "extensive and specific evidence" empt status.

THE CONTROVERSIAL project to

build an off-road vehicle at the Ca-

terpillar tractor plant at Uddingston near Glasgow was in confusion last night, as Sir Monty Finniston, for-mer chalman of British Steel, re-signed the chairmanship of Multi

Purpose All Terrain (MPAT), the

company which has developed the vehicle, along with its financial ad-visers Noble and Company and oth-

A spokesman for Mr David Mac-

Watt, the vice-chairman of MPAT

and the man behind the project, in-sisted that it had sufficient finance

and would continue to seek a deal

under which it would take over the

1.1m square foot plant, which Cater-pillar intends to close.

Only last Friday Sir Monty Fin-

niston said negotiations were being finalised with Caterpillar for the

purchase of the plant and the man-

ofacture of the off-road vehicle,

which is said to have both military and civilian applications. He said

that there were about 1,200 firm or-

ders for the vehicle, called the Paca, from Europe and the Far East and that conditional offers of more than

£5m (\$7.5m) worth of finance had

Since then, serious questions had been raised about the viability of the project and about Mr MacWatt's business experience. It emerged

that the company had letters of in-tent rather than firm orders.

Noble and Company and their pub-lic relations consultants said they

had "reluctantly come to the conclu-sion that they should resign." This followed "a careful review of

MPAT's proposal" and was "despite recent favourable preliminary inde-

mance of the vehicle itself."

nts of the perfor-

Caterpillar

rescue in doubt

BY JAMES BUXTON, SCOTTISH CORRESPONDENT, IN EDINBURGH

ity Adviser, Vice Admiral John Poindexter, had not told him of the He added that Vice Admiral Poindexter, who resigned when the "an honorable man".

They held out the possibility of establishing another company to manufacture the Paca at Uddings-

However a spokesmen for Mr MacWatt said that MPAT still in-

tended going ahead with the project to buy the Uddingston plant. He said the company had been nego-tiating "with the London agent of a foreign bank" and had secured fi-

nancing in excess of £5.5m without

up a business plan for the venture. He said that neither the Edinburgh

finance house nor other financial

MPAT had originally intended to

the Uddingston plant.

ement of Noble and Com-

The charge against Mr Channell, 41, alleges that he and his main fund-raising organisation – the Na-tional Endowment for the Preservation of Liberty - violated its tax-ex-

to curb trade as **Nakasone** arrives

US vote

Rajiv Gandhi: the

fallen, Page 12

idol is

By Nancy Dunne in Washington THE US House of Representatives vesterday narrowly approved a con-roversial trade measure just hours before the arrival in Washington of Mr Yasuhiro Nakasone, the Japa-

The measure, an amendment to the omnibus trade bill sponsored by Resignation puts Mr Richard Gephardt, a Missouri Democrat, would require countries with "excessive" trade surpluses and a proven record of "unfair trade

The amendment would increa the percentage of "managed" US trade by requiring offending coun-tries to reduce their surpluses at a rate of 10 per cent a year, starting

Japan, South Korea, Taiwan and West Germany would all be candidates for retaliation. However, the amendment includes two waivers, which would allow President Reagan to forego action in cases where it would not be in the US economic interest or if debtor nations were

The amendment was passed in the face of strong opposition from Mr Dan Rostenkowski, chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee, and many business interusts. Its passage reflects the frus-tration of Congress with the appar-ent failure of the Reagan Adminispany and that the details would be finalised today. He was not able to name the bank involved.

MPAT would employ up to 400 people at the Uddingston plant, he Debate preceeding yesterd tration to reverse the \$170bn trade

Debate preceeding yesterday's vote demonstrated that trustration, He said Noble and Company had been appointed three weeks ago to assist in negotiations and to draw as one member after another de clared that there was nothing to fear from retaliation. Mr John Dingell, a Michigan democrat, said there was "literally nothing to be done to American farmers and industry that hasn't been done."

advisers had produced a business plan or an assessment of whether Mr Gephard, a candidate for the presidential nomination, spoke of his own "anger" and of the "decline" be perceived around the country. the project was viable or not. He said be was sorry that Sir Monty Finniston had resigned but said that the company had other

"Righty per cent of our failure is our own failings," he said. But if the country was to regain its competi-tiveness, it must be able to tell its He said he was sorry Sir Monty Finniston had resigned but said he expected General Sir Gerald Duka, workers, "you will have an equal who had already been asked to bechance to compete." come deputy chairman, to take over as chairman. But last night Sir Ger-

Mr Gephardt's victory is likely to ons he had not intended to ac- to encourage similar legislation in

cept the earlier request to become The US semiconductor industry says Jepanese chipmakers are plac-ing "hage" orders for US-made chips, a move which may make it easier for the Reagan Administramanufacture the Paca overseas. Three-and-a-half weeks ago it was approached by Caterpillar and asked if it was interested in buying

Continued on Page 14

cent of a couple of years ago. The proceeds of the issue will be used for investments being made worldwide to compete on a global based company expected to round off talks in about six weeks with Whirlpool, the US domestic appli-ance manufacturer, about a joint Go-ahead for European chip deal, Page 15 Pact on N-weapons 'unlikely before 1990'

BY JAH DAVIDSON IN LONDON

THE opportunity for an arms control agreement on long-range strategic nuclear weapons, which was lost in 1986, may be beyond recovery, at least until 1990, according to the International Institute for BURLINGTON Industries, the larg-

In its latest annual report, the in-titute also predicts that the next two years are likely to be a period of drift in US foreign policy.

"Time is running out for the Rea-gan Administration to regain its eq-utilizium," says the institute, a London-besed independent organi-sation which focuses on international security and arms control.

"Unless President Reagan can regain his grip on authority and exer-cise the full power of his office, 1987 and 1988 seem destined to be years

The report sees improved properts for an agreement on European-based Intermediate Nuclear Forces (INF), because of the change

in the Soviet position.

But on strategic nuclear forces, her side shows much inclina-"neither side shows much inclina-tion to budge from the fundamental positions adopted in Reykjavik — the one insisting on pursuing de-fence in space, the other adamant in opposing this. Without some movement here, the opportunity that was lost in 1986 might be be-yond recovery, at less tuntil 1990. The report represents a sharp break with the Institute's tradi-

tional tone of strait-laced respect to-

wards allied governments, with its fierce indictment of the reagan Ad-

"President Reagan began the year with confidence," it says. "As the year wore on, however, his Ad-ministration began to look less in control of its policies, reacting to control of its poincies, reacting to outside challenges with uncertainty and in the end failing to cope... The sum of the year's activities, misadventures and revelations left the Administration with its foreign-policy goals undermined and the President's own authority and crednt's own authority and credibility damaged.

The report criticises an adminis tration whose Cabinet Secretaries and departments sometimes ourse ed uncoordinated, if not contradic-

The report argues that any im-provement in East-West relations depends on agreement on arms con-trol, which it sees as the fool point in relations between the superpow-ers. But it dismisses out of hand what it regards as the errors of the Reykjavik summit between President Reagan and Mr Mikhail Gorb-

"Rather than discussing, as they should have done, the basis of an agenda for a full summit in 1987
which offered prospects for an
agreement, the superpowers pursued a chimera at Reykjavik: dreams
and visions of a world without nuclear warrons and size for Practiclear weapons and also, for President Reagan, a world of perfect defences. A sense of unreality pervaded the negotiations."

Strategic Survey 1985-1988, Inter-national Institute for Strategic Studies, 23 Tuvistock Street, WC 2,

Merrill loses \$250m

MERRILL LYNCH, the biggest US brokerage firm, yesterday reported that it had sacked one of its senior traders after suffering a \$250m trading loss because of "unauthor ised trading activity in the fast-growing mortgage-backed securi-ties market.

Merrill, which said in its latest annual report that it was the fastest growing company in the mortgage-backed securities market with a 13.3 per cent market share, said that it had "recognised market loss in mortgage securities of approximately \$250m." Merrill's shares fell by \$1% to \$36% following the news.

In a brief statement Merrill attributed the loss to "significant, unaubuted the loss to signment, unau-thorised activity by a recently dis-charged senior trader and subse-quent market volatility. The mat-ter had been referred to a regulatoter and seen reserves to a regulari-ry agency and Merrill, which has equity capital of \$35m, said that des-pite the trading losses it expected to be profitable in the current quarter.

rate further on its statement, but Wall Street sources said that the firm had run into problems with a recent multibilion dollar "stripped" mortgage backed securities deal. This involves selling, or "stripping," the interest and principal portions of the deal and selling them to separate groups of investors.

Continued on Page 14

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Companies 18 Companies 19-22 Men and Matters 12

Companies 15, 16, 18

Companies 15, 16

SUGAR BEATS THE DRUM FOR AMSTRAD

Tate & Lyle; Rolls-Royce 14

West Germany's trade surplus nears DM 28bn

WEST GERMANY recorded a 36.9 bn. foreign trade surplus of DM 27.8bn (£9.3bn) in the first three months, up from DM 22.6bn in the same period last year, as exports continued to hold up well in spite of the

D-Mark's appreciation.
According to official figures
yesterday, the current account surplus rose to DM 20bn from DM 15.6bn in the first quarter

The Government and the Bundesbank have been holding out the prospect of a sharp cut in the surplus this year from last year's record DM 76.5bn. However, the central bank said in its annual report this week that a "normalisation" of the West German current account would still take a long time.

The March trade surplus rose to DM 10.1bn from the same month last year, according to the industry's association. In the first quarter DM 47.1bn. Imports rose a more subdued 4.7 per cent to DM from the same period last year.

The current account registered a surplus of DM 8.8bn. double the DM 4.3bn in March last year. This partly reflected a drop in foreign transfer payments after large pre-payments to the EEC in February.

Exports fell 23 per cent in value terms to DM 127.3bn

during the first three months compared with the same period last year. But this amounted to a 1 per cent rise in volume terms since export prices have

been cut.
Imports fell by 7.7 per cent
in value to DM 99.5bn, representing a volume increase of 5
per cent since import prices
over the period fell 12 per cent.
Reuter adds from Frankfurt:
Trainering orders fell arms:

Tax repayment adds to state's financial woes

ties of the most populous West German state, North Rhine Westphalia, have been excerbated by the need to exacerbated by the need to repay to Deutsche Bank, the country's largest bank, roughly DM 1bu (£336m) in previously paid taxes.

The money is to be repaid to the bank after it overpaid DM2ba in corporation tax last year both to the state and to the federal government.

The bank made the original The bank mass are sepect of profits earned through its surchase and sale of the

Filck industrial group. The company was floated on the stock market last year after the Deutsche Bank bought it from its owner, Mr Friedrich Karl Flick, at the end of 1985. This followed several years of controversy over Fick's illegal payments of "Laundered" cash to political

The opposition Social Democratic Party (SPD), which controls the state's government, yesterday de-nounced Deutsche Bank's exploitration of "loopheles" in tax legislation.

David Marsh on the headache ecology consciousness is giving some big companies

Chemical industry fights tougher controls

West Germany's Green ecology party, has a simple solution for curbing environmental risks from the country's chemical industry: "One-third should be kept going, one-third converted to other production—and onethird closed down."

It is partly to avoid this extreme fate that companies are trying to fight back in a growing West German rumpus about chemical pollution in the wake of a string of Rhine spillages by Swiss and West German chemical graups at the end of

The debate is highly emotionally charged. This makes it difficult for the industry — with a DM 170bn (257bn) annual turnover, accounting for more than 10 per cent of industrial production—to work out a coherent tion—to work out a coherent lobbying strategy in the face of legislative proposals to tighten environmental regula-

As a result, chemical com-panies, led by the big three— Hoechst, BASF, and Bayer—are steeling themselves for higher bills for environmental protec-tion and mounting administra-tive controls in coming years. The companies, taking three of the top four placings in world rankings, are now considerably larger individually than the wartime German giant IG Farben from which they were spawned after its break-up in the 1950s. But in terms of public relations, the chemical sector claims to be

"All the Greens' news automatically get into the newspapers," grumbles Mr Wolfgang Munde, managing director of the German Chemical Industry Association. "I have to pay for advertisements (the association's budget for this is DM 6m a year) to get our message across."

THE VIVACIOUS Ms Jutta Government proposals to widen Ditforth, one of the three from 145 to 325 the list of national spokespersons for officially-designated dangerous chemicals subject to special

Last year's spillages in the Rhine, which followed closely on the heels of the much more serious pollution from the Sandoz chemicals blaze in Basle on November 1, created a public outcry which forced the centre-right Government to take sures of a distinctly "Green" line. Companies will now be obliged to report to the authorities even small leaks of chemicals into the environment previously considered to have

no ecological significance.

Plans are also afoot to increase the companies legal liability for the consequences of

The sector has promised co-operation with the Government but it is caught in a number of dilemmas over how best to respond to the political and public opinon challenges. The industry is drawing attention to the danger that over-strict environmental regulations

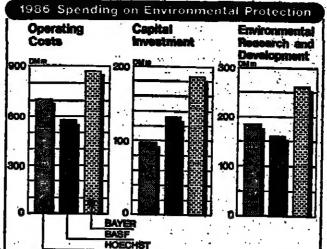
will drive production and jobs abroad. Mr Karlheinz Trobisch, environmental protection direc-tor at Hoechst, says the point is "not far away" when the com-pany will have to transfer pro-duction of certain chemicals affected by tough West German standards. Procedures

Procedures for building chemical plants are already longer and more complex in West Germany than in other countries such as France, the US and Italy, he says.

According to Mr Munde: "If German progress (in the environmental field) is not harmonised abroad, then our international position will be serious."

for building

Association, "I have to pay for divertisements (the association's budget for this is DM 6m is year) to get our message countries—including Switzer and making land, where regulatory short-comings were exposed by the Sandoz accident. But the problems of this can continue.



iobs being driven away is twofold. First, Hoechst, Bayer and
BASF can hardly dismantle
their massive, densely-situated
plants on the Rhine and migrate to
green-field sites in relatively
unregulated foreign countries.
Second, there is no evidence
that the undoubted stringency
of environmental regulations
has been to the companies'
economic disadvantage. The
industry agrees, on balance,
that it has encouraged efficient
and rational use of resources.

"The vitality of the German chemical industry seems to be greater than the disadvantages it has suffered through (environmental) restrictions," says Mr Hans-Georg Peine, environmental protection director at BASF.

Mr Herwig Hulpke, his possite number at Bayer, says that, up to now at least, his company has been able to extra environmental costs by improving technology and making production methods more flexible. The question, however, is whether

The industry spends roughly DM 4.5bn a year on environmental protection, both in investment and operating costs. But the companies note that some of the largest individual investment projects, for instance waste water treatment plants, were decided during the early 1970s long before the Greens became a political force. Such investments made over the past few ways, represent the past few years represent one of the reasons why—at least up to the Sandoz blaze— pollution of the Rhine has de-creased significantly.

Pollution control expendi-Foliution control expenditure, large though it is, is also only one factor among many affecting the economic health of the industry. The stability and reliability of the 550,000-strong workforce — grouped under the IG Chimie trade union which is undyingly hostile to the Greens—is admitted by executives to far outweigh any inconvenience from environmental regulations.

ages. Overall, the industry is believed to have caused about loo river pollution incidents last year roughly equivalent to the five spillages from Bayer, BASF and Hoechst that caused all the fuss after the Sandoz

On the question of the chemical industry's implicit threat that West German ecology con-sciousness could drive jobs and investment abroad, this has to an extent been already happen-

According to figures from the Bundesbank, the industry added to its foreign assets by DM 16bn between 1976 and 1985 mpared with an increase of only DM 4bn in foreign chemical companies' in West Germany over the period.

The figures do not include last year's record \$2.8bn purchase of Celanese of the US

by Hoechst — turning the group into the largest chemicals con-

cert in the world.

However, the Bundesbank says that "increasing burdens appear to have been only a small factor. The main reason for the investment drive has been that a whole series of West German groups now see "scope for expansion only in international business," the

international business," the Bundeshank says.

The main fear of the big three chemicals groups is that they are running into tougher environmental controls at a time when competitive pressures are already rising as a result of the appreciation of the D-Mark and slower West German economic growth. the D-Mark and slower West German economic growth.
Unwelcome though the government's measures may be, however, they will probably be only comparatively minor influences on profability in coming years. And the companies will no doubt come to terms with increased environmental protection bills as the price for winning acceptance

price for winning acceptance for their activities in ecologic-ally-conscious West German

tops agenda for Finnish coalition

Economy

By Oili Virtanes in Helsinid

FINLAND'S historic left-wing coalition Government, to be officially announced today, has agreed to tackle structural change of the economy as its first priority. Headed by Mr Harri Holkeri of the Conservatives (Kokoomus), the non-Socialist parties will have a 10-8 majority in the govern-

ment.
Other parties to be included are the Social Democratic Party (SDP), the Swedish People's Party (SPP) and the Rural Party. The former Prime Minister, Mr Kalevi Sorsa, who yesterday resigned as chairman of the Social Democrats, will get the "number two" portfolio of Foreign Minister while the Conservative party leader.

The Swedish People's Party's leader, Mr Christopher Taxell, is to be Minister of Education, and the Rural party chairman, Mr Pekka Vennamo, Communi-

Government particularly foreign policy, will not differ substantially from those of the previous centre-left cabinet, although some notable changes will take place. Excess farm production is to be curtailed more quickly. Marginal tax rates will be reduced and and capital gains and income will capital gains and income will be taxed on an equal basis. The parties agree that Finland's economy is heading for structural changes both for international and domestic reasons and this will have to be tackled by keeping prices in check and preserving the value of the Markka.

of the Marika.

The SDP-Conservative linkup is an unusual outcome of
the general election in March
when the SDP lost votes heavily
while the conservatives gained
substantially and the other
main non-Socialist party, the
Centre Party, also wen seats.

A purely non-Socialist government was a widely tipped
alternative but President
Mauno Kolvisto was reluctant
to polarise the nation by leaving
the entire whole political left
in opposition.

in opposition.

The Centre Party will be in opposition despite its lest-minute efforts to woo the Con-

Cologne company raided over supply of nuclear equipment plans to Pakistan were successfully exported via

engineering company while investigating the alleged export of plans to belp Pakistan build 2 uranium enrichment plant suitable for making nuclear

ing two state attorneys, took part in simultaneous raids on

have raided a Cologne-based furt. The home of one of its

West German customs officers tory at Hanau outside Frankave raided a Cologne-based furt. The home of one of its directors was also searched.

Leyboid-Heraeus is an important uranium enrichment plant witable for making nuclear veapons.

More than 20 officials, including two state attorneys, took art in simultaneous raids on for day at the offices in Cologne of Leybold-Heraeus and its fac
There was a security scandal

There was a security scandal

Tory at Hanau outside Frankat Urenco in the late 1970s high-enriched uranium suitable for nuclear waspons. A Dutch attempt to prosecute him for nuclear waspons. A Dutch attempt to prosecute him for nuclear waspons. A Dutch attempt to prosecute him for nuclear waspons. A Dutch attempt to prosecute him for nuclear waspons. A Dutch attempt to prosecute him for nuclear waspons. A Dutch attempt to prosecute him for nuclear waspons. A Dutch attempt to prosecute him for nuclear waspons. A Dutch attempt to prosecute him for nuclear waspons. A Dutch attempt to prosecute him for nuclear waspons. A Dutch attempt to prosecute him for nuclear waspons. A Dutch attempt to prosecute him for nuclear waspons. A Dutch attempt to prosecute him for nuclear waspons. A Dutch attempt to prosecute him for nuclear waspons. A Dutch attempt to prosecute him for nuclear waspons. A Dutch attempt to prosecute him for nuclear waspons. A Dutch attempt to prosecute him for networking for a Dutch subcontractor several years earlier. A parliamentary inquiry was shall attempt to buy virtually attempt to buy vi

France.

The claim that the autoclaves
the help of were ordered with the help of two Leybold senior directors, one of whom has since left the company. They took away blue-prints which were handed over to the: West: Germans for

Experts at Uranit, the West German arm of Urence located at Gronau, found that some of the plans were for components

of a design which only started operation at Gronau at the end of 1985. Others appeared to be of a special design, part of which seemed intended to make highly enriched uranium.

Leybold-Heraeus is making no comment, other than to admit its premises were searched. Dr Ethan says he was not involved in any attempt to import autoclaves and that Pakistan's nuclear programme is Gly for peaceful purposs.

jobless rate falls

Unemployment in the European Community fell in March to 16.8m from 17m in February because of better weather, the

saw declines of less than 1 per The number of jobless under-The number of Jobless under-25s fell in all states except Italy, where 19,300 more young people were unemployed in March than in the month before.

Danish trade boost Danish trade boost
The Danish trade balance improved dramatically in the first quarter, when last year's DKr 3.5bn deficit was turned into a DKr 790m surplus, according to preliminary figures, Hilary Barnes reports.

First-quarter imports fell by 10 per cent to DKr 41.4bn. mainly because of a lower oil bill and a decline in imports of consumer goods.

THE Soviet Union has borrowed the philosophy of one of the philosop

Irish interest rates The Irish Central Bank has signalled another reduction in interest rates, the second in a formight. Our Dublin Correspondent reports.

The bank cut its key lending rate to the mainstream banks by 2 per cent to 12.25 per cent.

Cyprus plea

President Kyprianou of Cyprus has asked Sr Javier Perez de Cuellar, UN Secretary-General, to try to convene an international conference on Cyprus, under UN auspices, to discuss withdrawal of foreign troops from the island and future international guarantees, our

Nicosia Correspondent reports.

In his reply, the UN chief said his soundings of Security Council Members had revealed "differing positions on the proposal," and added that he could not force council members to not force council members to proceed in a manner which they did not support.

Waldheim move

Prime Minister Brian Mulroney of Canada has said Austrian President Kurt Waldheim is not welcome in his country, but government officials stated yesterday that there were no plans to ban him, Reuter reports from Ottawa.

Community | Sweden agrees to Bofors probe | Paris affirms space commitment

BY KEVIN DONE, NORDIC CORRESPONDENT IN STOCKHOLM

THE Swedish Government yester-day acceded to demands from India for an official investigation of allegations that Bofors, the armaments subsidiary of the Nobel Industries group, made payments to middle-men or agents in order to win its re-cord SKr 8.4m (31.3m) arms con-tract from India last year.

Allegations from Swedish radio that some SKr 33 had been paid by

pecuse of better weather, the group's statistics agency. Eurostat, said yesterday. Reuter reports from Luxembourg.

The number of jobless fell in all 12 Community member states. France, Italy and Spain state Skr 32 had been paid by Bofors into a Swiss bank account as a believe respect to the property of the state of the property of a bribery payment to Indian offi-cials has caused a storm in India, where Prime Minister Rajiv Gand-

An important condition set by the Indian Government in the negotiations with Bofors was that the contract directly with the Indian Defence Ministry with the Defence Ministry that no midthe Indian Defence Ministry without the involvement of middlemen.

The issue was raised at Government in the ladian before the categorically desired the bribery allegations.

The issue was raised at Government is the formal level in talks between Mr Gandhi and Mr Olof Palme, the formal most in the Indian deal would be was assassinated in February last was especial for defence and to entire the continent to ramain competitive in technological research, Rester reports from Paris.

"France and Europe must have a reliable launcher," he told a symposium marking the 25th anniversary of the French space agency.

He congratulated space officials on their stockes in ing ther Arisne rocket providing high-resolution pounaissance data with both and civilian applications.

Spot will be the forest was reliable launcher, he told a symposium marking the 25th anniversary of the French space agency.

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Spot will be the forest was reliable launcher, he told a symposium marking the 25th anniversary of the French space agency.

He congratulated space officials on their stockes in ing ther Arisne rocket providing high-resolution providin

mer Swedish Prime Minister who was assassinated in February last year.

Mrs Anita Gradin, Sweden's Foreign Trade Minister, said yesterday that in January 1986 Mr Palme had informed Mr Gandhi, that Bofors had declared its willingness to see the following the said that the french space agency. He said that the French space agency. The Bofors contract is a sensitive issue for both the Swedish and Indian deal would be carried out by the National Andit forces were already benefiting from the Syracuse military telecommunications system mounted aboard two transfer of the French space agency. He said that the French space agency. The Syracuse military telecommunications system mounted aboard two issue for both the Swedish and Indian deal would be carried out by the National Andit forces were already benefiting from the Syracuse military telecommunications system mounted aboard two issue for both the Swedish and Indian deal would be carried out by the National Andit forces were already benefiting from the Syracuse military telecommunications system mounted aboard two issue for both the Swedish and Indian deal would be carried out by the National Andit forces were already benefiting from the Syracuse military telecommunications system mounted aboard two issue for both the Swedish and Indian deal would be carried out by the National Andit forces were already benefiting from the Syracuse military telecommunications system mounted aboard two issue for both the Swedish and Indian deal would be carried out by the National Andit forces were already benefiting from the Syracuse military telecommunications system mounted aboard two issues for both the Swedish and Indian deal would be carried o

PRESIDENT François Mitierrand tion satellite launched last year was grounded since last May after its yestenday affirmed France's comproviding high-resolution photo-recursion an independent Euro-connaissance data with both military date has been set for resuming

He congratulated space agency officials on their success in developing ther Arisne rocket programme, which had become a serious rival to

Spot will be the forerunner of purely military Helios observation satellite due for launching in the early 1990s. "And these projects are just the first stage," Mr Mitterrand said.

Mr Mitterrand said the development of the more powerful Ariane-5 rocket, which aims to put a manned vehicle into orbit by 1995, should not be introduced at the expense of the content o

Mr André Girand, Defence Minis ter, told the symposium that an inwhich had become a serious rival to dependent space capability was US commercial satellite launch systems and would secure 50 per cent The French space agency, of the world satellite market in the founded in late 1961, made France's next three years. first successful Ariane, however, has been November 1965

Soviet Union takes 'General Motors' road to space

THE Soviet Union has borrowed the philosophy of one of the pillars of the capitalist world—
General Motors — in its highly successful approach to putting people and objects into orbit, says a US report on the country has activities.

Actording to "The Soviet Union and the rest of the Soviet Union leads the world's agree powers was present in 1886 than at any time structurestrial operations, the country has adopted "a General Motors philosophy to mass produce simple and relativity increasing personance in space and total activity, were conducted by the Soviet Union.

As a result it treats rocket and the country has adopted "a General Motors philosophy to mass produce simple and relativity increased the country has adopted "a General Motors philosophy to mass produce simple and relativity increased the service penalty agree the service penalty approach to the country has adopted "a General Motors philosophy to mass produce simple and relativity increased the service penalty agree that agree the service penalty agree that the service penalty agree that agree the service penalty agree that the service penalty agree that agree the service penalty agree that the service penalty agree that agree the service penalty agree that agree program agree that the service penalty agree that the ser

Good prospects seen for co-operation with Western Europe

THERE ARE still good pros-THERE ARE still good prospects for Seviet space co-operation with Western Europe, despite the recent spy row with France and the general lack of European interest in launching satel-lites and space modules on Soviet rockets, the top Soviet space researcher said yester-day.

said that Franco-Soviet co-operation, which went back 20 years and has put a French man into orbit, had never depended on using French space vehicles of the kind that France recently

accused Soviet officials of spy-ing on. Soviet rockets and modules had been used for joint missions in the past and would be in the future, he said, though it aws for Paris to decide whether such cooperation would continue.

In an interview at the Space Research Institute on the outskirts of Moscow, Prof Sagdeyev said a degree of co-operation with West European countries, such as that institutionalised with Britain in an accord signed during Mrs Margaret Thatcher's re-cent visit to Moscow, could be "a useful complement" to

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the programmes of both But he was sceptical that

But he was sceptical that West Europeans would turn to the Soviet Union simply because it had a clear lead ever the US in space research. Each superpower had different strengths in space, the professor believed—the US was very good at extraterrestrial astronomy, and with the Viking and Voyager missions had showed itself ingenious at solar system exgenious at solar system ex-

ploration. For its part, the Soviet Union had pursued a more concentrated approach at solar system exploration, focusing a lot on Venus, while in materials processing, such as exystallography, it was hard to say which country was ahead.

Only in bio-medical studies,

only in biomedical studies, such as research into weightlessness, was the Soviet
Union clearly in the lead, because it had concentrated on the mauning of orbiting space stations first of the Salyut type and now the Mir station launched last year. By contrast, the US is not expected to have a manned space station until the midIn the wake of the US Challenger disaster and prob-lems with the European Ariane rocket, the Soviet Union has been affering its Proton rockets as lanuchers on a commercial basis. So far, only India has taken up the offer, with a satellite launch expected this autumn.

The Seviet Union has premised to exempt any fereign satellite from inspection on Soviet soil According to some sources, the Indians have been premised they can attend the launch, but not the actual fitting of the satellite

Prof Sagdeyev said he would not deny a military application to the Soviet space programme, but it was "a besign one" in developing verification and early warning satellites. He said the Soviet Union was inunching around 100 space modules and satellites a year, slightly more than two-thirds of the world total. He could not say how many of the launches were for military purposes purely. it at around enethird.

on to the Soviet rocket.

folio of Foreign Minister while the Conservative party leader, Mr Ilkka Suominen, will be Trade and Industry Minister. The post of Finance Minister has gone to Mr Erki Lilkanen, party secretary of the SDP, and that of Foreign Trade Minister to Mr Pertti Saloiainen of the Conservatives.

ar reass. vennamo, Communications Minister.

The SDP will have eight portfolios, the Conservatives seven, the SPP two and the Rural Party one.

The policies of the new Covernment

Brussels to seek more for regions

By Quentin Peel in Brussels

THE EUROPEAN Commission yesterday decided to press ahead with its demand for a doubling of the EEC structural funds, for regional and social spending, in spite of the strong opposition of member states like Britain, France and West Germany. Germany. At the same time it decided

to tighten the rules under which member states may pro-

vide state subsidies to businesses in economically-deprived regions.

The plan for such a big increase in aid to backward regions, areas of industrial decline and training for the memployed, is a major part of the total reform package being pressed by Mr Jacques Delors, the Commission president.

It would mean a real doubling in the structural funds from the present total of Ecu 6.5bn (£4.55bn), or at least Ecu 13bn by 1992, the target date for removing all harriers to trade within the Community.

Although the plan has been welcomed by the poorest member states most likely to benefit—like Greece, Ireland, Portugal, and to a lesser extent Italy and Spain—it has been much more sceptically received by the main budget contributors in the north of the Community. They are willing to see some increase in the funds, but nothing like double.

The Commission proposal would also devote 80 per cent of the regional funds to backward economic regions, rather than those areas of industrial decline which most interest the northern states. vide state subsidies to busi-nesses in economically-deprived

northern states.

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Pretoria exports face new threat

BY MICHAEL HOLMAN, AFRICA EDITOR

BROADER economic sanctions against South Africa—excluding gold, diamonds and strategic minerals — could reduce the republic's visible export earnings by a quarter, equivalent to about 7 per cent of GDP situation unlikely to change as based on 1985 figures, says a study published today.

The report, "Economic Effects of Sanctions on Southern Africa," by Mr J. P. Hayes of the Trade Policy Research Centre, a privately funded institute based in London, also looks at the possible consequences of sanctions on the black-ruled states of southern

Although the 100-page report does not set out to assess the efficacy of sanctions as an instrument of foreign policy Mr Hayes, a former Assistant Under-Secretary of State in charge of the economic advisers at the Foreign Office, warns that "there could be a vicious spiral in which dissatisfaction with political developments in South Africa leads to the fur-ther escalation of sanctions; and these, in turn, strengthen the forces inimical to political and social reform."

What Mr Hayes describes as What Mr Hayes describes as "the maximum plausible package of sanctions" would exclude gold, diamonds and strategic minerals, which represent almost 60 per cent of visible exports by value. He also assumes that no effective action will be taken to depress the price of gold as a form of pressure on Pretoria.

The most damaging measures

One consequence is that GDP annual growth will fall far short of the 5 per cent or more required if the economy is to find jobs for all the 260,000 black work seekers who enter the market each war save Mr. the market each year, says Mr Hayes. Over 40 per cent of the black population is under 15, and the urban black population is growing at a rate of over 2.8 per cent a year, he points out.

There are widely differing views on the economic effects of sanctions, says Mr Hayes, some South Africans arguing that import substitution could be a boost, at least in the short term. But the study estimates that a continuation of present economic conditions "may lead to something like stagnation of GDP," while increased trade sanction might "then lead to an actual decrease."

The study says that the greatest threat to neighbouring countries lies in the possibility of retaliatory action by

* J. P. Hayes, Economic Effects of Sanctions on Southern Africa, Gower Publishing Company, Gower House, Croft Road, Aldershot, Hampshire, GU11 3HR; £7.95.

Lebanese guerrillas raid Israeli base

unifit troops was damaged.
Unifit troops was damaged.
Unifit said the guerrillas attacked the Israeli hill position at Yater,
18km south-east of Tyre and six kilometres north of the Israeli border. The guerrillas' two-pronged as-sault with machineguns and rocketpropelled grenades lasted at least 90 minutes. Meanwhile in Beirut, rival Chris-

tien and Moslem ministers failed to agree to meet again today as planned.

nounced no new date for the meeting, which was agreed by the minis-

for rede

LEBANESE GUERRILIAS attacked an Israeli position on the edge of Israel's "security zome" in south Lebanon yesterday, Renter reports from Tyre, Lebanon.

UN Interim. Force in Lebanon (Unifil) sources said the Israelis retaliated by shelling four villages. There was no immediate report of casualties.

government authority but the ministers later disagreed on their interpretation and how to set about them.

Christian ministers said executing the projects needed a full Cabinet meeting chaired by Christian There was no immediate report of casualties. asualties.

About 50 Israeli shells and mor-fire did not need Cabinet approval.

About 50 Israeli shells and mortar bombs landed in the villages and a nearby position of Nepalese Unifil troops was damaged.

Unifil said the gnerrillas attacked the Israeli hill position at Yater, war hy giving greater power to Moslems and a special role to Syrian mediated.

Under the Lebenese constitution, the President must chair Cabinet sessions. The Cabinet has not met since October 1985.

Months of high-level talks be tween Mr Gemayel and Syrian offi-cials representing the Moslems and Damascus's interest broke down reformula of political reforms.

The impasse has been accorters last week during their first talks for seven months. Last week's meeting revived var-ter a hill of several months. This ious government projects to allevi-ate civilian hardship and restate been killed by the shelling.

Vietnamese mark fall of Saigon in sober mood

VIETNAM'S VIETNAM'S Communist leaders mark the 12th anniversary of their victory over Saigon tomorrow in a mood far more sober and critical than the euphoria they felt in 1975, Reuter reports from Bangkok.

The country their legendary leader Ho Chi Minh said would be ten times more beautiful after the US-backed South Viet-nam was defeated has turned out to be a land of hardships, food shortages and dizzying in-

In the year since the last anniversary of the April 30 vic-tory, even some of Hanoi's hardest hard-liners have had to admit publicly that their policies have been a fallure.

Behind the now almost ritual self-criticism, though, the reformist leadership brought in last December is struggling to correct the blunders of the

Shamir hints at early elections

ISRAELI Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir said yesterday that a row in his coalition Government over the question of a Middle East peace conference could lead to early elec-tions, Reuter reports from Paris.

He told a news conference at the end of an official visit to France that he was opposed to a new ballot because he believed it would damage efforts to tackle Israel's high in-flation.

There is a danger, that is to say, the national unity Government is threatened by a crisis that could lead to early elections," he said.

The possibility of a new election was first raised by Foreign Minister Shimon Peres, who, unlike Mr Sha-mir, favours a Middle East peace

Mr Peres has said he will soon ask the cabinet to agree to a confer-ence, in a move that could break up the 30-month-old coalition dominated by his Labour Party and Mr Sha-mir's right-wing Likud bloc.

Razaleigh offers to go

TENGKU RAZELEIGH, who Mahathir Mohamad, the Malaysian Prime Minister, for the leadership of the ruling United Malays National Organisation, in recent his resignation as Trade and industry Minister.
Dato Rais Yatim, the Foreign

Minister who suported Tengko Razaleigh, has also submitted his resignation, a spokesman of the Prime Minister's Office

Japan and US at odds over Asia aid agency

A ROW is brewing between Japan and the US over con-trol of the Manila-based Asian Development Bank which has become the region's pre-eminent, if faltering, aid

institution.

At this week's annual meeting, the US opposed Japanese efforts to make a special capital injection into the 29-year-old bank. The increase has become symbolically important for Japan which has been pushing for the increase for over a year. It would lift its voting power above that of Washington

which encrently has as many US officials accuse the Japanese of trying to politicise the erganisation, and increase their influence to make it "their hank." Furthermore they question the need for equity increases at a time when the bank has more than \$4bn of liquid assets and its net transfer of capital to its horrowers is

Japanese Finance Ministry officials say that by any criteria, such as Japan's economic size, its presence in

the region and its current account receipts, the country

Washington wants to retain

should have the largest vote

the same voting rights as Japan and claims its interest in the Asia and Pacific region in the Asia and Pacific region is as great as that of Japan.
"Any change in that (parity) status would indicate that we have reduced our interest," a US official said.

Japan and the US have made, in effect, the same contributions to the bank during regular capital replenishments. However,

Japan has now contributed, more than half the resources of the \$7.9bn Asian Develop-ment Fund, the bank's soft loan window, compared to Washington's 16 per cent. Contributions to the soft loan fund do not alter voting

rights.
The bank's Japanese president, Mr Masao Fujioka, yesterday also endorsed the principle of a more equitable relationship between the level of contributions and voting

Behind the resistance to the increase is US criticism of the

lack of clearly defined objectives for the bank in the run up to the next ordinary copital replenishment in 1980. Other donors and borrowing countries shared the US concorn during the ADB's annual mention.

meeting. US officials doubt that other donor members are pre-pared to lower their voting shares in the bank. If necessary the US is prepared, al-beit reluctantly, to match any special Japanese capital injection in order to maintain the principle of equal voting rights, a US official said.

Howe's nuclear stance puzzles Pacific allies

THERE IS an old but relevant Zealand for the first time — treat the countries as foreign, and then look for similarities. To judge by the purring noise To judge by the purring hoise coming from the British Government, Sir Geoffrey Howe, the UK Foreign Secretary, found a pleasing variety of similarities during his wide -ranging talks in Canberra and Wellington earlier this month.

Sir Geoffrey's visit is clearly

felt concerns, and may not have justified the Thatcher Govern-In both Australia and New Zealand, this emerged most starkly over defence and security matters, and in particular over Britain's refusal to sign the South Pacific Nuclear Free Zone Treaty, known locally as

Australia, a stalwart supporter of western security poli-cies, invested much time and prestige in securing agreement to a pact which, in its view, cannot jeopardise Western in-

Sir Geoffrey's visit is clearly an important milestone in relations which have been showing signs of neglect.

But while the similarities far outnumbered the differences, it is equally apparent that the differences are important. Indeed, Sir Geoffrey may have left an impression that Britain still does not fully appreciate some of the countries' most keenly

Sir Geoffrey sought to explain this apparent obeisance to short of an outright threat hat a nuclear-free zone in the French policy diminishes while leaving New Zealanders outh Pacific looked very Britain. that a nuclear-free zone in the South Pacific looked very different in Europe. He repeatedly drew attention to the nuclear threat Europeans had to live with, the indivisibility of global security and efforts at arms control.

This seemed to have only limited impact on Australian and New Zealand thinking. They pointed out that the South Pacific was simply not comparable. able to Europe, and that Western interests would suffer in the region because of the nuclear powers' refusal to sign.

Australia and New Zealand in fact believe that Britain has found it impossible to oppose France, which will not accept found it impossible to oppose defence, he said bluntly that the Prime Minister. who France, which will not accept there was no such thing as a the treaty as long as it wants free lunch. In Wellington itself, he went to conduct nuclear tests at Mururos Atoll. In their eyes, much further, stopping just to disguised protectionism.

This policy has already rendered the 30-year-old Anzus alliance linking the US Aus-tralia and New Zealand inoperative between Washington and Wellington because the US refuses to disclose such information about its ships. The policy also affects visits by British ships.

Sir Geoffrey surprised Austra-lians as well as New Zealanders by taking a sideswipe at the Wellington government before he even arrived there. Suggest-ing that New Zealand was not pulling its weight in Western defence, he said bluntly that there was no such thing as a free lunch.

Britain, he said, would consmain, he said, would continue to honour its obligations in relation to negotiating EEC import quotas for New Zealand butter. But with dairy production and subsidies at home being out, it was becoming increasingly difficult for parliamentary backbenchers to press the New Zealand case—not least when most EEC comtries were also Nato members. The New Zealand Govern-ment's understandable sur-prise at this link between trade and defence issues was strongly expressed by Mr David Lange,

Mauritanian neutrality put at risk by Saharan wall

YSAHARA

except for the strategically

Many northern Mauritanians

have close ethnic and cultural ties with the Polisario and

MAURITANIA'S neutrality in the long running war in the Western Sahara has been threatened by the construction by Morocco of a sixth defensive wall close to its strategically important iron ore railway line. important iron ore railway line.

The S50 km (340 mile) wall
—a ridge of rock and sand
reinforced by mines and
electronic scanners—is intended
to bar the Algerian-backed
Polisario direct access to the
Atlantic Ocean.

The Polisario have for the
past 12 years been flytting for
the independence of the former
Spanish Sahara which is now
occupied by Morocco.

The Polisario have made a
number of seaborne attacks on

number of seaborne attacks on foreign fishing vessels and light sircraft in an apparent change of tacties after the defensive walls made land based raids important garrison of La Guera. Since Col Taya took over just over two years ago he has sought strict neutrality in con-trast to his predecessor Col Haidalla who was seen as too waits made land cased raigs much more difficult. The sixth wall protects Morocco's southern flank and completes a defensive wall sys-

tem of more than 1,200 miles. It means that the Polisario will now be obliged to pass through Mauritanian territory in order

Mauritanian territory in the seach the ocean.

Mauritanian President Mandous Sid Ahmed Ould Taya has described the situation on the northern frontier—especially the 140-mile stretch from the small border town of Inal to the ocean—as "serious." Mauritania down to the Senegal river. President Taya restored diplo-Inal to the ocean—as "serious."

A recent skirmish between
Polisario and Moroccan troops
near Inal, where the wall is matic relations with Morocco in 1985 while continuing to recog-nise the Saharan Arab Demoonly 400 yards distant, in-creased Mauritanian fears.

A ministerial communique said that " the massive and permanent presence of foreign troops so close to our vital centres is unacceptable." The communique added that measures have been taken to

guarantee the security of the northern port of Nouadhibou the country's economic capital.

No details were given but
analysts say that the former analysts say that the former Spanish garrison of La Guera, four miles across the desert peninsula from Nouadhibou. has probably been reinforced with Mauritanian troops, Border surveillance has been reserved. increased and more troops stationed along the railway line, especially from Inal to the ocean where the wall runs parallel at a distance of little

over a mile away.

The railway carries some 9m tonnes of iron ore from the mines at Zouerate to the port of Novadhibou and is vital to of Novadhibou and is vital to the Mauritanian economy. At Novadhibou there was little sign of extra security and the fishing and iron ore indus-tries, which account for vir-tually all the country's exports,

were operating normally.

Although the iron ore trains continue to run as usual, this correspondent was refused permission to make the 400-mile journey to Zouerate.

"There is tension in the area and we cannot afford to take any risks, especially with foreigners," Mr Dah Ould Cheikh, the governor of Nouadhibou region, explained.

The Mauritanian military regime of President Taya is nervous about being dragged back into the conflict, analysts

say. The former civilian regime of President Moktar Ould Daddah was overthrown in 1978 by the military after a lisastrous four-year war alongside Morocco against the Polisario. A peace treaty was signed in 1979 and Mauritania gave up the southern third of the former Spanish Sahara

has given priority to restoring the country's drought- and war-ravaged economy. Although improved rains

helped to increase the cereals harvest to 95,000 tonnes in 1986, compared with 20,000 tonnes in 1984, Mauritania still imports nearly two-thirds of its food. Food self-sufficiency is a receding target, according to some aid donors. Desert already covers 75 per cent of the country and is advancing by four miles a year.

Major reforms in food policy.

Major reforms in food policy including the promotion of "Food for Work" programmes and reduced distribution of free food, are part of the conditions attached to the first World Bank structural adjustment loan of some \$40m due to be approved early June. Banking georgy fisheries, iron organizations. ing, energy, fisheries, iron ore mining and institutional reforms are also included in the pro-

The Taya regime has made a

big effort over the past two years to promote economic re-covery. "The last thing it wants is to be dragged back in-to the Saharan war," one aid donor in Nouakchott said. support its struggle for self-determination, analysts say. They are also suspicious of their powerful northern neigh-bour's colonial ambitions—in 1989 Morocco claimed all of Mauritania down to the Seneral However, Mauritania may find However, Mauritania may munitself powerless to prevent the Polisario using its territory to launch further sea and land raids and this could provoke reprisals from Morocco. If this happens Muaritania may feel the need to invoke its military connection.

On and after 29th April, 1987 Standard Chartered Bank's Base Rate for lending is being decreased from 10.00% to 9.50%

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1985 while continuing to recog- cooperation agreement with nise the Saharan Arab Demo- France in order to help preserve cratic Republic. Internally he its territorial integrity.

sympathetic Polisario.



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Official statements in the Hague

However, while the Jungle Com-

mando and its supporters — mainly exiled Surinamese politicians in Western Europe and the US — await new supplies for further assaults, it

The country's economy depends on bauxite mining and refining and aluminium smelting for 80 per cent of its income. Rebel attacks on the

Reagan admits officials divided on arms control

by Stewart Fleiging, us editor in Washington

PRESIDENT Ronald Reagan, faced with a split on arms con-trol policy among his advisers, is insisting that he expects diverse opinions within his Rowney's comments saying Administration but that he be-officials were "certainly upset" lieves that once he has made the final decision his officials will carry it out "no matter how they may have felt about

Mr Reagan's comments, in an interview in which ha addressed questions on issues from arms control to ethics in government and sexual morality in the face of the spread of AIDS, came in the wake of an extraordinary public statement from Lt Gen Edward Rowny, one of his top arms advisers.

Gen Rowny, the chief US negotiator on strategic arms who was replaced in 1985 and negotiator on strategic arms "optimism" about the talks.

who was replaced in 1985 and is now an adviser to the Presitive o narms control issues who dent, said that the White is seen as an ally of Mr Caspar by Associated Press, he House's focus on arms deal Weinberger, the Defence Sections, according to the interview published by Associated Press, he with Moscow covering interretary, has also indicated that his argument in the answers mediate and shorter range he believes the Reagan he gave.

US economic indicators rise 0.4%

HIGH stock prices helped nudge the US index of leading economic indicators up 0.4 per cent in March, which was inter-preted by the US Commerce Department as showing con-tinued economic growth. The department also revised indices for the two previous months, reporting an 0.4 per cent increase in February's index after a 0.4 per cent de-

cline in January.

The 4.1 per cent rise in the value of common stocks during March accounted for about onecrease. However, the market has fallen substantially this month, with the Dow Jones Industrial Average falling by more than 170 points.

accounting for the rise included

missiles in Europe emphasisese "the wrong problem."
The White House quickly distanced itself from Gen by his comments which were not "particularly helpful." But Mr Reagan himself, in the interview with a group of reporters also seemed intent on conveying a more cautious tone about arms control prospects than he has in recent weeks.

There has been mounting domestic and congressional criticism than the Administration is in danger of rushing into a deal which does not pay enough attention to the conventional arms balance in Europe. He said that Administration officials have been expressing hopefulness rather than optimism about the talks.

accounting for the rise included a decline in memployment claims and rises in orders for capital equipment and consumer goods.

Mr Richard Rahn, chief economic of the US Chamber of Commerce, said the index gave "no indication of recession."

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Administration is pushing ahead too quickly for a Euro-pean missiles deal. His comments echo expressions of scepticism in Washingto nabout the intermediate to nabout the intermediate nuclear forces (INF) deal the Administration seems to be seeking with Moscow. Last week former President Richard Nixon and his secretary of state. Dr Henry Rissinger, said they believed the President ought to link the issue of conventional military forces in Furnious to the agreement of Europe to the agreement on intermediate and shorter range missles under negotiation. The White House subsequently said that it did not intend to do

this.

The interview betrayed once again the President's tendency to ramble in a free flowing discussion and on a number of occasions, according to the text of the interview published by Associated Press he

Alfonsin concedes wage increase sought by unions

THE Argentinian Government has conceded a general wage rise demanded by the trade unions in a bid to put together a "social contract" involving the Government, unions and business leaders.

Details have not yet been released, but Mr Saul Ubaldini, said the General Confederation of Workers (CGT), said the concession had been made on Tuesday night by the Ministry of Labour.

In the past few days discussions have been taking place between the Government, trade union and business leaders to hammer out the basis of the pact, which President Raul Alfonsin wants to have signed before he makes his speech to over the recompact of Construction of Construct

He added that agreement on a social contract "will have to lead to a redefinition of economic policy." The appointment of a trade unionist to head the labour ministry raised many eyebrows at the time, and has given rise to much speculation many a possible shift in direct before he makes his speech to open the new session of Con-

Senate move to curb Japanese bank growth

By William Hall in New York

THE rapid expansion of Japanese bunks and securities firms in the US would be severely curbed under a proposed bill which was introduced in the US Senate Senator William Proximire.

chairman of the banking committee, and Senator Don committee, and Senator Don' Riegle, chairman of the securities subcommittee, jointly introduced a bill which would give US hank regulators far-reaching powers to refuse applications by foreign financial firms to enter new businesses in the US if similar powers were ont permitted to US firms in the home markets of the foreign firms filing the applications.

While tek proposed bill

while telt proposed till was not aimed solely at Japanese financial institutions. Senate officials said the purpose of the bill was to indicate to other countries, particularly Japan, the serioumest of US concerns about the slow pace of opening up foreign financial markets.

The bill would prevent Japanese firms from becoming government securities markets primary dealers in the US government securities markets if US firms were denied similar access in the Japanese government debt market.

it would also allow US
bank regulators to deny
applications of foreign financial institutions to take over US firms or enter new markets in the US, if similar privileges were not permitted in the foreign country.

in the foreign country.

The legislation is likely to increase pressure on US bank regulators to delay approval of the applications of Japanese firms which want to expand financial activities in the US. Late last year, the Federal Reserve permitted three Japanese financial institutions to become primary dealers in the US securities market, which has been described as "one of the most prestigious clubs on Wall Street."

The decision has been

The decision has been attacked by Congressman who argue that the Fed has been too lenient in permitting Japanese firms to expand in the US.

Surinam rebels pledge to continue struggle

in Surinam intend to continue attacking important economic installations because they are unim-pressed by a Government plan to restore democracy by November, Bepresentatives of the rebels, speaking from French Guisma

which burders Surinam, claimed that proposals for a constitutional assembly and parliamentary elections were a cover for the Government, led by Commander Desi Bouterse, to maintain control over the former Dutch colony of 400,000 peo-

The rebels' representative, who asked not to be identified, said: We do not intend to halt efforts towards liberation of the country." He added: "We will continue to attack and we know that neither Bouters nor the army can take much more."

However, the rabel effort appears to be suffering from a reduction in supplies of arms and other material, usually shipped through French Colors.

The Jungle Commando, the rebel group, and five groups of exiles op-posed to the military government, recently united in the hope of at-

rinam which is one of the groups on but al the National Resistance Council, such a said. Every time we knocked on the said. Every time we knocked on the door for the aid we were told we were too divided. Wespons are still has been accused by Commander the main problem. We hope the new Bouterse of giving help to the re-

REHELS fighting to overthrow the council will be able to find new ma-seven-year-old military government terial for the rebel forces." bels, has been guarded in its resc-tion to the new constitution.

Commander Bouterse, who has been under pressure from the rebel suggested concern for the development of "sufficient confidence" ment of "sufficient confidence" which would lead to "the desired democratic structure." with the proposals for a return to democratic government.
Having led the country since heading a coup which toppled Mr. Henk Aaron as Prime Minister se-

ven years ago, Mr Bouterse has is the economy which is providing made several promises of a return. Commander Bouterse with his higto democratic government. The lattionse pressure from local trade mions, foreign business and the

unions, foreign business and the Dutch and US governments.

The army leader has proposed parliamentary elections on November 25 following a referendum in September to ratify a constitution drafted last month. It promises free elections under secret ballot, freedom of religion, association and expression, and the right to join trade unions.

The proposed elections would create a 51-member national assembly which would elect a president with some executive powers.

A Western diplomat in Param

tracting more support.

Mr Gienn T. Jong-Akiet, head of the Council for the Liberation of Surinam which is one of the groups on the National Resistance Council, such as the US and Dutch govern-

Americans protest at Nicaragua killing

A GROUP of angry Americans, monstrated outside the US code in Managua on Wednesday, blem-ing Washington for the death of their competriot Mr Benjamin Lin

American working with the Sandin-ista Government to die at the bands of the US-backed Contras in an attack in northern Nicaragua on Tuesday morning. He had been working in Nicara-

gua as a mechanical engineer since 1983, and was assisting a rural elec-trification project at the time of his

mining town of Moengo in November and on electricity transmission lines in January brought the industry to a halt and caused widespread and prolonged blackouts in the an official protest to Washington, said it held US policy "directly responsible" for the American's death. The affack underscored the Some power lines have been redeath. The attack universal to try to
paired and the bankite refinery has
US Government's efforts "to try to
paired and the bankite refinery has
destroy the social and economic debeen reopened, but the Moengo destroy the social and economic demines and smelter are still closed.

The collapse of bauxite and aluminia has undertaken, the protest added. Mr Linder was one of several hundred US citizens who have takium prices five years ago cost the economy about US\$55m a year in foreign sarnings. en permanent jobs in Nicaragua to express their support for the Sanceiving end last mouth of a series of dinista revolution and their opposi-public protests over increasing tion to US aid for the Contra rebels. shortages of consumer goods, including fined. Prices have riser shortly before his death that he sharply and the black market in hard currency operates at a rate equivalent to an 83 per cent devaluation of the Surinam guilder.

Dukakis aims at White House

ITHE governor of Massachusetts, Mr Michael Dukakis, a liberal Democrat, yesterday formally entered the race for the 1988 Democratic presidenthe 1988 Democratic presidential nomination, calling for a strong economy and equal opportunity for all, Renter reperts from Manchester, Mass.

Mr Paul Lazalt, a former Nevada senator and close friend of President Ronald Reagan, this week set up an exploratory committee on whether to enter the presidential race,

A conservative Republican, Mr Lazalt's support lies mostly in the West, where a ring of Republican senators has indicated thay would support him.

Mexico exports up sharply | St Lucia

MEXICO'S surprisingly strong per cent, while imports fell 11.4 export sector realised further per cent to \$2.78hn. gains in March, pushing last Even though Mexico's income from all sales increased by 23.7 \$705m (\$427m), more than per cent in the first quarter, three times the \$231m surplus crude exports accounted for test per cent in the first quarter, three times the \$231m surplus crude exports accounted for test \$1.84bn, or less than half. regisered in March 1986.

Mexico ended the first quarter with a \$2.19bn trade surplus, accumulated largely frum rising oil prices and a \$1 per cent jump in manufactured exports, the Budget and Flanning Ministry said. This is up 138 per cent on the \$920m surplus registered in the first three months of last year. Exports totalled \$4.29bn in the first quarter of 1987, up 24

The trade figures show a continuation of the positive trend of last year, when Mexico for the first time in the decade earned more from manufactured exports than from oil. Mexico has also reversed past patterns by obtaining more export income from the private sector than from state companies.

votes again

FOR the second time this month, St Lucians are voting today in a general election, called by Mr John Compton, per cent in the first quarter, crude exports accounted for just \$1.84bm, or less than half, of the country's total export the Prime Minister, in an effort to give his ruling United Workers Party a stronger hold. In the earlier election on April 6, the UWP took nine of the 16 seats in the assembly. with the others going to the structure of the structure o

WORLD TRADE NEWS

Japan 'placing huge orders for **US-made chips**'

makers have stopped dumping memory chips and are placing Kong over the past few weeks.
"huge" orders for US-made Current average prices of
chips in an apparent effort to \$1.68 in Hong Kong and in Talend the US-Japanese semicon-ductor trade dispute, accord-ing to US semiconductor in-dustry analysts.

and the US (\$2.20) but do not represent dumping, Dataquest

The Japanese moves have not, however, changed the US Administration's demands for evidence of sustained compliance with the US-Japanese semiconductor trade agreement signed last year. This calls for Japan to open its semiconductors market to foreign suppliers and to stop "dumping" chips in the US and in third countries.

Neither, say senior US trade officials, will the US quickly revoke the \$300m (£187m) in retallatory tariffs imposed on Japanese personal computers.

Japanese companies, Dataquest Says.

"These prices are marginally profitable for most Japanese who has monitored memory chip prices worldwide since the trade pact was signed.

The rise in Dram prices has been caused by Japanese production cuts and export limitations ordered by the Japanese Ministry of International Trade and Industry, Dataquest believes. Japanese personal computers.
TVs and power tools earlier this month.
Only when the US has eviment of sustained compliance

Japanese companies, in a new to address the market access the market

dence of sustained compliance with the trade pact over a quest semiconductor trade period of months, will the tariffs be lifted, they say.

According to analysts at supported by actual demand but Dataquest, the US market rethe Japanese companies want search company, prices for to demonstrate a response to Japanese-made 256k Drams Miti demands to buy foreign (Dynamic Random Access chips.

semiconductor Memory chips) have risen opped dumping sharply in Taiwan and Hong and are placing Kong over the past few weeks.

Protectionist sentiments are running high in Brussels, William Dawkins reports

EEC dilemma over Japanese car surge

THE simmering row over the surge in Japanese car exports to the EEC since the turn of the year has plunged the Community into an agonising

possible shift in direc-

Both the European Commis-

Both the European Commission and EEC car makers are deeply worried about the 34 per cent rise to 282,500 cars in Japanese shipments to the Community in the first two months of this year.

At a time when car industry experts are predicting a decline in European production for this year, the Commiston is increasingly anxious that the need to fight low-cost Japanese competition will sap EEC car makers' ability to finance development.

development.

Their response so far has been more fearful than hard hitting, culminating most recently in a plea for moderation from Mr Willy de Clercq, the European Commissioner responsible for external trade, during the content of the content o

shie for external trade, during his visit to Tokyo.

Protectionist sentiments among his colleagues in Brussels are running high. Yet the truth is that even if Tokyo takes no notice, any tougher EEC retaliation will have to come to terms with the complex. come to terms with the complex—and even contradictory—positions of the member states emselves.
"It's a very unpredictable

"It's a very impredictable situation. We just don't know which way it will go," one Commission official admits.

While the Brussels authorities are under constant pressure from the industry to impose a freeze on Japanese car imports

South Korea is studying plans gradually to lower tariffs on imported cars, from 50 per cent to 30 per cent by 1990, AP-DJ reports from Seoul.

The plan is aimed at avoiding trade friction with South Kouth The plans were reported a week after Mr Malcolm Bald-rige, US Commerce Socretary,

At one extreme stand France their and Italy, which already have fit me their own bilateral accords with But Tokyo, limiting the Japanesa near market share to a tiny 2.9 per teen and 2.500 cars respectively. cent and 2,500 cars respectively.

They would be happy to see the screws kept down as tight as possible, the Commission believes.

In the middle sits Britain, with industry-to-industry agreements keeping the Japanese share to about 11 per cent, and host to a major new Nissan

host to a major new Nissan plant.

At the other end stand the Benelux countries, with no bilateral import curbs because they have no national car makers to protect.

But the real puzzle is West Germany. It imported 426,000 Japanese cars last year, well over twice as many as any other member-state, yet paradoxically it is the least keen of all to see tough action against Japanese

tough action against Japanese imports.

complained that South Korean tariffs on foreign cars were still too high, despite a recent 10 percentage point cut to 50 would cal for reducing tariffs on imported cars to 40 per cent next year, to 35 per cent in 1989 and to 30 per cent in

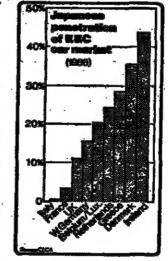
might pose serious legal they would welcome some kind problems—getting a common of EEC restraint agreement stance out of EEC Governments is even harder.

At one extreme stand France their car industry would bene-But they fear that anything near a trade war would harm

near a trade war would harm
the major share of Japanese
luxury car imports held by
Daimler Bens and BMW.
At the same time, however,
Bonn is coming under growing
pressure to get off the fance
from mass car producers like
Volkswagen, Opel, General
Motors' subsidiary and Ford of
West Germany, which have
little or no Japanese sales to
project.

The German dilemma apart, the Commission is faced with the further question of how to fathom Japan's intentions.

For the recent surge is partly a sympton of the practical problems experienced by cal problems experienced by Miti, Japan's Ministry of International Trade and Industry, in persuading car makers to stick in an orderly fashion to the promises of restraint it has made on their behalf.



These date back four years to a moderation agreement for a whole . range of products between Japan and the EEC. That was replaced in 1985 by a looser accord to "monitor" car sales, under which the Commission signalled its alarm to Tokyo over a sudden jump of more than 40 per cent in car hismanting the last countries of shipments in the last quarter of 1985 — the first sign of the present problem.

Miti responded, to the Commission's surprise, with a unitateral promise to keep the "Miti still has a strong grip growth in car shipments to 10 over the Japanese car industry, per cent to 1966.

Export growth continued to an open question."

10.5

rocket early last year, so that Miti could keep its promise—and it only just kept it, with a 10.9 per cent growth in skipments—by urging car makers to hold back shipments and produce a sharp decline in the last quarter of 1986.

Inevitably, those delayed shiploads of cars reached EEC ports early this year, creating an alarming rebound in imports, which should, say the Japenese,

which should, say the Japanese, he temporary.

The Commission is not convinced. It is keenly aware of the fact that the yen has strengthened far more against the dollar than against European currencies over the past year, thereby putting pressure on Japanese car manufacturers to look for sales growth in the EEC rather than on the other side of the Atlantic.

All this is while their sales are coming under new pressure in important Asian markets from successful South Korean producers such as Hyundai.

producers such as Hyundai,
Miti is predicting that it can
still hold car export growth this
year to around 10 per cent, a
situation which Mr de Clercq
does not like, but which at
least would not compel him to
seek a common stance on what
to do next from a divided
Community.

Community.
Commission officials estimate that Miti would have to enforce no growth in shipments from now until December if that

Early result sought from Uruguay trade talks

THE INTERNATIONAL Chamber of Commerce (ICC) yester-day called on negotiators for early results from the Uruguay early results from the Uruguay Round of trade talks, in order to preserve its credibility in the eyes of businessmen.

The most frequently cited target for quick action is agricultural trade but Mr William Eberle chairman of the ICC Commission on International Trade Policy, said that the ICC was looking first for improvements to the Gatt disputes settlement system, the surveillance of trade legislation—and Gatt safeguard measures—Items on which "nobody has to give on which "nobody has to give anything away."

Mr Eberle is a former US special trade representative and now a businessman. He was speaking at the one-day meeting organised by the ICC between leading businessmen and some 35 heads of delegations to Gatt.

The ICG intends to send the same message on the need for an "early harvest" from the Uruguay Round to the leaders of the seven major industrial powers who will meet in Venice in June.

In addition, it will ask them to reconfirm the standstill commitment made by their trade ministers, at the launching of Postud Last September.

"Early harvest" has replaced
"fast track" as the catchphrase among governments looking for results by the end of 1988 from Gatt's trade-liberalising round whose scheduled four-year term would stretch to the end of 1990.

Governments under the standstill to introduce no further trade action contrary to Gatt rules while the Uruguay Round lasted.

The US Japan semiconductor deal and the subsequent punitive US trade action against Japan for allegedly not observing the companions.

Japan's share of W Europe car market falls

BY KENNETH GOODING, MOTOR INDUSTRY CORRESPONDENT THE JAPANESE share of particularly evident in West

Western Europe's new car markets fell sharply in the first In the first quarter of this quarter, from 11.4 per cent in 1988, to 10.3 per cent, the West Germany fell from 14 per lowest level since 1984.

cent to 13.1 per cent as their sales fell from 94,000 to 83,000.

W. EUROPEAN CAR SALES: JANUARY TO MARCH 1986 1987 MARKET SHARES %

tent and labour.

The Peruvian Government, debt and the difficulty of which is short of foreign unloading products is unlikely exchange, has repeatedly said to appeal to many, he said.

(and) that they were resting which carly in they did they are repeatedly said to appeal to many, he said.

(and) that they were resting which carly in they did they are reduced on January 1.

bid to finance Indonesia plant

Mitsubishi in

MITSUBISHI of Japan is com-peting with four Western cor-porations to win a billion-dollar contract to build Indonesia's first commercial nuclear plant, Reuter reports from Tokyo. lowest level since 1884.

The fall in registrations, by 5 per cent in volume to 315,000, indicates that the severe cut in car shipments from Japan to the European Community countries in the second half of last year is now beginning to be effected in reduced sales.

Car producers were warned listly topped the list of effected in reduced sales.

Car producers were warned listly topped the list of effected in reduced sales.

Car producers were warned listly topped the list of last summer by the Japanese Ministry of Trade and Industry sources.

Car producers were warned listly topped the list of leading manufacturers, in the first quarter rate estimated to have group of Italy topped the list of leading manufacturers, which took top place for 1986 as a whole.

Europe which early in 1886 was level and industry in 1886 was level of the Fiat was helped by a very strong domestic market — stro

\$35m countertrade deal BY OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT PERU is finalising a \$35m that it wanted to pay its inter-(£21.8m) countertrade deal with national creditors in products. Textron, the US aeronautics and So far, however, its only major helicopter group. Mr Gustavo countertrade deals have been Saberbein, Peru's Vice Minister with the Soviet Union and of Economy and Finance, said Eastern Europe.

Peru, Textron finalising

copters, confirmed that negotiations were under way with Peru countertrade. Peru's total for payments in products worth approximately \$35m. Peru's foreign debt is \$14bn.

But while banks are theoretically willing to accept payment in kind, one leading New York hank economics and he deviced.

in Washington.

factured silver products, which ficiently attractive offer. contain 98 per cent local con-

in Washington.

A spokesman for the company, which makes Bell Heliof Perua's creditor banks was

According to Mr Saberbein, bank economist said he doubted Peru is seeking to pay in manuthat Peru could make a suf-Banks have already been

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Early 18

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INTERNATIONAL APPOINTMENTS

EdF picks new chairman

BY PAUL BETTS IN PARIS

MR PIERRE DELAPORTE, 59, the industrial and economic the complex international gas the managing director of Gaz weight of the utility. Employde France, the French gas ing 124,000 people, EdF has the utility, has been chosen by the biggest cash flow of any company in France totalling chairman of Electricite de FFr 320n (\$5.40n) last year as the had been tipped to stake over as chairman of GdF.

Mr. Delaporte takes over as chairman of GdF.

France (EdF), the French state electricity utility.

He is to take over from Mr Marcel Boiteux who has headed EdF since 1979 and has reached mandatory retirement age. The Government has also chosen a new managing director for EdF. He is Mr Jean Bergougnoux, a senior director of the electricity utility.

The appointment of a new head for EdF has been the subject of considerable speculation and interest in France during the past few months in view of 1979, he played a key role in take over as chairman of GdF. Mr Delaporte takes over at the debts, which amounted at the end of last year to FFF 222bn. Mr Delaporte takes over at the time when the French Conservative Government has encouraged the electricity utility to adapt and revise its pricing structures to improve the competitivity of French industry. Indeed, EdF recently agreed to special pricing agreements with Pechiney, the aluminium group, and Atochem, the French chemicals group, to improve their respective competitiveness in certain sectors.

Top switch at Credit National

BY GEORGE GRAHAM IN PARIS

THE FRENCH Government Monetary Fund, he has for the has appointed Mr Paul Mentre last eight months been a sad that his position has remained to the position has remained to the project of the project o of Credit National, the state-owned industrial financing in-stitution.

Mr Mentre replaces Mr Jean St Geours, recently elected chairman of the CIC banking group. A former Finance Ministry official and adminis-trator at the International

Thomas, the president of Banque Nationale de Paris, France's largest commercial bank.

Colleagues at BNP say, how-ever, that he was wished on Mr Thomas, himself appointed by the last Socialist Govern-

Mr Mentre joins Credit
National at a time when it is
moving rapidly away from its
traditional role of dispensing
subsidised credit into competitive lending. Only a quarter of
its loans last year were statesubsidised, compared with 85
per cent in 1984.

Change of president for Nippon Steel

NIPPON STEEL Corporation, the world's biggest steel-maker, has appointed Mr. Hiroshi Saito, 66, as president in succession to Mr. Yutaka Takeda, subject to shareholders' approval at a meeting on June 26, reports Router from Tokyo.

Mr Takeda is to become chairman, and Mr Akira Miki vice chairman. Mr Eishiro Salto, the current chairman, who is also chairman of the Federation of Economic Organisations (Keddanren), a Organisations (Keddanren), a leading Japanese business organisation, is to act as honorary chairman and advisor. Nippon Steel is undergoing a rationalisation programme — aimed at meeting decilining demand for steel products.

CITIZEN WATCH COM-PANY, the Japanese specialist watchmaker, pro-poses that Mr Michio Naka-Jima, 60, now a vice presi-dent, should become presi-dent, on approval at a board meeting on June 26.

It is proposed that Mr Rokuya Yamazaki, 70, the current president, should move to the post of chair-

Sandoz fills key executive post

BY JOHN WICKS IN ZURICH

A KEY post within Sandoz, the top position when Dr Moret Swiss chemical group is to go comes up for retirement, to Dr Hans-Peter Sigg. 59, currently head of the pharmaceutical division.

Dr Sigg's appointment is part

Dr Sigg is to assume on September 1 the newly-created group management aimed at position of vice-chairman of the executive committee. This executive committee, This carries with it responsibility for the current business of all Other appointments to come forward are these of Dr. Sandoz product divisions and for forward are those of Dr a new unit formed to administer Ulrich Oppikofer as head of the parent company in Basle.

The move also means a seat
on the board for Dr Sigg.

Dr Marc Moret retains his

the Basle administrative unit,
by Max Link as Dr Sigg's successor at the head of the pharmaceuticals division and Mr on the board for Dr Sigg.

Dr Marc Moret retains his position at the head of the company, as chairman and managing director. However, the creation of the vice-chairman's post for Dr Sigg means that Dr Moret will delegate at least some of his managerial responsibility.

It seems likely that Dr Sigg successor at the head of the pharmaceuticals division and Mr Daniel C. Wagniere to succeed Dr Link as Dr Sigg's Successor at the head of the pharmaceuticals division and Mr Daniel C. Wagniere to succeed Dr Link as Dr Sigg's Successor at the head of the pharmaceuticals division and Mr Daniel C. Wagniere to succeed Dr Link as Dr Sigg's Successor at the head of the pharmaceuticals division and Mr Daniel C. Wagniere to succeed Dr Link as Dr Sigg's Successor at the head of the pharmaceuticals division and Mr Daniel C. Wagniere to succeed Dr Link as vice-chairman and ing director. However, the creation of the vice-chairman and the head of the company of the pharmaceuticals division and Mr Daniel C. Wagniere to succeed Dr Link as vice-chairman and ing director. However, the creation of the vice-chairman and the head of the company of the vice-chairman and the pharmaceuticals division and Mr Daniel C. Wagniere to succeed Dr Link as vice-chairman and the pharmaceuticals division, and Dr Link as vice-chairman and the pharmaceuticals division and Mr Daniel C. Wagniere to succeed Dr Link as vice-chairman and the pharmaceuticals division and Mr Daniel C. Wagniere to succeed Dr Link as vice-chairman and the pharmaceuticals division and Mr Daniel C. Wagniere to succeed Dr Link as vice-chairman and the pharmaceuticals division and Mr Daniel C. Wagniere to succeed Dr Link as vice-chairman and the pharmaceuticals division and Mr Daniel C. Wagniere to succeed Dr Link as vice-chairman and the pharmaceuticals division and Mr Daniel C. Wagniere to succeed Dr Link as vice-chairman and the pharmaceuticals division and Mr Daniel C. Wagniere to succeed Dr Link as vice-chairman and the pharmaceuticals division and Mr Daniel C. Wagniere to succe

sibility. is to take charge of group.
It seems likely that Dr Sigg strategy, legal and fiscal affairs will succeed Dr Moret in the and management development.

Foster Wheeler reshuffle

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

FOSTER WHEELER Corporation, the diversified New Jersey over from Mr Kenneth A. DeGhetto, 62, who despite his fields as international engineering, manufacturing and construction, has elected Mr William C. Reynolds, 61, chairman.

Mr Reynolds, who has been elected chief financial officer and exe-

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If you possess the necessary qualities and are excited by the challenge offered, you should write to Jon Anderson ACMA, Executive Division enclosing a comprehensive curriculum vitae and telephone number quoting ref: 402 at 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH.

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Manager

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If you have the necessary ambition and determination our client requires, contact Mark Carriban ACA on 0753-856151 or write to him enclosing a full CV at Kingsbury House, 6 Sheet Street, Windsor SL4 1BG.

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Young Accountant Merchant Bank

Birmingham

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Our client, a major financial institution is about to develop a significant presence in the Midlands and from offices in Birmingham will provide a full range of Corporate Finance and Development Capital Services.

Reporting to its Director, the person appointed will join the business development team to support the other professional members and to work directly with clients.

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UK NEWS

Unions 'gaining most' from strike ballots

BY PHILIP BASSETT, LABOUR EDITOR

EMPLOYERS AND trade union of-ficials are increasingly seeing bal-lots on industrial action as a perma-nent part of negotiations – and it is mainly the unions which are secur-ing advantages from them, accord-ing to Acas, the Government-backed concliation service.

According to Acas to conclude that "on a number of occa-sions ballots have been used by trade unions to demonstrate the strength of feeling among their members in ways which some man-agements have found difficult to counter."

But other occasions have shown

Acas says in its annual report that 1986 saw a "considerable quickening of pace" in the use of ballots in industrial relations since the main piece of ballot legislation, the 1884 Trade Union Act, came into force.

But other occasions have shown that "nembers' support for officials' positions has been proved less forthright than had been claimed." Strike-free agreements, or 'new style' deals as Acas prefers to call them, are largely endorsed in the

By the end of the year, the service says that 246 bellots on strikes had taken place, of which 189 (77 per cent) resulted in a majority in favour of action, with 54 against (22 per cent) and three tied. Acas believes that turnouts in the bellots up new plants and offices, and are up new plants and offices, and are were generally high, at 75-85 per cent.

Significantly, though, in only 20 of the cases where a vote had gone in favour, did some form of industri-

Sterling's strength slows gains for industry

THE COMPETITIVE gains for industry after last year's sharp depreciation of the pound have been substantially eroded by sterling's recent strength and the underlying trend of unit cost performance, say City of London economists.

The economists, at securities house Alexanders, Laing and Cruickshank, say in a report that a further large devaluation of the pound is needed this year to prevent the economic upturn reversing.

The ment in unit cost performance compared with other countries. This improvement mostly reflects the proving while it has stagnated in West Germany and Japan.

The apparent gains in Britain are much smaller, if the comparison with other countries.

This improvement mostly reflects the past improvement mostly reflects the second formation of the pound is a securities.

The apparent gains in Britain are much smaller, if the comparison with other countries.

This improvement mostly reflects the past improvement mostly reflects the proving a part of the proving past in the past improvement mostly reflects the past imp

The prospects are for economic growth of only 2 per cent next year, even assuming a further 10 per cent depreciation against this year's rate

sterling's rise over the past two months, so that most of industry's 11 per cent gain in competitiveness last year will have vanished by

The prospects are for economic growth of only 2 per cent next year, even assuming a further 10 per cent depreciation against this year's rate of 3 per cent.

Assessments of Britain's relative competitive position have been clouded by unadjusted productivity figures showing a sharp improve-

Sunday paper launch disappoints

By Raymond Snoddy

BRITAIN'S new left-of-centre tab-loid, the News on Sunday (NoS), sold less than half its 1.5m print run

The newspaper, financed largely by trade unious and Labour-con-trolled local councils, sold 700,000 copies. Its planned regular circula-

Mr Nicholas Horsley, chairman of the NoS, said yesterday. We have a beach-head in the market

The newspaper's staff concede, however, that the launch sale had not been as good as they hoped. The main problem appears to have been a lack of public awareness that the paper was about to launch: only 13 per cent of the population said they knew about the birth of the paper, although, with prompting this per-

know about the paper bought it, and that sales were strong in the north of England, Scotland and London.

The paper is now launching an instant campaign on commercial local radio stations in England and Wales from today to try and rapidly increase awareness of the paper. For ty-second commercials are also be-ing taken off in favour of twice as

The NoS believes the 700,000 sale represents a core readership which can gradually be built on. However, the newspaper will be looking anxiously to see what happens to sales of its second issue.

● The Star newspaper announced yesterday it planned to launch a new daily paper, The Star of Scotland, to compete with Mr Robert Maxwell's Scotlish Daily Re-

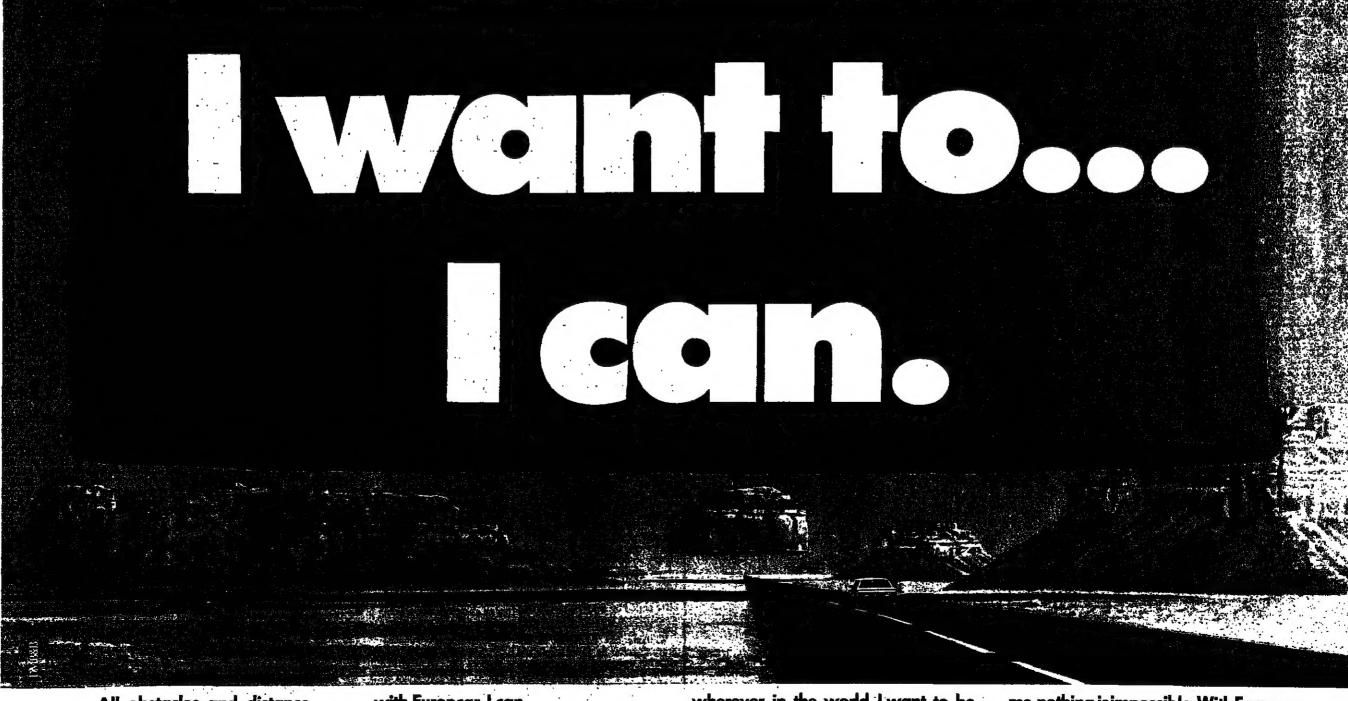
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Midland cuts cost of Access credit

By David Lascelles

THE COST of borrowing on bank credit cards is coming down. Midland Bank, a member of the Access card group, is reducing the monthly charge on credit card ac-count balances by % of a percentage

This is equivalent to a reduction in the effective annualised percentage rate (APR) from 26.8 per cent to 23.1 per cent. The change will

take effect on June 1. Lloyds Bank, also an Access group member, is expected to an-nounce a cut in its rate today, al-

though it will be slightly smaller, from 2 per cent to 1.8 per cent. NatWest, the third largest Access group member, said yesterday it had no immediate announcement on its card rates. Barclays, the largest card issuer in the UK with Barclaycard, said it was reviewing the

ever, makes an all-round out inevi-

The downward trend in the loan rate follows Tuesday's half-point cut in the banks' base leading rate. The cut will bring relief to hol-ders of the UK's 20m bank cards, with about £5bn outsTanding in bank credit card accounts, although it will also add further fuel to the

current consumer borrowing boom. The last cut in credit card rates occurred so long ago that bankers were unable yesterday to recall ex-actly when it was. The last change in rates was in mid-1985 when banks raised it from 1.75 per cent a

month to 2 per cent. ment politically for Mrs Margaret Thatcher, Prime Minister, as she s the timing of the next general election

Hugo Dixon writes: Midlend Bank is to launch a new current account incorporating several innova-tive features on May 11, in signifi-cant change to bank current ac-

The focus of the account, Vector, is a plastic card called Vector Card, which will almost eliminate the need for cheque books. It will op-erate much like a credit card-escept that transactions will be debited directly to the customer's account after a delay of a month.

Labour imposes suspension on black candidate

BY MICHAEL CASSELL, POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT

has prevented one of its black per-hamentary candidates from standing at the next general election.

Ms Sharon Atkins, a candidate in the Nottingham East constituency, point, from 2 per cent to 1% per in the East Midlands, was suspended by the party's national executive committee (NEC) pending an insectiontion into possible serian investigation into possible seri-ous breaches of the party's constitution. It follows alles publicly branded the Labour Party

> The leadership seems deter-mined to ensure that her position will not be resolved before an early

Ms Atkins is reported to have said at a meeting called to support the establishment of black sections within the party: "I do not give a damn about Neil Kinnock (Labour's eader) and a racist Labour party. She is also alleged to have claimed that she did not want to sit in parliament unless she could talk for

The committee was told yesterday that a replacement candidate for the seat had already been chosen and imposed on the Nottingham constituency party. He is the Mo-hammed Aslam, a 58-year old Not-tingham county councillor and Labour moderate who was runner-up to Ms Atkin at the time of her selec-

Mr Kinnock said before the NEC decision was made known that Lebour's cause would not be advanced

THE LABOUR Party leadership if candidates could call the party racist and get away with it.

After the NEC meeting, Mr Kinnock said: The candidate in question made statements of such a kurid nature, so offensive and inaccurate that we have to investigate the propriety of her being a candidate. Because of the imminence of the general election, we had to adopt another candidate".

The move in which Mr Kingock played the leading role, is being seen as swift purishment for Ms seen as swift punishment for his Atkins' remarks and as a pre-election warning to other candidates to toe the party line, particularly on black sections, which are not permitted. It is also hoped the decision will have a benefical impact on Labour's electoral chances in and around Nottingham.

Mr Madhay Patil, a spokesman for the black sections movemen said the black community would be saddened by the decision as Ms Atkin was a very side castidate Blacks would still vote Labour however, as they bed no eltern

livespecies Labour group, who ses-terday appeared before the NEC in his capacity as a solicitor on behalf of Ms Atkin, said the had music-cessioly cought a 14-day adjourn-ment of the hearing. He said her re-marks had been taken out of coptext and that she retained her full doyalty to the perty.

Trade switch warning

ANY DIVERSION of Japanese goods to the European Community resulting from discriminatory taiffs imposed by the US would lead to retaliatory action within two or three weeks, Mr Paul Channon, Trade and Industry Secretary, seld the House of Commons yesterd elle-said that enverte sures would be imposed by the Community and not by individual

that when he meets Mr Hajima Tamura, the Japanese Trade and Industry Minister, in London today he will underline the strength of feeling about the next for Japan to spen up its markets to a greatly ex-punded range of firstlish aspects. He identified the burriers placed against Scotch whisky exports as one of the specific issues to be dis-

Chernobyl operators 'flouted rale book'

UK NEWS

By David Fishlock, Science Editor

SO MANY rules were flouted by So viet nuclear reactor operators at Chernobyl that it must have been regular practice, a major British study of the Chernobyl ancien explosion has coucleded.

The report, by a team repretry, says it is not credible "that this the one and only time on which they behaved in this man-ner." The explosion occurred because of design shortcomings which led to an instability so severe that it of the district between of the blura: reactor's automatic control sods.

The main design shortcomin were characteristics which ma the reactor intrinsically unstabl below 20 per cent power, and auto matic sintitions system that func-tioned too slowly, and no physical controls that prevented operators running it in an unstable condition

The report says some points of is now understood why the accident happened, what happened, and how it should have been prevented. As a sesult "it seems certain that a Ghernobyl-type accident could not kappen in the UK." Five reasons are given for this

British safety rules require reac

tor designs having intrinsic charac-teristics that provide inherent pro-The natural defences are supple

The natural defences are supplemented by engineered features to prevent, limit, terminate and mitigate any fanits;

If the operator errs, the system will shut itself down;

UK operators are highly educated and trained, not just for routine operations but to come with the uncertainty. erations but to cope with the unex

 All nuclear operations are over seen by an independent Nuclear In-stallations Inspectorate (NII) with the authority to shut down any li-

Mr Eddie Ryder, chief nuclear in spector, said the NII had not partici-peted in the report, which drew its National Nuclear Corporation.

The Chernobyl Accident and it Consequences, HMSO, £14.00.

WAY CLEARED FOR LEGAL PROCEEDINGS AGAINST NEWSPAPER'S Contempt action to go ahead

BY RAYMOND HUGHES, LAW COURTS CORRESPONDENT

THREE NEWSPAPERS were guilty of contempt of court in publishing details of an alleged plot by MIS (counter-intelligence service) offi-cers to destabilise the Labour Govelament in 1974, the Attorney-General, Sir Michael Havers, claimed in the London High Court yesterday.

'Sir Michael was given permission to start contempt proceedings against the Independent, the Lon-don Evening Standard and the Lonilon Daily News, and their editors, over their publication on Monday of strameries and extracts from parts of "Spycatcher," the book by Mr. Peter Wright, a former MI5 officer, which the UK Government is trying to stop being published in Austral-

if contempt is proved the newspa-pers could face substantial fines and their editors could be jailed. Mr John Laws, for the Attorney-General, told the court that last Ju-dy the Court of Appeal had upheld testposery High Court injunctions stopping the Guardian and Observer newspapers further publishing Mr Wright's allegations.

That case, which was due to go on final appeal to the Law Lords on June 15, had involved extended ar-

The specific puriods of the in-junctions had been to preserve the educations and been to preserve the educations of the control of the contr conflicted of circlescal attributed to Mr Wright could the Makther was thi-ly sould the Circles and

Montay's articles in the little dent the headen fivening Statilard and the Landon Daily News engreetly and directly insured that sources in the elektric possible

The three newspapers had in effect, "the files that their judgment upon what the public interest termines how and other wind it the Gundam had Observer increasings, but now a house he substituted for the comments of the substitute of the comments of the substitute ed for, orangeral over, or run are rivel to, the judgments of the High Gourt judge and the Court of Appeal upon this very same issue of the belance of judic interest. Mr. Laws said.

Since the strictes did, or, at the very least, singularly did, the data-age that the injunctions were deady argusty contemptuous: "If parties through the acts which dearly will through the other's intelliging in this which that, he a printing in this which that, he a

Although the Independent and the London Daily News had not started publishing when the Appen Court's orders were made there was ample evidence that they must have knows about them.

The three shwapagest, Mr Laws said, Tasse highlaid the processes of the your, and that rates be a con-

Mr Laws said that on Totally to Countilist's substitute had indiwhich is abstract to week to dis-charge the inference against a fin the fight of troubs, and it was un-depended that the Observer would be indicing the sche stylication.
Thir, said the Laws, could say be as a result of Monday's articles.

Mr Gharles feray, QC, for the londer Daily News and its suitor, esked that the containpt proceedings be tried as soon as possible. He said the absorber was not interested in publishing goughts official secrets or legitimate confidential in-

But the articles complained of moused on the auprossed plot to en-

sion and matter of commissions, is con untithesis of what the Sections se views are supposed to be doing that it is very difficult to see how there can be any obligation of confiden-

Sility." The London Daily News, Mr Gray said, was concerned that the con-tempt proceedings would inhibit it from publishing matters of public interest raised by Mr Wright's memoirs, such as the Government's appeal, due to be heard in New South Wates, Australia on July 27.

Miss Adrienne Page, for the Inde-pendent, Endorsed Mr Gray's re-quest for an early hearing, subject to the newspaper being given suffi-tient time to prepare its defence.

The London Evening Standard was not represented.

Lord Justice Watkins said the matric would be heard "as soon as practicable."

The hadependent is bound by an understaking it gave to the court on Mindsy not to publish further ma-terial from Mr Wright's book. The undertaking was given in proceed-ings started ogainst die Independient by Heinenstein Publishers Australia, Mr Wright's publishers, alleging breach of confidence and infringement of copyright.

meet court

deadline

Minister calls for drive to raise Ward and level of management education Saunders

BY MICHAEL SKAPINKER

LORD YOUNG, employment secretary, yesterday called on chief executives to lead a crusade for the core. Se said that it management improvement of management edution and development in Britain. He was speaking after publication of two reports which said Britain needed to increase substantially the quantity and quality of its manage-

Lord Young told a conference on Enterprise Success and Jobs orga-nised by the National Economic Development Council and the Financial Times, that if industry gave its support the Government would rered with practical measures.

He said that with Mr Kenneth is the district in the distric Baker, Education Secretary, he was investigating the initiation of new programme to ensure that those ob-taining higher qualifications in any subject also had the opportunity to acquire management skills.

He added that the Manpower Services Commission (MSC), which administers the Government's employment programme, would look at the possibility of funding experi-ments in management education, with business schools and universities, colleges of further and higher education and private sector providers. The MSC would also review management education and train-ing opportunities for existing managers to see what obvious gaps were and how these could be filled. Pratt and Whitney group, said that apart from maintaining the profita-bility of their business, manage-

bour. Prof Charles Haudy of the London Business School, the author of one of the reports on mans development, said that his team saw nothing in competitor countries which did not also exist somewhere in Britain. There were British companies with high standards of management development. There were simply not enough of them. He said

lar. On the other hand, labour

soon pick up again.

where the thick had to take to the think to take to the think the total to take to the take to take to

ment had a duty to perpetuate riser by identifying and training successors. He said that it management hid not do so it would cease to be a viable institution. Prais and Whitney afterinted to identify managerial candidates early in their careers and put them through alarmed reserrances of work experience. Signs of the Arthurs, the Crisks group, the life Arthurs group, the life Arthurs with a second of the Arthurs with a second of the Arthurs of their desirings with a second of the Arthurs of their desirings with a second of the Arthurs of their desirings with a second of the Arthurs of the A ment on as wes.

The backed Therefore, Separty of lings Court unders the street of their design of the street of the street of their design of the street of the str

some device - such as preferential tax treatment of training costs - to reduce the injustice and imbalance

of the cost burden.
Mr Bryan Nichelsen, chairman of the MSC, said that by 1993 Britain the MSC, said that by 150.

would have 30 per cent fewer young people entering the work force.

This meant that it was vital to begin equipping them with business and technical skills and particularly to increase the training of young wondincrease and the train mg opportunities for existing manng opportunities

in the development of their people in their corporate phase, in the work companies which be deminerated by the two men had every affidavits, copies of which had been lodged with the court and given to Guingastic the winds in the state of the court and given to Guingastic the winds in the state of the court and given to Guingastic the winds which invested his first which was a wind in the court and given to Guingastic the winds of the property which is a time the court and given to Guingastic the winds the court and given to Guingastic the winds the winds the court and given to Guingastic the court and giv

paid £5.2m could not have been law-fully made. Mr Ward's solicitors, Calow Eas-

ton, also said yesterday that other orders made against him had either been complied with or were in the

other information he had about the £5.2m and to identify his assets in the UK.

Mr Ward was ordered to swear an affidavit disclosing all his dealings in the £5.2m since it was paid to him via Marketing and Acquisition Consultants, a Jersey company, in

May last year.
Guinness and its lawyers will now study the affidavits to satisfy themselves that Mr Saunders and Mr Ward have given the fullest possible disclosure as required by the court. If the company is not so satisfied it is likely to return to court and complain that the two men have not fully obeyed the orders. The disclosure orders were among a number made by the Vice-

Chancellor when he ruled that the alleged agreement could not have been lawfully made because it had not been disclosed to the full Guinness board as required under the Companies Act and Guinness's Arti-

The judge continued, until full trial of the action, temporary orders made last month freezing Mr Saun-ders' and Mr Ward's UK assets up

As well as the lateness of Easter,

He could not identify any sectors which had done particularly well or badly. Consortium members had been surprisingly shy in their re-

sponses to his monthly inquiries. However, Easter was normally a particularly busy time for the fashion and footwear business. Mr Welr expected this seasonal surge to show through in the current month's figures, especially since the weather had been so favourable

around the holiday weekend The official figures confirm the findings of the latest distributive trades survey carried out by the Financial Times and the Confederation of British Industry.

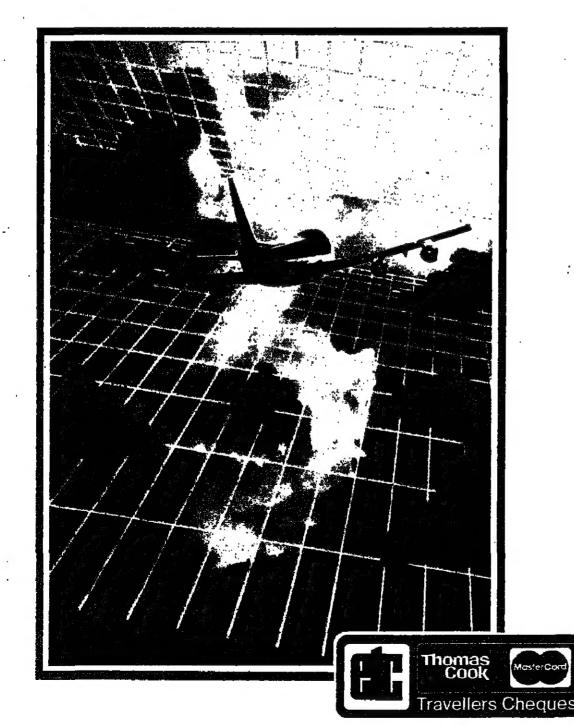
March sales had failed to live up to expectations, although clothing, do-it-yourself, hardware and china retailers reported the best results. would be proved.

He said that Mr Ward had no de-fence to Guinness's claim to the £5.2m, and that he was satisfied that, in the absence of a freezing order, there was a real risk that Mr Saunders would transfer his assets abroad or otherwise dissipate them. Mr Ward was ordered to transfer

into a dollar account in London in the name of his English solicitors the \$2,002m he claims is the balance of the £5.2m in his hands; to ssign to the solicitors a \$100,000 loan and a \$320,000 investment made out of the £5.2m, and all other property under his control repre-senting the £5.2m; and to transfer to the solicitors his right to recover \$4.7m of the £5.2m paid in US taxes. Mr Ward was also ordered to place in a separate account in his solicitors' name the \$25,000 he received from the sale of 5.000 Guinness shares in the US.

His solicitors, Calow Easton, said yesterday that those orders had all been complied with or were in the process of being complied with.

The orders were made to pre-serve the £5.2m pending full trial of Guinness's action and Sir Nicolas said in his judgment that he was not expressing any view on whether the company's allegations against Mr Saunders and Mr Ward which they strenuously denied -



FOR A WARMER WELCOME WORLDWIDE

THE RIGHT CHOICE

Consumer spending falls 1.2% in March

BY PHILIP STEPHENS, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

By Clay Harris

for Norcros

Williams fails

in £570m bid

WILLIAMS HOLDINGS, the fastgrowing industrial conglomerate, yesterday suffered its first outright defeat in a contested takeover bid when its £570m offer for Norcros narrowly failed. When the bid expired yesterday

afternoon, Williams owned, or had received acceptances for, 48 per cent of the larger company's shares. The battle ended amid exchanges of the type seen throughout the bid: about the merits of Norcros's manment of its diversified interests in building products, retailing, printing and property development.

.Mr Ken Roberts, Norcros chair-man, said Williams had miscalculated: "They really believed what they said about us, that we were a tired, worn-out management, and they found out that we're not." But Mr McGowan, Williams chief xecutive, maintained: "Some insti-

agement performance was not quite bad enough for them to accept our The narrow defeat raises qu tions about two aspects of the Williams bid: its decision to cut short the offer period by nearly a month and its insistence that its first offer was

utious told us that Norcros's man-

Williams lost flexibility to improve the offer by, for example, not allowing accepting shareholders to retain Williams, final dividend. This would have made the bid more attractive to income funds which, under its actual terms, faced a ninemonth gap without dividends.

Mr McGowan agreed that future

raged from making one-shot offers. Williams has seen its market cap italisation grow from less than £500,000 to £350m in the six years since Mr Nigel Rudd and Mr Hrian McGowan took control.

bidders were likely to be discon-

 Williams shares lost 25p yester day to close at 742p. Norcros recovered from a sharp fall after the resuit was announced but still closed



ing over the past few months has been complicated by a number of and the timing of Easter. The DTI's decision to rebase its index to take body, described the figures as "slightly depressing." However, he stressed, that sales had grown and into account more detailed information on spending patterns may also have blurred the month-to-month "we have not actually gone back-

factors, including the tax cuts announced in the Budget, and lower
mortgage rates, are expected to
effect, as the cold had done in Janucontribute to a upturn in spending.

sry. The latest figures could, however,

Over the next few months several

be an early sign of a slowing in the consumer boom, reflecting the fact that higher inflation is curbing real earnings growth. Taking the last three months together, the latest figures show that sales were 5 per cent higher than in

the corresponding period a year earlier, although 1 per cent lower than in the previous three months. The rebased index stood at 125.5 (1980-100) in March, against 127.0 in February.

Christopher Parkes writes: Retailers appeared puzzled by the dip, but they agreed that sales were prob-ably affected by the lateness of Eas-ter, which fell in March in 1986 and April this year.

Mr Richard Weir, director general of the Retail Consortium, the

المكذاصم اللصل

meet con

Restoration of normal profitable trading in all sectors of the diamond industry

Extracts from Julian Olgivie Thompson's Statement for 1986

1986 saw the restoration of normal, profitable trading in all sectors of the diamond industry—a development that had a collective significance too, in that it confirmed the fundamental soundness of the diamond business and its structure, and demonstrated once more the effectiveness of De Beers' centralised selling system.

Total sales of rough diamonds by the Central Selling Organisation rose by 40 per cent to US \$2,557 million. During the year the CSO came to sell all qualities and sizes of rough diamonds, so that for the first time for many years demand for rough diamonds from the CSO was back in balance with current production available from its many sources around the world. In fact there was a reduction in our stocks caused by a small build-up in the cutting centres from an exceptionally low base and to service greater consumer demand.

Higher diamond jewellery sales

World retail sales of diamond jewellery attained yet another record and there was an encouraging increase in demand for better quality diamonds of a carat or more, especially in Japan. Sales in the United States grew by some 10 per cent and there were satisfactory increases in each of the other major markets. In part this was the expected result of the substantial fall in the dollar, the currency in which rough and polished diamonds are effectively priced. This fall complicates calculation of the increase in world sales but our estimate is 14 per cent, which by any standards is substantial. It is pleasing to note that there has been no undue increase in the utilisation of bank finance in the cutting centres, the higher turnover being largely financed with the industry's own funds.

There is a mood of confidence in the cutting centres and in the retail trade which augurs well for 1987, given no unforeseen developments, the anticipated growth in the world economy, and continued co-operation by producers. Demand at the first three sights has remained buoyant, though the movement of this off-take of rough diamonds through the pipeline into retail sales will have to be carefully assessed.

Group results for the year were good, notwithstanding the higher rand/dollar exchange rate at the year end.

Expressed in dollars at the year-end exchange rates, earnings before retained profits rose by 38 per cent to \$349 million or \$0.97 a share and, including retained profits, by 31 per cent to \$527 million or \$1.46 a share.

Record dividend

Total dividends on the deferred shares were increased by 45 per cent to a record 80 cents a share. The dividend was 2.6 times covered by earnings, compared with 3.3 times the previous year.

Group diamond stocks, at \$1,847 million were \$51 million lower than the previous year. Our stockpile is soundly and adequately financed and we remain entirely willing to carry large stocks to ensure — in the interests of the whole industry — that unsound trading and speculation does not arise again as it did in the late seventies.

Our Industrial Division had another satisfactory year with total sales reaching a new high and profits in dollar terms marginally ahead of 1985. Sales of natural diamond were again disappointing, owing to a further decline in oil and base-metal exploration. Synthetic grit sales increased in all major categories and more than compensated for the fall in natural diamond products.

The Diamond Research Laboratory continues to be active in its major lines of research: the investigation and development of products which will permit natural and synthetic diamond and diamond-related materials to enter new fields of application, and the steady improvement and, more especially, enlargement of high-pressure equipment for synthetic diamond production.

Production from De Beers' mines and Debswana, which De Beers holds in equal partnership with the Government of Botswana, was 3 per cent higher at 23,945,000 carats.

We have maintained the scale of our worldwide prospecting programme. The latest viability study of the Venetia pipes in the northern Transvaal has shown that they are not economic ownership scheme. Regrettably this still has to be done within the constraints of the Group Areas Act. Our objective is that all South African employees should be free to choose between living with their families in their own or rented homes, or singly in hostels. We will need Government co-operation in the proclamation of land and the provision of the necessary community infrastructures.

In the context of mitigating the effects of an inferior educational system, it is encouraging that greater success is being achieved with the Pre-University Bursary Scheme for prospective black undergraduates, which is run jointly with Anglo American Corporation. The purpose of this scheme, in line with our policy of merit-based

was encouraged in part by rising political expectations among blacks and the attitude of excitable people in the international community and the media.

The ill-starred and simplistic approach of the Eminent Persons Group, which appeared to see South Africa's problems solely in terms of the African National Congress and the South African Government, was followed on the one hand by attacks on ANC bases in neighbouring territories and the re-imposition of the State of Emergency, and on the other by the introduction of further sanctions by the United States and the European community. In the aftermath the report of the President's Council on the Group Areas Act, which many had expected to be the next major item of reform, was shelved, and the important and innovative proposals of the widely representative Indaba for a multi-racial constitution for the KwaZulu/Natal region appear effectively to have been rejected by the Government. To my mind there is no question that it was the adoption of more punitive sanctions by Western nations that caused the Government to call a halt to reform initiatives, a decision that in turn impeded the nascent recovery in the South African economy. Proponents of sanctions, however, prefer not to see that in South Africa economic recovery and political reform are like Siamese twins: neither can flourish without the

Abolition of apartheid

Campaigning for the election to be held in May for the White Chamber of Parliament suggests that a larger section of the electorate than had generally been expected has swung to the view — which we have long advocated — that Government must press ahead with the abolition of the remaining vestiges of apartheid in order that negotiations without pre-conditions — other than a cessation of violence - can begin on a constitution that will enable all South Africans to participate fairly and fully in the political process, that offers equal economic opportunity to all, and has an entrenched Bill of Rights. We must hope that the election will show that this view now has such an influential measure of support among white voters that it will materially facilitate and accelerate reform.

Diamond Congress

Last July a number of my colleagues and I attended part of the 23rd World Diamond Congress of diamond bourses and manufacturers in Tel Aviv, where we were able to renew old acquaintances with many of the leading personalities and meet the younger generation in the diamond business, all of whom had played their part in bringing the industry through its most difficult period for 50 years. It was appropriate that the congress should have been held in Israel which was the first centre to be hit, and perhaps the hardest hit, by the depression, and whose ingenuity contributed so much to the subsequent recovery. Israel and the other cutting centres, as well as the producers, may be sure that all of us in De Beers and the CSO will continue to play our full part in the maintenance of prosperity in the diamond business.



Over 40 countries are involved with the mining and polishing of diamonds throughout the world.

under current assumptions as to revenue, capital, infrastructure and working costs, and taxation capital allowance base. We have approached the authorities on those matters which they can influence. We shall do all we can to turn this important discovery to account as soon as possible.

CDM finances 33 per cent of the prospecting work by Anglo American Corporation in Namibia, which in 1984 led to the discovery of a gold deposit on the farm Navachab, north-west of Windhoek. It is hoped that the feasibility study currently in progress will prove a small mine to be viable.

Equal opportunities for employees

The Company continues to strive for equal opportunity for all its employees and to ameliorate, as far as lies within its power, the disadvantages that flow from the existence over the years of discriminatory legislation. The abolition of statutory job reservation in the mining industry, which we have urged for many years, has again been delayed by the Government. However, following the repeal of influx control, our South African mines are urgently planning a major expansion of the Company's home-

manning, is to help black graduates to qualify for management positions in the Group. We continue our substantial in-service training and educational schemes, and through The Anglo American and De Beers Chairman's Fund to finance and facilitate major education and technical training projects in southern Africa. While the Fund concentrates its resources on education, in one way or another it is involved in the betterment of virtually every aspect of South African society, and its new commitments in 1986 exceeded R53 million.

Last year I noted that the Government had announced and was in the process of implementing a number of reforms, and indeed its abolition of certain restrictions on black people constituted a significant movement toward greater racial equity which has materially eased their daily lives. These changes, however, were but part of the necessary process of paving the way for properly representative negotiations on the country's constitutional future. I had hoped that further initiatives would soon follow but that, alas, was not to be.

Unfortunately the process of change became seriously inhibited by the growing unrest, which

The full Chairman's Statement is contained in the Annual Report of the Company for the year ended 31st December 1986 which was posted to registered Shareholders on 29th April 1987.

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The company's continuing growth has created the need to strengthen the Finance function through the appointment of a high calibre young accountant who will take immediate responsibility for a department of twelve and who, in the long term, must be capable of moving into a more senior role.

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who have two or more years post qualifying experience in a fast moving industrial or service

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Rural Hampshire

14.

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2. 2.

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Applications are forwarded to the client concerned, therefore companies in which you are not interested should be listed in a covering letter.



For the second year in succession, Dance Theatre of Hariem's New York season has taken place not in midtown Manhattan but closer to home, at Aaron Davis Hall of City College, at 134th Street. These seasons have been given under the rubric "Harlem Homecoming," and have attracted an en-thusiastic neighbourhood audience. In response to this wel-come, the company has been dancing at top form, though at times the dancers looks a little cramped on a stage much smaller than those of the London Coliseum or the Metro-politan Opera House, where they have performed previously. The first act of Giselle looked especially confined, with needed space taken up by scenery and

The programmes included the company's first New York performance of Jerome Robbins's Fancy Free, a worth-while acquisition even though while acquisition even though two other New York companies dance it. In the DTH production, staged by Sara Leland, the re-lationships of the three sailors and the women they try to pick up are freshly and sweetly imagined. The ballet regained a quality of innocence it has lost at American Ballet Theatre and never had at New York lost at American Ballet Theatre and never had at New York City Ballet (except in the per-formance of the late Joseph Duell), and the dancers— Donald Williams, Cubic Burke, Tyrone Brooks, Charmaine Hunter, Christina Johnson, and

ntant

Countant

.24

ning an ambitious, evening-length work in collaboration with Billy Wilson on the subject of the history of the Afro-American race. Part of this was presented as a work in progre Phoenix Rising, Part I: The Birth. The aspiration — to create a ballet inspired by the life of the Reverend Martin Luther King — is noble. The result, so far, looks like another of DTH's pseudo-ethnic numerical parts. result, so far, looks like another of DTH's pseudo-ethnic numbers, such as Geoffrey Holder's Dougla. Because the choreography this time is by Mitchell and Wilson, there are more steps than in Holder's ballets; on the other hand, because the plece is designed by Holder, it certainly looks elegant. The company dance it with all their usual conviction, Final judgement, clearly must await the completion of the whole work.

The other new work of the season was a fully achieved, strikingly original ballet by Garth Fagan, his first for a company other than his own Bucket Dance Theatre and his first, I think, to use ballet technique, Footprints Dressed in Red, which had its premiere in Florence last summer, is one of a series of commissions by the a series of commissions by the National Choreography Project, which has paired modern dance choreographers with ballet com-

Theara Ward — showed their panies in an attempt to make up ability as dramatic artists in for the lack of choreographic their portrayals of distinctive talent within those companies. I like Merce Cunningham,

Arthur Mitchell, the artistic director, is known to be planning an ambitious, evening- (or "post-modern") choreographers who have made work for ballet dancers, Fagan is interested, among other things, in virtuosity, and in exploring the enlarged possibilities for it available in a ballet company.

He certainly appears to be at home in what is for him a new vocabulary, making arresting dance phrases that re-order without violating classic ballet syntax. He links steps in unconventional ways, elminating the usual transitions. The Har-lem company tends to dance Balanchine at a more relaxed tempo than City Ballet, so that the steps lose some of their sharpness. Fagan, driving the dancers

to the insistent rhythms of an exciting score—John Adams's "Grand Planola Music"—chal-"Grand Pianola Music"—challenges them to take risks of speed, balance, and elevation. Led by Christina Johnson, Virginia Johnson, Lorraine Graves, Donald Williams, Eddie Shellman, and Lowell Smith, they have never looked more proud and exultant than in this demanding, beautiful choreography made for them, for their bodies and their personalities. They look gorgeous, too, in Giovanna Ferragamo's bold and beautifully cut costumes, which beautifully cut costumes, which leave one leg and one arm bare.



Lowell Smith and Lorraine Graves in " Footprints Dressed in Red"

weaknesses in the piece—too many passages for three of four couples all doing the same thing, which is never interesting, too many lateral or diagonal crosses by single dancers. But these are minor flaws, forgotten

(The title notwithstanding, the costumes are in blue and purple.)

There are a few structural weaknesses in the piece—too many passages for three of four and for Carl Jonassaint, the complex all delay the same company's extraordinary tal-ented young danseur. It is not so much a conclusion as the opening up of a whole range of new possibilities.

Up on the Roof/Donmar Warehouse

Martin Hoyle

David Blight's design for the pening of this Merrily We Roll Along of Hull graduates, 1975 vintage, is the most successful of his three sets. The slanted roof and skylight give on to the parapet where the five friends toast the future, promise to meet in 10 years' time whatever happens and get excited about the possibility of a recording contract. For they launch into a cappella and doc-wop (not to mention bongchop) numbers at the drop of an in-loke. And in-jokes there are in abundance with this close affectionate group, collapsing into a consoling, cuddling scrum at the cry of "sad pile!" or yelling "only joking!" com-plete with enhalistic signs as an updated (classicists please note) version of "pax."

Their leader is Scott (Mark McGam, in what appear to be harmfully tight jeans). His devoted Bryony, her first-class degree in art improbably backed up by mystifying exclamations at the "Rubenesque night" as she gazes skywards, tearsway Keith in his Womble suit, Tim (Michael Mueller) and dumpy, vulner-Mueller) and dumpy, vulnerable Angela (touchingly dowdy in Beverley Hills's performance) complete the band. The dialogue, by co-directors Simon Moore and Jane Prowse, developed from improvisations with the cast, is affectionate, rambling and slightly too dependent on shared recollection among the characters as well as the audience ("Do you remember when Keith took acid at the freshers' ball?"). Here, as in the last act, the traps of blandness and cosiness are not ness and coainess are not

Five years later, they are re-united for Bryony's wedding, not to Scott, who deserted her and has failed in his music career, but to balding, trendy art expert Gavin. Tim, evi-

dently exploiting his resemblance to Bamber Gascoigne, presents children's television shows; plodding Angela has discovered self-confidence through EST and earnestly demands of the embittered and desperate Scott, "Do you sincerely want to be happy?" Keith sports an Australian accent that Crocodile Dundee would consider excessive.

The confrontation between ex-The confrontation between exlovers Bryony and Scott triggers some of the evening's best
acting as his self-pity and her
old resentment underline their
uncertain raking through the
embers. "It does not matter
now," she assures him solemnly,
obviously repressing grief and
fury. Their eyes meet as the
group sing one of their old
love numbers; and the tension
between Mr McGann (sometimes unassvingly like John)

Lennon) and Felicity Mon-tagu's Bryony, torn by panic, love and hope, is electric. Miss Montagu is one of our most consistently excellent young actresses; one of that tiny number (Alison Steadman is another) who can change their whole physical appearance and be unrecognisable not just from play to play but, as here, from play to play but, as here, from act to act.

act to act.

The acting is uniformly good, Gary Olsen's vigorous Keith, a cheerfully philistine entrepreneur with an undeniable streak of shrewdness, especially so. The church hall setting of Act 2 caused some movement in the side seats for the awkward sightlines of its end stage. If the amiably leisured pace could be tightened up the play would be not merely likeable but touching.



Mark McGann, Felicity Montagu and Gary Olsen

The Siege of Rochelle

"Sunny Balfe," the Dublin boy was Britain's most success-ful opera composer until the coming of Benjamin Britten. coming of Benjamin Britten. He played the violin, conducted and was a baritone singer good enough to partner Malibran. He wrote 29 operas for Italy, Paris and London. He was a pupil of Cherubini and a protégé of Rossini. Good things feil into his lap. Little remains of all this now, except folk-memories of The Bohemion Girl. Otherwise, he is remembered only by festivals and enterprising French companies. That much he deserves, as the John Lewis Partnership Music Society indicated with thair revival on Tuesday in their auditorium of his first great success, The his first great success, The Siege of Rochelle, first given at Drury Lane in 1835.

He does not perhaps, deserve much more. Balfe wrote easily and agreeably. His tunes still please, even when he sets the words so that they are inaudible, or, if andible, ridiculous. His heart, this early opera suggests, was in the strophic songs or ballads (like the "couplets" of the French comic opera com-posers but not so varied or so deft). Concerted numbers are perfunctory by comparison. The first act finale in The Siege is a stunted thing.

Success came too easily and too early to this charmer. It too early to this charmer. It would, however, have taken a stronger man to rise above the terrible mediocrity of the English theatre in the 1830s and 1840s, when there were many eminent players but virtually nothing, apart from mutilated classics, for them to play. (Spoken drama and opera mingled freely in those days.) A composer like Balfe desperately needed a librettist like Scribe, but the English equivalent was Edward Fitzball, whose melodramatics sent the melodramatics sent the audience at John Lewis into understandable peals of laughter.

The action, which concerns a girl falsely approach of murders.

The action, which concerns a the 1950s.

girl falsely accused of murdering a child killed by her ceeds will go to the Museum of wicked foster-father (her true the Moving Image (MOMI).

Ronald Crichton

perentage is, of course, noble), was updated by producer Chris Nowell and designer Chris Cowell to the First World War. Whether this was intended to disguise or emphasise the unreality and absudity, it was hard to decide. Fitzball's tushery (spoken with creditable gusto) fell oddy from the lips of nurses and French officers in braided cape. The uniforms did not help identi-fication of the male principals fication of the male principals.

The performance, conducted
by Derek Carden (the scoring
is colourful), had the usual
John Lewis confidence and
liveliness, Baife needs real
singing and, for the most part,
he got it, Maria Bovino sang
the suffering heroine, Clara,
with distinct promise. David
Flint was her faithful admirer,
Velmour, As the second couple, Valmour, As the second couple, Marcella and Michel, who helped to unravel the dark deeds, Caroline Friend and Noel Mann made much of the score's sparkier moments. This seems to me the right way to

Of the works on offer in Tuesday's opening programme, none provided me with any dynamic rewards. At best there was the fascination of bodies impersonating Wonders of the do an opera of this kind, worth an occasional airing but not railing for grand treatment. Further performances Friday

70 mm celebration— Giant Screen Extravaganza

and Saturday.

To mark the 20th anniversary of Britain's largest commercial ninema screen, the Marble Arch Odeon is to show excerpts from the best of the big screen epics made in 70mm film next Sunday (May 3) at 11.00 am, for one parformance only.

formance only.

The most unusual is This Is Todd-Ao, a dramatic showcase for the special effects 70mm film is capable of, in a programme confaining some of the finest examples of wide screen photography from epics like El Cid to some of the great municals of the 1950s.

Madam Butterfly/Glasgow

to evoke a spare oriental dramatic poetry that is no less poig-nant for being veined with

Max Lopport

tempered steel.

sympathy.

In June 1962 Scottish Opera came into existence with a production of Madam Butterfly conducted by Alexander Gibson. Since that time the progress of the company has seen triumph followed, more recently, by an imfair share of both artistic and financial uncertainty. The new Butterfly that opened on Tuesday at the Theatre Royal, Glasgow, marks three important events—the company's silver the way the modern clichés of the latest Butterfly productions are avoided, and yet all the socially critical insights (which those productions heavily under-line) that Puccini originally in-tended are allowed to emerge with the most trenchant subt-lety. It is no over-simplification to say that a woman producer jubilee, the farewell appearance of Sir Alexander as music direc-tor, and the first operatic pro-duction by the Spanish theatre director Nuria Espert. The triumph of the performance, a superbly strong, fine-tuned piece of music theatre, must encourage fair hopes that, artistically at least, the company is once again a positive force in British opera.

Espert takes the text—the familiar final version of the opera, not (I slightly regret) the longer, undiluted original and plays the drama entirely from within it. Innovations, such as the gentle shift of period forward to the 1920s or the ironic re-phrasing of the ending, seem to spring from an elementally fresh and natural feeling for the work as it is, not as the producer wants it

Perhaps the most important fresh detail is created by the fresh detail is created by the regular designer of Strehler and Espert herself, Exio Frigerio, who once again proves himself one of the few great visual artists of the modern theatre. The house on the Nagasaki Hill is not a quaint paper doll's house; Cio-Cio-San occupies the ground floor of a stacked-up tenement, open to the light and sea air but also pieced together with rusted pieced together with rusted corrugated iron. Poverty, the constant light tread of watch-ful neighbours on upper land-

ings, and the prominent posi-tion of a single wisteria tree— in flower in Act 1, bare-branched thereafter—combine to create an indelible new image of oriental suffering, graceful and fearful, strong yet cruelly deluded, a victim of a social pattern yet able to rise above it with heroic selfdestructiveness. By conventional Italian opera standards the fluttery quality of the voice and its intermittent constric-The genius of this whole production is to be discerned in the way the modern cliches of tions at the top should prove limitations; a singer so com-pletely inside the music and the role must always triumph over technical frailties.

The rest of the cast, while inevitably less centrally placed, fit with the same dexterity into the total vision. Norman Bailey's grizzled American consul is one of his very best parts; Anne-Marie Owens' Suzuki likewise. Incistve sketches of Corn (Nell Territor) lety. It is no over-simplification to say that a woman producer of this opera has been able to peer deeply into its core.

The themes of the power of male money to buy and then destroy female beauty, of the shut-in quality of Butterfly's vigil and the peculiar obsessive energy of her persistence in it—these run through the performance with the fleetness of oucksilver and the strength of Suzuki likewise. Incisive sketches of Goro (Neil Jenkins), the Bonze (John Tranter) and Kate Pinkerton (Clare Shearer) must be singled out; the whole must be singled out; the whole cast is without weakness. Perhaps the Pinkerton of the Finnish tenor Seppo Ruohonen suffers a relative lack of definition, though the effect is in fact to add another delicately charged irony. His singing is not Mediterranean in accent but it is well-schooled, free and skilloul. quicksilver and the strength of The sheer rightness and fluency of the stagecraft on show Tuesday were unforget-table, all the more so because of the passionate honesty that

After some recent disappointments, the return of Alexander Gibson to his very finest Gibson to his very finest operatic form is cause for cheering. His conducting of this work has ideal lightness and buoyancy. The music and drama run together without ever being artificially juiced up or squeezed out; ensemble is not always tight, but the textures breathe (the running of the humming chorus into the inter-The distinctness of the central character indicates a perween the director and a young but already experienced leading soprano. The domination of Yoko Watanabe (a recent Covent Garden Butterfly) is total: the perception of the character goes beyond superficial national advantages humming chorus into the inter iude is a liberty that proves very successful in context). This Scottish Opera Butterfly must surely be counted one of the year's operatic highlights.

Pilobolus/Sadler's Wells

has engendered it. As a piece of operatic theatre this new

Butterfly is fit to rank with Peter Stein's Otello for Wales:

in both, tradition has been renewed by profound human

marvellous meeting of minds between the director and a

Clement Crisp

Pilobolus, returned to Sadier's Wells for a two week season, is described as "dance theatre." Though one may accept the fact that what happens behind the proscenium arch is generally considered to be theatre, the use of the word dance seems to me, even after dance seems to me, even after all these Pilobolus years, to be begging a great many questions. As gymnasts and mimes the As gymnasts and mimes the troupe has carved out its particular identity, but the rolling about and threshing and congealing of bodies seems more related to acrobatics than to choreography.

Ocean Bed: in Bonsol four of the troupe behaved like a sea nemons; in Presidopodio and Ocellus, eel-like contortions kept their casts in the sort of contact permissible only with the closest of friends. It is all extravagantly anatomical, and archibit man for de their probably more fun to do than to watch.

Of the more directly theatrical pieces, Can't Get Started finds boy meeting bobby-soxer, and is slight to a point of emaclation. More ambitious, and I found offensive, a Stabat Mater (set to a trio of Vivaldi's sacred ariss) in which a woman in a long red frock spends much

because there is a projection of a rose-window to set a suitably pious mood. The culminating event of the

The climinating event of the evening is the most exasperating. Lond's Edge presents us with a cast comprising a pair of male identical twins, a woman in a long dress, a male peasant, a village idiot, and a female corpse washed up by the tide. You may permutate any relationship you choose the tide. You may permutate any relationship you choose from these characters—they might have strayed from one of Edward Gorey's darker tales—and be sure that Land's Edge explored it. The corpse does not stay a corpse for long, of course, and there was a burst of man, and there was a of her time shuffling on her not stay a corpse for long, of kness while a Christ-figure on stilts looms over her and fails to stop her clawing at his buttocks. We know it is serious were enjoying themselves.

Kronos Quartet/Wigmore Hall

Dominie Gill

We know from the Park Lane Group's series how difficult it is to devise coherent and stimulating string-quartet programmes made up entirely of new music. The American Kronos Quartet have a reputation for playing "exciting, fresh, varied music very, very well." Omitting two of the adjectives (exciting and one of the verys) puts them more accurately in context. They are not as pungent or as exacting performers as, say, brilliant 20-minute essay in three continuous movements: a powerful drams of quotation and comment played out under the ever-present shadow of Shostakovich. There is homage in passing, too, to Orlando and Beethoven—and structural use of their borrowed motifs. But They are not as pungent or as exacting performers as, say, the Arditti: but the Kronos are similarly active and adventures in the field of contemporary music, and at their best they play with real commitment and panache.

Their programme on Tuesday written especially for the offered four UK premieres.

of their botrowed motifs, But one detects no sense of pastiche: adventure, There is a wonder-fully poignant, tronically lamenton by the pastiches of the rest, we head Terry Riley's Good Medicine (part II of Saloms Duncas for Peace written especially for the rest, we head Terry Riley's Good Medicine (part II of Saloms Duncas for Peace written especially for the rest, we head Terry Riley's Good Medicine (part II of Saloms Duncas for Peace written especially for the rest, we head Terry Riley's Good Medicine (part II of Saloms Duncas for Peace written especially for the rest, we head Terry Riley's Good Medicine (part II of Saloms Duncas for Peace written especially for the rest, we head Terry Riley's Good Medicine (part II of Saloms Duncas for Peace written especially for the rest, we head Terry Riley's Good Medicine (part II of Saloms Duncas for Peace Riley Riley's Good Medicine (part II of Saloms Duncas for Peace R

Most impressive was the Soviet of charming, tuneful, dewy-eyed Alfred Schnittke's third minimal counterpoint. The quartet, now four years old—a Finnish composer Aulis Sallirinnsh composer Anis Sali-nen's fifth string quertet, sub-titled "Pieces of Mosaic," delivers a sequence of delicate, nostalgically coloured lyrical fragments—at its most succeed almost, but never quite so com-pressed or deft in its imagery, in the memory of the Unservice. in the manner of the Hungarian Gybrgy Kurtag (whose string quartet it would be interesting to hear the Kronos play one day). Sallinen's younger com-patriot Jouni Kaipainen (b. 1956) uncovers a tightly-woven web of Klangfarbenmusik in his third quartet—by turns whim-sical and mysterious, inter-leaved with cloudy memories of Strauss and Berg.

Arts Guide

Music/Monday. Opera and Ballet/Tuesday. Theetre/Wednesday. Exhibitions/Thursday. A selective guide to all the Arts appears each Friday.

April 24-30

Saleroom/Annalena McAfee

Record for book auction

Sotheby's sale of illustrated its original estimate. botanical books closed in Redoute's Les Liti London on Tuesday night duced in eight volumaking a total of £5,910,485 in 1802 to 1816 under making a total of £5,910,200 in two days — a record sum for age of the Empress Josephine, any auction of books. Only 0.9 was bought for £154,000 by an per cent of the lots in both anonymous buyer bidding on parts of the auction were left unsold.

The top lot in Tuesday's sesting a part of the Empress Josephine, any auction by an anonymous buyer bidding on the telephone. The same price was paid for Jean Louis Prevost's Collection des Fleurs et also Fruits. regarded as one of

The top lot in Tuesday's ses-sion was a first edition of Chris-toph Jacob Trew's Hortus Nitidissimus Omnem, published in three volumes in the mid-18th century and described as the most sumptuous of the florilegia books. The work is also re-garded as the most elusive of the great flower books; this was the first copy to appear on the market. It was bought for 2808,000 by an anonymous buyer bidding on the telephone. The lot had been expected to fetch between £50,000 and £60,000.

The London dealer Haywood Hill paid £187,000 for Daniel Rabel's Theatrum Florae, published in Paris in 1622. The book, with 69 plates and drawings, many hand-coloured, had been estimated at between

£10,000 and £15,000. The Dutch dealer Nico Israel, who led the bidding in Mouday's session of the sale, bought

£187,000, more than three times in March this year.

des Fruits, regarded as one of the greatest of the early 19th century French flower books. A record price for any violin. £440.000, was paid yesterday for a Stradivarius at Christie's London sale of important musi-cal instruments. The buyer was the Italian violinist Luigi Alberto Bianchi, who later commented "I would have paid a lot more than that." The last record for a violin was £396,000, paid for a La Cathedral instrument at Sotheby's in 1984. Mr Blanch will be playing his Stradivarius in concert in Geneva in June, in Vienna in August and in London in October.

Redoute's Les Liliacees, produced in eight volumes from 1802 to 1816 under the patronage of the Empress Josephine,

Christie's announced that it is to sell another Van Gogh masteroiece, "Le Pont de Trin-quetaille," at its King Street auction rooms on June 29. The picture, which is expected to fetch 27.7m, is being sold on Robert John Thornton's The behalf of its private New York Temple of Flora, produced owner, S. Kramarsky. Van between 1799 and 1807 with Gogh's "Sunflowers" was sold illustrations by Linnaeus, for at Christie's for a record £24m



Republic of Indonesia

U.S. \$75,000,000 Floating Rate Notes Due 1990

 In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest for the period 29th April, 1987 to 29th October, 1987 has been fixed at 71/s per cent. per annum and that the coupon amount payable on Coupon No. 10 will be U.S.\$3907.81.

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WEST GERMANY

an, Sikitisches Kunstmuseum, Ra-

Sonn, Stattisches Kimszumseun, Re-thausgesse 7: A retrospective by Au-gust Macke (1887-1914). Born in Meschede, Macke studied in Düssel-dotf and Berlin under Lovis Co-rinth. He did much of his work in

con't and was responsible for a new art form Rheinische Expressionisten, before the First World War. His journey in the spring of 1914, with Paul Klee and Louis Moillet, to Tunis became a landmark in art history. In the same year he was sent to the front in Franca, were he died, aged 27 in action in Champagne, Eads May.

Disseldorf, Kunstmuseum, Ehrenhof & From Raphael to Benya. This arhibition displays 55 Italian baroque and renaissance drawings from the massum's permanent collections, as well as paintings by 19th and 20th century German artists. Ends May 17.

PARIS

Prench drawings: At the beginning of the 18th century Louis XIV's love of the grandiose gave way to an art more intimate, more pleasing. A new generation of artists around Antoine Watteau introduced colour

as well as a lightness of touch into their drawings under the influence of Venetian and Flemish masters.

of venerum and Fermin masters.

Musee du Louvre, Pavillon de Flore.
Closed Tue. Ends June 1. (4280-3028).

ambrandt: The exhibition of 341 engravings is exceptional for the proofs showing the stages of Rembrandt's creative process and its im-

Exhibitions

genre scenes, portraits and auto-portraits and biblical scenes testify to the diversity of inspiration and the technical mastery of the painter who was the first to consider engraving as a autonomous artistic ex-pression. Bibliotheque Nationale, 58. Ruis Richelien. Ends May 8

ITALY

Besse, Villa Medici: Tropism: 180 cere-bral and seductive photographs by Ralph Gibson, lent by the Interna-tional Photography Center in New York. Until May 3.

Madrid, Homage to Manuel Viola (1919-87). One of the relevant mem-bers of Madrid's Art movement El Paso in the 50s, an informal move-ment of marked expressionist char-acter to which the artist gave some homour. Joan Gris Art Gallery, Vil-lantieva 22. Ends May 4.

Barcelena, Auguste Rodin, 60 bronze figures and 40 watercolours on loan by Musée Rodin. Categlogue shows artists influence on Catalunya's art schools and the Noucentisme. Museo de Arte Moderno, Parque de la Ciudadela. Ends Mid-June.

LONDON

The Tate Gallery. Turner in the new Clore Gallery: The Turner Bequest, which amounts to nearly 300 oil paintings, finished and unfinished, and a further 19,000 or so watercoiours and drawings, has been a source of controversy and dissension ever since it came into the na-

tion's hands more than 130 years ago. Turner had always wished for a gallery to himself which would show all aspects of his work. Whether he all aspects of his work. Whether he would have approved of James Stir-ing's extension to the Tate as a suiting's extension to the Tate as a suitable setting is a nice question. The larger paintings may be hung too low for one who lived in a more detentiatious age, and the tasteful natural Stirling has decreed for the principal galleries is a far cry from the rich plum he is known to have preferred. The vulgar neo-deco of the entrance half has little to recommend it. But eight rooms for paintings and one for watercolours give tings and one for watercolours give room enough, and with the three re-serve galleries topstairs, every pain-ting but the few in restoration or on loss is on the wall.

TOKYO

Paul Gauguin (1848-1903): In Search of Paradise. This large exhibition comprising 151 oils, woodcuts, shetches and some sculpture reflects Japan's love-affair with European Impressionism and Post-Impressionism. The first style of Western art encountered by the Japanese when the countered by the Japanese when the country opened up to the West in the late 19th century has remained favourite. Works in this exhibition include those from Gauguin's earliest period, showing much affinity to the style of his contemporary and close friend, Van temporary and close friend, Van Gogh, and his mattre Tahiti period of bright colours and bold patterns. Note the dramatic contrast between Two Nudes on a Tahitian Beach with the earlier Bathers at Disppe. There is much evidence of Van Gogh's oriental influence. National

um of Modern Art, Takebashi,

able. Ends May 17. Closed Mon.

lexitles and Ceramins of the Andes:
180 items from 1000 BC. Tokyo Metropolitan Teien Museum. Meguro,
formierly home of a prince of the Imperial Family. In Art Deco style and
designed by French architect Hanri
Rapin, the museum has an abundance of deen fixtures and fittings,
Tokyo To-Teien Museum, Meguro.

Ends May 12.

near Otemachi business centre and Imperial Palace Most. Takebashi station, Kitanomaru Park exit. Re-freshments on 4th floor. English lab-els; detailed English catelogue avail-able. Ends May 17. Cased Mon.

Museum of Modern Art: The first ma-jor retrospective in two decades of Paul Klee inclindes 250 paintings and wastercolours and 50 drawings and prints, some by arrangement with the Klee Foundation in Bern which has rarely lent them (includ-ing large-format paintings from his later life). Ends May 5.

NEW YORK

WARHINGTON

Hirakhern: 39 paintings from the permanent collection trace the use of bridges as symbols of modernity and the past in works by Thomas Eakins, Winslow Homer, Raphael Soyer and Louis Lozowick among others. Ends May 24.

CHICAGO

art Institute: The 1985 Grand Palais exhibit of Lartigue's 1920s photo-graphs shows the evocative panora-mas and fleeting moments on the streets of Paris between the wars.

FINANCIAL TIMES

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Thursday April 30 1987

Nato debates missile deal

now cautiously examining the Soviet proposals for the eliminwhich have just been tabled in Geneva. In the end, and despite deep reservations within the West German coalition govern-ment, it seems likely that Europe will broadly acquiesce in the removal of this class of weapons, not because it would shorter-range nuclear weapons; be particularly favourable for the purpose of these weapons is to deter attack, not to fight because it would be too diffi-

Cult to say no.

Everything hangs on the West
Germans, whose ambivalence is weapons, but even more by the presence of 300,000 US troops. Germans, whose ambivalence is only too understandable. From a military point of view, they cannot welcome a situation in which Nato's land-based nuclear which Nato's land-based nuclear weapons would be limited to those which have very short range; such weapons could only be stationed in West Germany, and would underline the horren-dous consequences for Germany of any East-West conflict in

From a political point of view, however, it would be extremely difficult for any West German government to stand out against the opportunity of a major arms control agreement between the US and the Soviet Union, especially one which, as in this case, is broadly supported by the US Administration.

Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet leader, has consist-ently urged an improvement in East-West relations, but as the International Institute for Strategic Studies points out in its annual survey, arms control remains the focal point of East-West relations: any improve-ment in those relations depends on agreement on arms contro questions.

If western European govern-ments, and above all West Germents, and above all West Germany, are sincere in their desire to promote a more reliable form of detente with the Soviet Union than the one we lost in the late 1970s, they cannot afford to turn down a Euromissile deal which so closely resembles the US proposal of six years ago.

Nor should the alliance be excessively fixated over the supposed merits of the missiles which now seem scheduled to disappear. There may be

advantages in having land-based weapons in Europe with a range which enables them to soviet proposals for the elimination of all Euromissiles with be held well back from any a range of more than 500 km, putative battlefield; missiles which have just been tabled in which can strike the Soviet Geneva. In the end, and despite Union from western Europe may also strengthen the nuclear link with the US.

THE events of the last six weeks establish be-

yond doubt a nattern of destabilisation in which the external forces hostile to India

have been revealed to be in-extricably linked with the internal forces of political and

economic subversion . . The Congress worker must stand like a rock in the face of this diabolical onelanght on the unity and integrity of the

Students of Indian politics might identify this as a quota-tion from a speech of the late Mrs Indira Gandhi in one of her more paranoid moods when

Prime Minister of the world's

largest, and often most turbu-lent, democracy.

But they would be wrong. It was part of a statement issued ten days to by India's ruling Congress I party in support of Mr Rajiv Gandhi, Indian Prime Minister subgistically de-

Minister, eulogistically de-scribed as "the conscience of humankind in its struggle for

numanking in its striggle for peace... the champion of black people ... the spokesman for equality and justice in international economic relations," the man who brought to India "a new mood of confidence to meet the challenges about "

The statement marks the fall

of Mr Gandhi, son of Indira and Prime Minister for the past

and rime minister for the past two and a half years, from a pinnacle above the hurly burly of Indian politics to a point which would have seemed inconceivable only a few

inconceivable only a few months ago.

For help in dealing with the series of political crises—many of his own making—which have undermined the authority and confidence of his administration, Mr Gandhi has had to turn to the very men whom he used to shun, the power brokers of Congress I.

They have welcomed him, not because they are all dichard supporters, or even because they believe in his policies; but for the time being at least, he

for the time being at least, he is their only credible leader. The man who is their ticket to

who was surdency switched to defence in January and has taken over the mantis of "Mr Clean" from Mr Gandhi. In the political fallout two re-

spected national newspaper editors—of the Indian Express and Hindustan Times—have re-signed because of political pressure from their proprietors.

But even after the elimina-tion of all Euromissiles, Nato will still have large numbers of shorter-range nuclear weapons; a nuclear war, and the link with the US nuclear deterrent is

That said, however, Nato is That said, however, Nato is under no obligation, legal or moral, to accept any and every proposition put forward by the Soviet Union. Particularly objectionable is the last-minute Soviet volte-face by which the 72 German-owned Pershing 1A missiles would be swant un into the category of swept up into the category of weapons to be eliminated. Serious precedent

These negotiations are between the superpowers, and concern their weapon systems alone. If the Soviet Union were to succeed in dragging in the weapons of third countries, that would be a serious precedent, and there might be no telling where it would atop. In particular, it could have dangerous consequences for the inde-

ous consequences for the inde-endence of the British and pendence of the British and French deterrent systems. Alliance consultations on the implications of the Soviet Euromissile proposals are likely to be slow and methodical. In Nato, among other things, member governments will have to consider what changes may be needed in the western de-fence posture; it would be helpful if they were to agree on a strengthening of the alliance's conventional de-The man who is their ticket to power and prestige has finally become one of them—a vulnerable politician who has alienated many supporters both in politics and the bureaucracy. The last few weeks have seen a series of crises involving allegations of corruption on arms deals, and a constitutional row between Mr Gandhi and Mr Zait Singh, the President. They have led to the resignation of Mr Vishwanath Pratap Singh, the popular Finance Minister, who was suddenly switched to defence in January and has

fances.

But one political effect of the prospect of a Euromissile deal, is likely to be added impetus for closer European defence co-operation, through Western European Union. No spectacular innovations are to be expected—the "defence charter" being drafted is likely to bear a close resemblance to traditional Nato doctrines; but it will be a European charter for

will be a European charter for a European institution.

The making of **UK** managers

COMPARED WITH their inter-national counterparts, most British managers are under-educated and poorly trained. With honourable exceptions they are ill-equipped to cope with all the complexities of competition in today's fast-

competition in todays rasi-changing markets.

This is the dismal picture painted by two major studies published yesterday on the making of managers" in Britain and other leading industrial countries. Among the long cata-logue of depressing findings are logue of depressing findings are that only one-fifth of all UK managers have degrees or pro-fessional qualifications of any sort, and that a bare quarter of senior executives have degrees, compared with 85 per cent in the United States and Japan (where higher education is less academically specialised).

Professional training

Most British executives also most spritten executives also receive far less post-experience training than many of their foreign counterparts. As a result they are neither as technically qualified as managers in West Germany, Sweden and Japan nor as well-grounded in herical purinters chills, such as basic business skills such as budgeting and marketing; in Germany many students learn these subjects at undergraduate level, as part of "business economics." Hence Britain's need for a separate, gap-filling, form of business education. form of business education — preferably funded by the private

The lack of suitable courses is certainly not caused by inadequate demand from would-be executives, according to the new studies: Britain's few unimanagement are heavily over-subscribed, far more so than those in other popular subjects. Yet the only form of pro-fessional training that many potential managers can take is the very narrow one of accountancy: this is part of the explanation for the remarkable statistic that Britain has about 20 times as many accountants as Japan, and 30 times the

German figure. The reports advise against the import of any other national approach to business education, be it Japanese, German or American. It was the latter which provided the model for the first expension of UK business school education in the 1960s, but which has proved over-academic for many management phrocess.

ment purposes. and morning instead a two-part qualifica-methods.

tion scheme is proposed. Neither would be mandatory, but the first, a (largely part time) diploma in basic business time) diploma in basic business knowledge and skills, would become gradually a sine qua non of executive employment. The second would consist of a more flexible and work-related version of existing master's programmes in business administration (MBAs). Management development would continue throughout an executive's career. Career.

Apart from the provision of pump-priming funds by the government—especially for the training of more teachers—the whole scheme would be largely self-financing, through corporate sponsorship of students or by individuals themselves. Though the proposed first-stage diploma could reinforce the dangerous view that management can be taught in the classroom, it would provide a welcome foundation for widespread business literacy, and at low cost to the state. low cost to the state.

Tailored programmes

The suggestion by one of the reports that second-stage (MBA) enrolment should be expanded sharply is more problematic. Not only are some of Europe's most thoughtful business schools — notably IMI in Geneva — seriously questioning the value of conventioning the value of conventional courses, and the way they are taught, but companies are turning in increasing numbers to programmes specially tailored to meet their own particular proceder.

If this heralds the end of a versity, polytechnic and busiling era of indifference to man-ness school programmes in agement training among British employers, then companies could prove surprisingly quick to accept at least some of the reports' proposals, despite the obvious implications for their training budgets. A number of large groups have already done

> Early and concrete government support, at least for the first-stage diploma, is desirable Lord Young, the Employment Secretary, said yesterday that various other measures are being considered. The viability of all the proposals rests essen-tially on the shoulders of others: on employers for realising the urgency of the situation, and on business schools and colleges for responding to the need for more practical courses, and more innovative teaching

RAJIV GANDHI

The idol is fallen

By John Elliott in New Delhi



larity. First among them has whether Mr Gandhi was ful-been the Government's attack filling his constitutional duty on corruption, which has to keep the President fully in-raised fierce opposition among formed. The Prime Ministerleading industrialists, many of whom are used to wielding corrupt influence on the

Second has been the same times brittle and even petulant personal style of Mr Gandhi, which has alienated bureau-crats, diplomats and otherwise

loyal politicians.

Third has been the Prime Minister's long-running foud with Mr Zail Singh, the Presi-

was doing so; but Mr Singh challenged this in a letter leaked to the newspaper, the

The leak led to a raid on the Express proprietor's: Delhi home by police who also elaimed that the paper had hired the US detective agency Fairfax to look into the affairs.

Mr Gandhi has been forced to turn to the very men he formerly shunned—the power brokers of Congress I

dent. Mr Gandhi has ignored Mr Singh, a Sikh, and stopped him from accepting most trips abroad. In part, this is because Mr Singh is blamed for some of the problems in India's Northern state of Punjab, which is Sikh-dominated.

Mr Singh's term of office as pressure from their proprietors.

This is all a far cry from the first year or so of Mr Gandhi's rule when he launched energetic new policies to transform India's corrupt and highly protected economy and to clean up public life. But half way through Mr Gandhi's five-year term of office, what had appeared to be only a bad natch now seems to represent a President expires in July and he is both burt by Mr Gandhi's treatment and worried that he may be a target for extremist Sikhs os soon as he loses the

But it later transpired that Mr. Vishwanath Singh had authorised the hiring of Fairfax to investigate the foreign dealings of Relianos and a handful of other unuamed companies. This action helped Minister's departure from the

When Mr Gandhi failed to form India's corrupt and Sikhs os soon as he loses the prove his personal vote-pulling highly protected economy and to clean up public life. But half way through Mr Gandhi's Gandhi's extensive security popularity in key regional protection. Now that Mr assembly elections last month, half way through Mr Gandhi's popularity and confidence are on the wane, he has discomfort. Word got around had appeared to be only a bad patch now seems to represent a sharp deterioration.

Three main factors have been behind Mr Gandhi's unpopularity on the province of the constitutional possibility that he constitutional possibility in the dispute between the two that he constitutional possibility that he constitutional possibility in the constitutional possibility in the constitutional possibility that he constitutional possibility in the constitutional possibility in the constitutional possibility that he constitutional possibility is popularity and confidence are on the wane, he has discomfort. Word got around the constitutional possibility that he constitutional possibility is popularity in the protection. The dispute between the two that he constitutional possibility that he constitutional possibility is popularity and confidence are on the wane, he has discomfort. Word got around the constitutional possibility that he constitutional possibili

eorollory of his power to appoint the Prime Minister, a power he exercised when he named Mr Gandhi to take over from his assasinated mother. Counter rumours quickly presed that plans were being frawn up by Mr Gandhi to impeach the President.

Into this political hot pot came news from India's Bonn Embassy that Howaldtswerke Deutsche Werft, which was supplying India two submarines ordered in 1981, was resisting price cuts on a fur) r order because it said it was having to pay 7 per cent commission to pay 7 per cent commission to agents on the deal. Agents are officially, and somewhat impractically, banned by India's Defence Ministry and the size of the commission—Rs: 300m (£15m)—indicated that it in the land of the commission—Rs: 200m (£15m)—indicated that it cluded a politica pay off. Next Swedish Radio claimed that agents were to receive a \$16m (£10.5m) pay off on a 1.4bn howitzer gun contract laced last year by India with ofors, part of Sweden's Nobel

Swedish companies deny they have made any corrupt payments, but the stories have caused a stir in India. Mr Gandhi has made matters worse by his poor handling of relentless parliamentary questioning on the issue, during which he

Meanwhile, it is widely known in Delhi that some ministers and civil servants are still asking for substantial pay-offs, either for themselves or

The coincidence of the two accusations about submarines and guns, both exacutial for India's extensive modernisation of its defence forces, were instrumental in prompting Congress-I to claim a "calculated campaign of calumny" against India in a recent 2,000-word statement.

word statement.

But the real target for India's international wrath is the US, which is going ahead with a new \$45m defence and economic aid deal for neighbouring Pakistan, despite widespread suspicions that Pakistan has, or is on the brink of having, a nuclear bomb.

Domestically there can be little doubt that Mr Gandhi has suffered a serious blow and that major problems remain which may erode his political base further. His battle with the President is still unresolved and he faces the threat that yet another disentianted leading politician, Mr Vishwanath Singh, will work against him.

Sensitive regional elections Sensitive regional elections

are in prospect in the northern state of Haryana, which borders on the violent Punjah, and Mr. Gandhi's party could well lose this election. The outcome of inquiries into Fairfax, the West affairs could do him further its disillusion.

political damage.
But shove all, Mr Gandhi's personal style does not com-mand respect. When Mr Vish-wanath Sing was described as a "scapegoat" in Parliament recontly, after his regignation, Mr Gandhi leapt to his feet always anxious to score a quick point—and said, "I object to my colleague being described as a goat."

THURSDAY BOOK

Tycoon: The life of James Goldsmith

By Geoffrey Wansell

IF-YOU want to make a very great deal of money, here is what to do. Identify some tangible assets which no one tangible assets which no-one else much wants: down-at-heel food shops, antiquated brand names, timber lands—that kind of thing. Bid for them at well below the potential resale price, but don't pay in cash. Instead, offer over-priced equity, junk bonds, or any other fancy bits of paper that the financial markets happen to be keen on at the time. Sell enough of the assets for you to be able to redeem the paper, Repeat the exercise until you are enormously rich.

This is the story of Sir

enormously rich.

This is the story of Sir James Goldsmith, the subject of a new-hiography which is called, appropriately enough, Tycoon. Goldsmith's fortune was founded on the financial boom of the early 1970s. While friends and contemporaries like Jim Slater were building up piles of glamorous financial sasets, his decisive move was to acquire — of all things—Bovril, noted for such peculiarly British staples as meat extract and craamed rice pudding. When the crash occurred the financial assets mostly disappeared but the country continued to gulp down Bovril and Marmite sandwiches.

There are two ways of writing a biography of a man like Sir James during his lifetime. One is to work with him, and the other is to work against thim. Geoffrey Wansell has chosen the former course, and as a result has had plenty of access to the great man. This subject's complicated private life—making it sound more life—making it soun

Then came phase two. In what had become an austers financial climate, investors grew increasingly uneasy about the dazzling financial footwork which meant that no two sets of figures were directly com-parable. Sir James want toe-to-toe in a brutal public battle with Private Eye, the satirical magazine. The last straw for the stock market was when he attempted to become a Fleet Street publisher himself, an ambition which at that time was repeated to be a market was repeated. generally reckoned to be an un-mistakable symptom of advanced paranola.

His share price fell, to the point where he was able to buy in his UK business. The assets which he had been able to acquire thanks to the public's enthusiasm, he was now able to own outright as a result of

and of black rages, he makes a point of defying convention and yet seems highly sensitive to the US and did the same sort of thing again. Here, the key moment came in 1982, just before the stock market started its prolonged upsurge. Largely with the help of bank finance, he acquired Diamond International, a large and sleepy forest products group. Within a year, he had sold enough assets to pay off the bank debt,

and of black rages, he makes a point of defying convention and yet seems highly sensitive to criticism. He is loyal to his triends, but intensely hostile to those whom he regards as his enemies. And for all his dynamic, it is not clear that he has more than an enormous pot of money.

Richard Lambert

leaving him profits which-including the unsold timber land—are estimated here at

There followed a whole series of bids and raids on eld line US giants—names like St Regis, Continental Group, Crown Zellerbach and Goodyear. According to this biographer, his profits from five years of wheeler-dealing in the US came to more than Stbn. to more than \$1bu.

This approach is consistent playing the one-arm bandits at Monte Carlo at the age of six, and who dropped out of school at the age of 16 after mining \$5,000 (in 1940 mont) on a three-horse accumulator.

What is more uncertain is whether Sir James is anything more than an uncommonly shrewd speculator. To judge by this book, he has very little interest in the day-to-day running of businesses, and the record of those few companies record he has controlled for any which he has controlled for any length of time—notably the Grand Union supermarket chain in the US—is chequered. He wanted to build a European business which would rival Unilever in scale and structure —a grandiose vision which was almost within his grasp, but

He wanted to become a publishing baron, but failed to get much beyond the starting gate. He wanted—probably still wants—to be taken seriously for his political judgments. Yet he appears to have failed to grasp the significance of the Thatcher years in Britain, and he completely misjudged the consequences of

book is bland. It does not ask
the critical questions about Sir
James's approach to business
and it gives no insights into old
questions about the structure
and ownership of the offshore
companies which control his
interests. It is liberally studded
with cliches, and has a breathless style which occasionally
produces budierous results. For
instance, spare a thought for
Lord Goodman, who is said to
be "portly but distinctly
shrewd." Or for Goldsmith's
lata father who, we are told,
"never took very much
interest in his clothes but always seemed to be enjoying

Despite these shortcomings, there is fascination in this account of a man who sometimes appears more like a character out of a Trollope novel than a businessman in an age of best counters. A man age of the counters of extraordings of strengths of extraordings of strengths of st capable of extraordinary charm and of black rages, he makes a

A THE STREET

New hands on Berisford

Henry Lewis and Philip Aaronhenry Lewis and Philip Astrophers, the new deputy chairman and chief financial officer respectively of S & W Berisford, represent the commodities group's latest effort to signal that more than one pair of hands hold the management reins. Berisford emphasises that

both men will work closely with voteran chairman Ephraim Margulies on group strategy as well as day-to-day management. The message that the company is no longer a one-man band "Is not only a pious intention," says Aaronberg, "it's also the fact." He is a partner with accountants Arthur Ander-

sen.
Margulies' management style
had been cited as one reason for
the departure in February of
the company's long-term auditors, Spicer and Pegler. Berisford was also caught up in the
Guinness affair, repaying nearly
\$15m covered by an involce for £1.5m covered by an invoice for "work in connection with the acquisition of Distillers."



Men and Matters

With the future of Berisford's to celebrate the victories British Sugar subsidiary still unclear, after the Monopolies | Leotard's officials are t Commission veto of rival take-over offers from Tate & Lyle and Ferruzzi, murmurings had

grown louder.

Berisford previously brought in Peter Jacobs, formerly of Mars, as managing director of British Sugar and a main board member. And John Slater of Guinness Mahon joined as a non-executive director. Although Lewis, at 61,

nearly a contemporary of his 62-year-old chairman, Lewis, a former joint managing director of Marks and Spencer and a Berlaford non-executive director aince August, says: "We have a board that is now dominantly people in their 40s." Arch villain Francois Leotard, France's

Francois Leotard, France's minister for culture, has touched the country's banks on the raw. Already anxious about the invasion of their financial markets by foreign competitors, they are now furious about American encroachment on tehir traditional role as sponsors of the arts. sors of the arts.

Pursuing the Government's policy of encouraging more private funding of culture and the arts, Leotatrd had put up a plan for restoring the Arc de Triomphe with the help of American Express. Paris financiers, led by the Credit Lyonnais banks, are out raged .
"It is not like France spon-

soring the restoration of the Statue of Liberty. We gave the statue to America in the first place," splattened one Paris banker. "The Art de Triomphe is a namely Franch manument." is a purely French monu

Napoleon."

Leotard's officials are un

Lectard's officials are unmoved by the dispute and ready to walcome all comers to the FFr 30m restoration.

Malicious observers suggest that the minister may even have orchestrated the American Express intervention to goad the French banks into spreading their largesse, which is now showered largely on opera and rughy.

Inside man

Mark Powell's appointment as that executive of Alexanders Laing & Cruickshank Holdings is that rare City phenomenon these days, an orderly internal promotion. It must have saved the parent Mercantile House a fortune in golden hellos and headhunters fees. The move follows Robin Star-

month-Darling's retirement at 60 as executive chairman of ALCH's securities side (he is to become non-executive deputy chairman of Mercantile House). and chairman John Berkshire's decision to step aside as acting chief executive of ALCH.

Powell, aged 41, has been running ALCH's private client side, claimed to be one of London's biggest with over 50,000 regular investors. The Powells, it seems, are used to running the show. His father Francis was senior partner in the family firm Powell Popham Dawes before it was absorbed into Lalag and Cruickshank in 1977.

a spell as deputy chairman of the Stock Exchange in the late 1970s. Now Mark Powell sims to reinforce ALCH's position as a leading specialist, with a series of profitable niche businesses. He intends to build up opera-

and in fact Francis Powell had

tions in Tokye (where ALCH is currently bidding for a securities branch licence) and then New York.

As for John Barkshire, he says he looks forward to having more time to spare for other activities, such as his moves to revitalise the International Commodities Clearing House.

Beer pull

Management cybernetics may not be at the top of every busi-nessman's memo pad but the subject would be if Stafford Beer had his way. Cybernetics is the science of regulating

is the science of regulating large, complex systems—"that should be of vital interest to managers," he says.

After years of preaching on the subject in the UK, Beer is about to remove himself to Toronto. "I think I have done as much in Britain as I can," he says—but he is making another appearance at a symposium organised by the Welsh Development Agency in Carmarthen on May 9-10.

A number of Canadians are coming to Wales for the conference, fortifying his belief that "I think I can de something in Canada."

Beer has a well-rounded view of industry. Starting as an academic, he moved into steel and then into management con-sultancy before returning to academa. The highlight of his industrial career, he reckons, industrial career, he reckons, came during his days at IPC in the late 1960s when the battle between Hugh Cudlipp and Cecfi King for the massive publishing empire took place, "Fascinating stuff," he recalls. He has occupied even more hazardous positions since, stich as that of adviser to President Allende of Chile.

Market forces Yet another car sticker: "Option traders do it until they expire."

Allende of Chile.

Observer

ATLEAST 4% EXTRA INTEREST GUARANTEED Invest in the new Cheltenham 4 Year Term Share, and you can be sure of earning a guaranteed 4% extra annual interest over our ordinary share rate for four whole years. Currently that means you can earn an amazing 10% net* 13.70% gross equivalent; on an investment of 55 CM or means.

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LIMITS ON OUTPUT

PLANT CAPACITY

Percentage of firms mentioning

ECONOMIC skies are first cine to discovering the real snags in the spurt of economic good news in the UK is that the extent of the upturn — the rise in output, orders and perhaps even employment — is greater than generally realised and certainly greater than the Treasury's own forecast at

Budget time.

Indeed, the main economic worries arise from the very strength of the boom in the real economy. The most serious pessimists are often the analysts pessimists are often the analysts with the most optimistic growth forecasts. For they maintain that the boom is a temporary and unsustainable surge, which will fizzle out in rapid inflation. Thus the immediate questions boil down to (a) How fast is the present growth rate? (b) What is the sustainable rate? and (c) Are there enough surplus capacity and unemployed workers to sustain a temporary increase in growth above the underlying level? Or will it all end in inflationary overheating and an "economic stop?"

overheating and an "economic stop?"
Practical policymakers worry less about these fundamental questions than about thunder-bolts from the world economy. The fact that Britain is now growing faster than the US, West Comments West Germany or many other industrial countries is only partiy a reflection of British performance. It is also a sign of a slowdown below trends, and below expectations, in the

The British share of world trade — about 8 per cent in value of manufactures—is small enough for the British economy to flourish in a modestly growing world, by slight adjustments in British export penetration.

The same could not be said in the event of a major world downturn. The most likely cause of that would be a free fall of the dollar against the D-mark and the Yen. The appreciation in West Germany and Japan m west Germany and Japan would increase recessionary pressures in these countries and those tied to them. On the other hand, a plunging dollar could set off inflationary fears in the US, and a severe rise in interest rates, whether induced by the Fed or self-generated by the bond market.

If Britain together with the

bond market.

If Britain, together with the whole EEC, were sitting on the sidelines in the trade and payments disputes, it would be bad enough. But the Common Market countries, which do not have either the budgetary or the balance of payments problems of the US, have the audacity to threaten Japan with

Significantly, the UK is emitted from the list of "more liberal" Common Market countries, such as Germany and the Netherlands, which are

Economic Viewpoint

No blue sky without a few grey clouds

By Samuel Brittan

trying to restrain this antiJapanese fervour. Thatcherism tage points between Jamary is marked by much too much and April to 25 per cent. It is economic fingoism as well as now much higher than the 16 authoritarianism and censor-per cent observed at the peak ship in the non-economic fields. of the 1979 r turn, although Meanwhile, however, Britain still less than the 40 per cent ship in the non-economic fields.

Meanwhile, however, Britain
continues to boom. The balance
of firms in the April CB1 Trends of firms in the April CB1 Trends
Survey expecting an increase
in orders is the highest since
July, 1977. Although the
monthly trade figures — a
fresh set is out tomorrow —
inevitably bob up and down,
export optimism, delivery and
order books are all reported at
very high levels. Manufacturing
investment, which fell by 5 per
cent in 1886, is set to pick up
sharply, now that the phasing
out of fiscal incentives has been out of fiscal incentives has been put behind, while profits con-tinue to rise.

manufacturing industry has not been a net source of jobs for many, many years. But the expected job decline here is now extremely small. Over the windle economy unemployment is now falling sufficiently fast for the Government to risk ordering and publishing a proper study of the underlying trend, to supplement the statistically distorted numbers in the Department of Employ-

On the inflationary front, aspacted cost and price movements are pretty much around,
the average of the past five
years. They suggest underlying
inflation remaining at 4½ percent faster than in France—let
alone Germany and Japan. But
there is at least no sign of an
acceleration. Nor is there any
sign of any inflationary buildun in stocks.

m in stocks.

The CBI indicators which might suggest inflation further alread are the capacity ones.

The percentage of firms report-

labour shortages on the other hand do not seem to have changed very much in the last three years and are still much less than in all earlier upswings,

slack to allow a few years of growth which is temporarily above trend. On this view there UK real growth is clearly running higher than the 3 per cent per annum predicted by the Treasury for the whole economy and 3½ per cent for the non-oil economy. A 4 to 4½ per cent growth of GDF in 1987 working of the labour market. Alternatively, the rate of

> The secret of Britain's present upsurge is the major devaluation of the D-mark in 1986

their usual upward revision would not be surprising. If there is no world disaster, next year's UK growth could also be above the Treasury's predicted 25 per

The first is that there may have been an increase in the underlying growth trend above the Treasury's 23 to 5 per cent

non-accelerating inflation (the NAIRU), did not really rise from 5 per cent under the Callaghan Government to 11 per cent under Thatcher, as

improved productivity and efficiency. It is possible, but is far from proven. Faster rates of productivity growth would have to be seen during a complete business cycle, including the recessionary phase, before one could be sure that they were here to stay. of rapid growth. But ex-perience should have shown that nothing is more futile than to attempt to prescribe beforehand physical tolerance levels, such as the rates of real growth or capacity utilisation above which the inflationary threshold lies.

Direct financial indicators are more useful here. These are worrying but inconclusive. Sterling M3 and bank lending are growing rapidly, but no more than they have often done since 1980. Their message is, since 1980. Their message is, however, unfortunately confirmed by asset prices: above all house prices, which have shown signs of taking off. The movement of import volume will be important, not so much for the balance of payments obsession, as for indications of whether domestic demand is

mappy potential.

The most reassuring financial indicator is, of course, sterling. The secret of Britain's present upsurge is the major devaluation of sterling against the Denark in 1988—one of the few successful ones away under successful ones ever under-taken. It failed to trigger in-fation because it was under-taken at a time of falling oil

and commodity prices and slack labour markets.
The credit for this operation belongs to Chancellor Nigel Lawson, and not to Lord Young, the favourite of the bour, whose notable success has been in weeding people out of the memployment register. Lord Young's remark that there is no need to worry about wages, no need to worry about wages, only unit costs, is plain wrong because it ignores factor substitution (is, the use of

reduce interest rates to prevent to preserve British industry's hard-won competitive advantage. But if a stable sterling exchange into against noninflationary currences such as the D-mark is to be the main bulwark against inflation—and

tive to give it a long-term form.
This will mean not hesitating
to raise interest rates if sterling comes under downward pres-sure as one day it will, just as interest rates have been lowered Thatcher's declamations against the EMS to visiting foreign dignatories make one wonder if she even deserves the "sound money vote," having irretrievably lost the libertarian one. Meanwhile, the stimulus to domestic spending arising from lower interest rates is about as derivable as reather.

desirable as another drink for the road for someone already in danger of exceeding the breathalyser limit. It can be justified but only on the grounds that letting sterling rise further would have been the equivalent of poison.

vice versa. It is a million pities that pledges and hints about mat pietges and an evermechanised PSER formula have
limited the Government's
ability to use higher taxes to
restrain demand, while the
spending Ministers are a blockage to expenditure restraints. If
we had better Opposition
parties, we would know what to
do.

Lombard

The real Tory agenda

By Joe Rogaly

THE GOVERNMENT is concentrating too much power at the work is the degree to which any centre. It will continue to do so countervailing power that might get in the way is to be either if it wins the forthcoming elec-tion. Many of the individual elements of its strategy can to a greater or lesser degree be power-base. Take housing and justified, either on the merits you halve the remainder. If of the particular case or as part the police and personal social of a grand design to regenerate if it wins the forthcoming elecof a grand design to regenerate the British economy. Yet the osen methodology is all too en a simple sweeping away or circumvention of incon-venient obstacles, like local authorities, and their replacement by managers controlled by held in the hands of Whitehall officials who have themselves been made aware of the force of the political will of This Authoritarian Tendency will determine the agenda of

the next Conservative adminis-tration more than any of the second-hand frighteners put out by the Labour Party in its cod Tuesday. For there are increasing signs that the prevailing mood among those who have supported the Thatcher revolution veers between wonderment that they have come so far and a steely "you ain't seen noth-in' yet." One very senior official their preparations for the next incoming government, the Per-manent Secretaries are acting on the informed assumption that the Conservatives intend to change everything — educa-tion, housing, health, local authorities, the police, taxation, the lot.

Most of this will doubtless appear in the formal agenda yet to be published. Tory plans to centralise the determination public sector housing from local anthorities has been well signafied. Radical changes in the NHS or in the management of the police (to be detached from local authorities?) would be new. As to which tax reform is currently favoured by the inner circle, your guess is as good as mine.

executive authority that derives its legitimacy from regular elec-tions is parliament—that same What is left is what Lord

executive with little to restrain the BBC. Appointments to lic bodies are no longer fit balanced to represent interests but rather "1 convenient buffer institutions like the University Grants Council are to be replaced by controllable versions, like the Universities Funding Council. Power flows untrammelled through the hands that disperse

many on the Left, that all this is the result of evil intent. On time. Can any of us really want

Japan should stockpile

From Mr P. Evans

sir.—Because of the enormous imbalance of trade between Japan and the US, there is an increasing risk of rising barriers to international trade with the disastrous consequences of protectionism last seen in the 1950s. In such circumstances the effects might be quite surprising. Japan is a densely populated land which is almost entirely dependent upon imported the materials upon imported raw materials whereas the US, in extremis, would need to import almost nothing to survive as it is rich in almost all natural resources.

in almost all natural resources.

A solution to Japan's strategic vulnerability and the short term problem of a constantly deteriorating dollar/yen relationship would be for the Japanese authorities to institute a policy of massive stockpile purchases of major raw materials. Not only would this safeguard Japan from an eventual collapse of the yen which might follow a real trade war, but in the meantime, such a programme would stimulate many of the third world economies which would, given more favourable balances of payments, be natural customers for Japanese exports. With the yen at its current level most company square, less in Tokyo at its current level most com-modities cost less in Tokyo than ever before and with interest rates of 2 per cent to 2½ per cent, the carrying cost of such strategic stockpiles would be negligible in real

Trade has always been better answer to economic prob-lems than aid. Peter G. Evans, Stocks Farm House, Bramley, Hants.

Local council debts

From Councillor S. Knott

Sir.—As a former chairman of finance in Hammersmith I read (April 24) with alarm the letter from Councillor Peter Prince, leader of the Conservatives, in which he suggests that a Conservative administration in 1990 might default on Hammersmith's obligations. The consequences of such an action would be horrendous. No

one would give Hammersmith any credit, even on day to day matters like the purchase of supplies. The change in cash flow would exhaust the borough's balances in a very short period. The courts would undoubtedly grant the borrower any relief that he might seek. For instance, a receiver might be appointed to collect council rates. Such a receiver would not be interested in undertaking repairs, maintaining lifts, or arranging transfers. Virtually the whole time of senior officers would be spent on the litigation

S. Salari

Letters to the Editor

12a, Finsbury Square, EC2.

Hindsight on Chemobyl

Sir.—David Fishlock's article
(April 25) gives an unduly
favourable view both of the
effects of the Chernobyl disaster
in Britain and of the performance of the National Radiological Protection Board in
responding to it.

responding to it.

The individual risk of one in a million of fatal cancer quoted by John Dunster is an average for the whole UK population. But some babies in North

for the whole UK population.
But some babies in North
Wales, Cumbria and south west
Scotland are estimated by the
NRPB to have received radiation doses some 40 time greater
than the UK average, with a
correspondingly greater risk.
Their risk of thyroid cancer
in particular is estimated by
Dr Keith Baverstock of the
Medical Research Council to
have been increased by up to
40 per cent above normal.

The board's initial assessments of fallout levels later
turn out to have been very
overoptimistic, and Dunster's
statement on May 6 last year
that "the whole thing will be
over in a week to 10 days"
will be remembered without
amusement by the owners of
the 300,000 sheep still under
restrictions today.

The wayning not to despite restrictions today.

The warning not to drink fresh rainwater issued on May 5 last year ought to have been put out 48 hours earlier, and as a result the NRPB now estimates that it only saved 20-33 of Commons select committee

involved. Every Conservative councillor would be liable to surcharge on the extra expenses involved.

The emergence of a Badical Right in the Conservatives is now a very worrying feature in local government.

Hammersmith is not the only borough where the Conservatives are threatening to default. I have noticed it in Brent. It is now incumbent on Mr Nicholas Ridley, the Secretary of State, to stop this form of right wing innacy immediately.

In every cloud, however, there is always a sliver lining.

The end of the dose to the most affected groups from this source. Most seriously, no warning of any kind was issued in respect of fresh milk, even in relation to young children and pregnant women living on farms in the most contaminated areas. This omission has been criticised for instance by Professor Murdoch Baxter, director of the Scottish Universities Research and Reactor Centre, and on the dose in the most contaminated areas. This omission has been criticised for instance by Professor Murdoch Baxter, director of the Scottish Universities Research and Reactor Centre, and on the dose in the most contaminated areas. This omission has been criticised for instance by Professor Murdoch Baxter, director of the Scottish Universities Research and Right was issued in respect to fresh milk, even in relation to young children and pregnant women living on farms in the most contaminated areas. This omission has been criticised for instance by Professor Murdoch Baxter, director of the Scottish Universities Research and Right was issued in respect to fresh milk, even in relation to young children and pregnant women living on farms in the most contaminated areas. This omission has been criticised for instance by Professor Murdoch Baxter, director of the Scottish Universities Research and the professor for instance by Professor Murdoch Baxter, director of the Scottish Universities Research and the professor for instance by Professor Murdoch Baxter, director of the Scottish Universities Research and the professor for instance by P

At the end of the day, on the :RPP's reckning, Britain did worse than Greece, Italy, West Germany, Holland and France in cutting radiation doses to the most exposed people. David Webster. 38, Crompton Avenue, Glasgow.

The nonsense

of tolls From the Chairman, Liverpool Stores Committee

Sir.—We found it a strange coincidence that on March 31 you published a map of financially active neighbourhoods in Merseyside in an article on inequalities on the same day as the Comptroller and Auditor General highlighted the problems of the finances of the Severn and Erskine bridges. The Scottish Development The Scottish Development Department apparently recognises that the accumulating debt on the latter means that it cannot be recouped within a stipu-

The Merseyside tunnels are a vital link in Merseyside urban area and so not comparable with long distance links such as the Severn or the Tyne or the Dartford tunnels; they are of great importance in linking or great importance in mixing Liverpool city centre to the largest concentration of affinent people in this region on the Wirral (as can clearly be seen on your map). Tolks, however, now add £1 to the cost of a trip them the Wirral in the city from the Wirral to the city centre and back. This increas-ingly acts as a deterrent to those who might have spent money in Liverpool rather than, say, Chester. The loss of trade adds to the overall economic problems of this beleaguered city. All the economic projections we have seen suggest that there is no way that the debts on the Mersey tunnels can ever be paid off—let alone in the 20

with respect to tolled cross-ings: "debts owed to central government should be written off immediately" and that the and also that "there is a very strong case for the abelition of tolls without any additional cost being imposed on the motorist."

Furthermore since, apparently, the cost of collecting the toils is 12 per cent of total receipts, is it not time that the nation ended the bureaucratic nonsense of those tolls? A. T. Davies.

c/o Boots the Chemist, 98-94, Church St. Liverpool. Representing the

consumer

From the General Secretory, Fabian Society

Sir,—The appointment of Sir Philip Shelbourne and Profes-sor Alan Budd (April 23) to the Securities and Investments Board continues the severe nder-representation of indi-vidual consumers on this vital consumer protection body.

Of the 18 board members, eight are described as "non-practitioners." But these ingely represent the corporate consumer concerned with consumer concerned with raising funds in the financial markets. The corporate investor is also represented by the presence of leading fund managers. But there is only one board member qualified to speak on behalf of the tens of millions of individual consumers: Rachel Waterhouse of the Consumers' Association.

sumers: Rachel Waterhouse of the Consumers' Association.
The failure of investor pro-tection bodies to involve more authentic consumer representa-tives (and the SIB is no better than the other SROs) is a major weakness in their structure. With millions of new investors in shares, increasing incentives in shares, increasing incentives for individuals to invest directly in securities and the explosive growth of financial services retailing, the customer deserves better representation than this tokan seat.

John Willman, 11 Dertmouth St SW1 Graduate recruits ·

From Mr C. L. B. Ecc

Sir.—I fail to see why "steep falls in the numbers of students applying for jobs" should be "canaing concern to amployers seeking graduate recruits (April 21). Surely, if BP's intake is down

40 per cent on last year (170 this year against 300 last year), it should hardly be surprised if it receives 40 per cent fewer applications (4,500 against 7,500).

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FINANCIAL TIMES

Thursday April 30 1987

REFURBISHMENT FITTING OUT 01-377 2500

US buyouts put TV in the news

for making CBS News the most re-spected of the three US network television news programmes, would not now be hired by CBS,"
Harvard econonics Professor J. K. Galbraith, told a US Congressional

hearing this week.
Prof Galbraith added that, if Mr Murrow had been hired "consider ing his capacity to offend, his job might not be secure."

es to question, at the start of three days of hearings into the sta-tus of US network television, whether recent changes in control of the three major networks - CBS, ABC and NBC - were in the nation

Mr Edward J. Markey, whose tions, consumer protection and fi-nance is conducting the investiga-tion into the effects of the recent mergers and acquisitions on television network news, said: "The net-work are being treated like finan-cial commodities to be bought and sold. The American people have a right to know whether this will af-fect the broadcaster's primary duty to keep the public informed."

Today Mr Laurence Tisch, the Wall Street financier who recently took over as chief executive of CBS in a bid to reverse its declining fi-nancial fortunes, will appear before the sub-committee to give his side



their respective networks raising fears that they are jeopardising their public responsibilities to boost financial returns. This will be hotly

underscore the recent dramatic changes in the US television mar-

ket which led to the changes in cor-

Mr Tisch told the Genett Center

of Media Studies on Tuesday. The traditional television marketplace

has not just changed. It has virtually disappeared and a far more com-plex and uncertain economic gavir-

Mr Tisch listed changes which have led to a halt in the uninter-

William Hall in New York looks at an investigation into recent changes in control of the three major US television networks. Mr Larry Tisch (left), CBS chief executive, is due to appear before the

the average TV household now re-ceived 20 channels.

hearing today

Since 1970, 'we have gone from none to over 50 basic cable TV pronming services" and the numper of non-network independent TV stations had jumped from 129 to 317, said Mr Tisch. He added that Mr Rupert Murdoch's new Fox TV network now reached more than 80

video cassette recorder (VCR) had also dramatically altered the mar-Murphy, whose Capital Cities group bought Abc in 1985, and Mr Bob 1970 broadcasting landscape, with wright, the finance man put into audiences too small to warrant run NBC after General Electric measurement. Today, almost 80 per took over its parent RCA last year.

All three men have been laying asseed by cable and nearly half TV in the past 35 years. He said that cable by 480,000 VCRs were sold and analysts had predicted that 12m would be sold by 1985. The predictions were wrong. Since 1984, VCR penetration had skyrocketed from 11 per cent to 48 per cent and more than 12 per cent to 48 per cent and more than 140m TV households now had VCRs.

As the economy slowed down, advertisers changed patterns and province in the amounts of spending and the annulysts had predicted that 12m would be sold by 1985. The predictions were wrong. Since 1984, VCR penetration had skyrocketed from 11 per cent to 48 per cent and more than 12 per cent to 48 per cent and more than 140m TV households now had VCRs.

Professional for the past 35 years. He said that cable by 480,000 VCRs were sold and analysts had predicted that 12m would be sold by 1985. The predictions were wrong. Since 1984, VCR penetration had skyrocketed from 11 per cent to 48 per cent and more than 140m TV households now had VCRs.

These changes took a toll on the big three networks whose share of me time fell from a combined 90 per cent in 1980 to 73 per cent in 1986. Advertising revenues now had to be shared with competing video and cable TV services. Cable television advertising alone

now exceeded \$1bm a year and quality programmes that used to go austically to the three networks were now being aggressively bought by the alternative video disbution systems. "While we can today look back

knowingly at these changes, they were not readily apparent just a few years ago," said Mr Tisch. He added that TV "is no longer a unifhouseholds subscribed to a basic cable service.

While the average TV viewer in 1970 received only four or five channels, three of which were networks,

The content of the scarcity of TV alternatives, which has always been the underlying premise of the economics and regulation of US TV, is no longer true."

During the 1970s network advertising a count of the scarcity of TV alternatives, which has always been the underlying premise of the economics and regulation of US TV, is no longer true."

During the 1970s network advertising a count of the scarcity of TV alternatives.

tising soared and, regardless of siz-able network rate increases, advertisers could not seem to get enough. In that environment network profits grew, investments in other busies increased and news division budgets rose rapidly.

growth of network revenues, profit-ability and expenditures, these increases seemed tolerable. But then

CARDO

Sugar beats the drum for Amstrad

businessman, built up the Amstrad computer and hi-fi company from nothing into an enterprise worth almost fibu (\$1.63bn). Now, for the first time, he has revealed the secrets of his

Mr Sogar was brought up in a working class district in the East End of London. He left school at 16 and set up a company, selling ear arials. At 40, he is now one of the richest people in Britain. He still owns almost half of

He still owns almost half of Amstrad, giving him a paper fortime of nearly 2500m.

Yesterday, Mr Sugar told an audience of aspiring executives at the City University Business School in London that he had often been asked: "How did you make your fortune?" he had never answered the question.

"The reason for being evasive in that no one would believe how simple it was," Mr Sugar said.

Secret number one is not to be over-awed by professional ad-

over-sweet by professional advice, particularly from the Cty.

Mr Sugar described a visit to
Kleinwort Benson, his merchant bunkers, where he heard for the first time the strange language of each flow, financial forecasts and e (prices/earnings ratio), which thought meant physical calc

Drilling off to sleep one night'I was suddenly woken with the question: 'Mr Sugar, what pe do you think you have?' I repli-ed.' '21 week put every working.' "The funny thing is that they weren't shocked and went on to talk about press ups."

Mr Sugar's next tip to becoming a multi-millionaire is to have nothing to do with the press. "I svoid them like the plague," he

confided.

Mr Sugar believes that jourmalists delight in building people
up only to knock them down, se
one should avoid "being exhibited around by the groupie-type
posers who wish to be seen with

posers who wish to be seen with the new blue-eyed boy."

Budding millionaires should not be lured into thinking about themselves in management jar-gen. "There are some words in our language that just simply bug and amoy me. Entrepren-eurship is one of them," Mr Su-gar said. He was giving a lecture in a series "Can the entrepreneur find multinational happiness and success?"

Americans are also best avoided. "I have had a bellyful of

Americans are also nest avoided. "I have had a bellyful of Americans who flit from job to job and exist in large empires as statistics. The sales people living in a dream world, asking you to build 50 factories on the basis of their potential customers saying 'Have a nice day.'"

Mr Sogar was thinking about the problems he had in distributing his word processor in the US, to judge from the unquotable remarks he went on to make about that experience.

Amstrad has a rigorous approach to its engineering: "It some cutside observers saw the risks we take in engineering a new product, they would have kittens," Mr Sogar confessed.

It also has a straightforward personnel policy: "In our company we attract people who either catch on very quickly or they last two minutes."

two minutes."
The Amstrad chairman is parthe Ameuran coarman is par-ticularly down on winnishness when it comes to defending the good name of his personal com-puter. He believes that state-ments about alleged defects in the machine, widely reported in the press, were part of a dirty tricks campaign by some of his

competitors.

Mr Sugar, who said he was not ashamed to be called a barrow. hoy, explained the difference be-tween Amstrad and other leading companies: "Pan Am takes good care of you. Marks and Spencer

loves you. Securicor cares...at Amstrad, we want your money." Mr Sugar concluded by telling his audience. "It is not customary for me to make speeches as I have done today." More's the piTHE LEX COLUMN

Down comes the boom

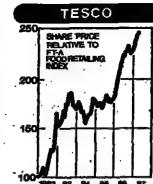
a thing can be - has emerged from the institutional conclave on preemption rights. The insurers stand adamantly for the principle of firstrefusal for existing shareholders, on the one hand, but are showing their broad-mindedness by granting a general licence to issue 2½ per cent of issued capital for each— so long as the directors fully declare the net effect of such issues in the annual report. Last week's demand for a 10 per cent blanket exemption could not have been more bluntly

were aggressively and opportunisti-cally cold-calling with a nice line in European placings will find the go-ing considerably tougher hence-forth. The institutions could not really be expected to acquiesce in seeing bonds with put options going to ripe premiums; nor with the is-sue of straight equity for cash (less fees of 5 per cent). In future, there is to be justification by works alone; unless the promotors of an issue can make a really convincing case that it will not dilute the ordinary shares, they seem rather unlikely to get the necessary approval at ex-traordinary meetings. Those who succeed in convincing the institu-tions will have earned their rewards; for some time to come, fi-nancial advocacy of a very high or-der will be needed.

Tate and Lyle

For once Tate and Lyle's share price was moved by something oth-er than political considerations yeser than political considerations yes-terday. The 18p gain to 763p owed more to expectations that the tax charge would fall sharply this year to around 31 per cent from last year's 40 per cent, should Tate de-cide to stop providing for deficired tax. Interim pre-tax profits up 11 per cent to 540 2m were, frankly, dull though concealing the usual range of violent swings in divisional profits. But the prospect of earnings rising perhaps 30 per cent this year, and a multiple of a little over 10, ought to justify a little over 10, ought to justify a little over 10,

hare price. Nothing can distract for long rom the S & W Beristord question, though, especially as it is not yet time to get excited about sucralose. Tate's lobbying position seems to be that either it is granted a better



cane margin, in which case it can sell its own and Ferruzzi's stakes, or it interprets the Monopolies and the value of the paper offered is can bid for Berisford again.

Whether or not that works, Tate is loyalties. at the mercy of decisions outside its control at least until it can buy yet other new businesses to reduce its dependence on sugar. And that is another good reason for getting the multiple up.

Rolls-Royce

As the climax to a detailed and ef-Government's pricing of Rolls-Royce at 170p not unreasonably at-tempts to reap full benefit from the work that has been put in. Institu-tions and their analytical advisers are suitably convinced that Rolls is are surany convened that noise is a real company and are certainly prepared to buy it on multiples at least as steep as the only compar-able UK stock (that other denation-alisation offering. British Aero-

Furthermore, the market seems to be repeating the pattern which gave British Ariways such a smooth takeoff. But unless 9 per cent base state and a Consequentian election victory still seem to be in hand, a week from now, there may not be a great deal left for the stags.

sale of the Victor Value and Tesco taking that kicker out, the ongoing Tesco managed to increase operat-

Net margins have moved from 3.9 per cent to 5 per cent, so the quality gap between Tesco and Sainsburys at 6 per cent is narrowing. Not so the share price; assuming that Tes-co makes about £205m pre-tax and property disposals this year, the prospective multiple of 17.5 is still over 10 per cent short of Sainsbu-ry's. So Hillards shareholders inking of the Tesco paper offer strength of the Tesco price. The 20p shortfall between the Hillards price

Failed bids

rous offer it is becoming increa ingly difficult to win a contested hid, particularly if the target hap-pens to be defended by either Warourg or Barings.

Norcros's narrow escape from Williams Holdings ran against the grain of analytical opinion, but a solid phalanx of the loyalty-inclined institutions and the drip effect of all

fund managers are prepared to re-cognise at least in their rivals, now looks likely to extend the benefit of the doubt to Chamberlain Phipps in its struggle to fend off Wardle Sto-

Yet without the benefit of pens holidays Chamberlain's recent earnings per share record would have been even more dreadful and for an income stock its cover has been threadbare. It is a tribute to

the loyalty of its core shareholders that it has only just been hid for. The diversification into adhesives was strategically correct but indif-ferently executed, and a 65 per cent Testo's 36 per cent rise in pre-tax share of the shoe components marprofits was already foreshadowed in the documentation of its bid for little documentation of the striking increase in profitability is due to the

Pretoria police raid union HQ

night again sealed off Cosatu House in Johannesburg, the office base of more than 20 major black trade unions, only hours after the coun-try's higgest union faderation joined the anti-spartheld United Democratic Front (UDF) in calling

only elections.

The latest raid on Cosatu House follows a similar one last week thing rather faster."

week old strike and the dismissal last week of more than 16,000 black workers police yesterday reported finding the bodies of four black men who had been stabbed then set alight with flaming rubber tyres.

Police later connected the killings with the raid on Cosain House. A statement said: "The police now possess reliable evidence that these four men, who appear to be transport services workers, were forcibly removed from work to Cosatu House. There they were violently assaulted and taken to Kaserne (a container depot) where they were butchered in the most barbaric fashion for no other reason than that they chose not to participate in

A Cosatu worker inside the besieged building, who declined to be named, said police brought blacks disguised with balactavas into the building to point out possible sus-

in a statement shortly before police surrounded Cosatu House yes-terday, the union said it called a stayaway on Tuesday and Wednesday in protest against a whites-only election which capitalises on and deepens racism."

The statement said the stayaway

was also in protest against the banning of Cosatn's "living-wage cam-paign," the shooting of strikers, and the "military-style siege of Cosatu

Confident Lawson puts tax cuts at centre of election stage

By Peter Riddell, Political Editor, in London

THE British economy is "doing even better than forecast in the March 17 budget, Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, claimed yesterday in a speech in-tended to make the economy and taxation one of the central themes

of the forthcoming election.

He highlighted indicators published since the budget showing inflation "slightly lower" then was suggested then, "the current account of the balance of payments performing better, so far, than predicted" and "current signs if any

oame after the fatal shooting by police of six striking railway workers.

Three were shot less than a kilometre away from Cosain House where
the Cosatr-affiliated Railways and
Harbour Workers' Union (Sarhwu)
has its headquarters.

In a violent sequel to the sixweek old strike and the dismissal
last week of more than 16,000 black

In the House of Commons debate to food. He also said that no work
on the Finance Bill proposal to reduce the basic rate of income tax by
taken inside or outside the Treasury on any proposal by ministers to
increase VAT or extend its coverage".

But he added that the Treasury
was partially funding an academic
too long to achieve."

The debats was billed as a prepossible changes in VAT.

Yesterday's debate set the terms

parties on tax was in part a pro-found difference of political philoso-phy on the role of the state and its

ations to the individual. However, at one stage only five Labour opposition MPs, all but one on the front beach, were present. Labour believes that it has scored a major point in the repeated refus-al of ministers to rule out inture

Mr Lawson said the Government

Mr Bryan Gould, Labour's cam-paign co-ordinator, argued that any available money should be used for investment. He repeated Labour's pledge to maintain the tax burden. The party has said that in govern-ment it would recoup the revenue

lost to the Treasury by the 2n inresult in the reduction itself. ""

However, the Alliance regards last night's vote as the end of the matter because it will not be prom-

changes in the scope or rate of values added tax. It has also modified its tax and union workers. Last Friday's raid ed in the House of Commons debate to food. He also said that no work dropping of its original plan last sutumn to abolish the married man's tax allowance. Instead, the allow-ance would be maintained in money

Further evidence of the probability of a June general election will come today with the aunouncement of next week's Commons business, The debate was billed as a prolude to the election exchanges on
the economy with an ebullient Mr
Lawson arguing that the choice was
between "a party of lower taxation

research project on the impact of ty of a June general election will
come today with the announcement
of next week's Commons business,
which is unusually busy for local
election week with the completion
of several bills and orders.

Westland may make 1,000 redundant

BY MICHAEL DONNE, AEROSPACE CORRESPONDENT

WESTLAND Helicopters is likely to duced Weston plant is the first out-exe between 900 and 1,000 out of come of a study by the company of the total 1,250 jobs at its factory at the options open to it. Further deci-Weston-Super-Mare in south-west sions are expected in the near Ar-England because of a rundown in ture.

land Group, plans to keep open the is seeking other work to take its factory which makes, repairs and overhauls metal rotor blades for westland helicopters, and makes parts for other aircraft, including about 90.

The French Funa contract expires later this year, and westland is seeking other work to take its place. Success would enable it to reversely metal records about 90.

The French Funa contract expires later this year, and westland is seeking other work to take its place. Success would enable it to recover the seeking of the fire of the French Super Puma helicopter. When the British Government recently announced its £300m rescue cently announced its £300m rescoe package of orders for Westland, it was widely expected that the Wes-ton plant would have to be closed, and that with other cuts, up to 2,000 of the helicopter division's total

6,000 workers would be made re-The decision to retain a much-re- land Helicopter division.

US vote on trade

Continued from Page 1

tion to lift punitive duties imposed on \$300m of Japanese electronic im-

trade officials have been signalling their desire to remove the tariffs imposed on the grounds that Japan was breaching the bilateral pact on

Department Secretary and a man who normally takes a tough line on The Government's aid package included an order for 16 Lynx multirole helicopters for the armed for-ces, and up to 25 of the utility trans-port version of the joint Anglo-Ital-ian EH-101 helicopter for the army. But the EH-101 will still take ble," he said.

The Administration, however, is

still insisting on evidence that the Japanese will continue to adhere to the pact. A US decision on the removal of the tariffs is not expected

sanctions

President Reagan and his senior emiconductor dumping.

Mr Malcolm Baldrige, Commerce

trade issues, also struck a concilatory tone saying he expected the du-ties to be lifted. "We would like to lift those sanctions as soon as possi-

has acquired

Ranco Incorporated

The undersigned acted as financial advisers to Siebe in this transaction

Lazard Frères & Co. New York

Lazard Brothers & Co., Limited

World Weather

and the control of th

Merrill loses \$250m

Continued from Page 1

some time to bring into production, and interim redundancies are seen

as inevitable throughout the West-

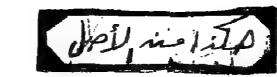
The French Puma contract ex-

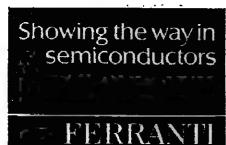
market has suffered one of its sharpest falls in recent years over the past few weeks amid mounting 21 22 fears that the drop in the dollar 16 11 would force the US to raise interest rates. Traders say that the mortgage-backed securities market has been even more volatile, with price declines of upwards of 10 points in

Merrill appears to have suffered

Apparently Merrill was successful in selling the interest-only portion to thrift institution, but it had difficulty disposing of the principal-only portion at a time when US interest raises were rising rapidly and bond prices were falling sharply. The US Government securities creasing number of complicated new securities instruments are be ing traded in heavy volumes. Industry regulators are known to be con-cerned that some of the firms have not properly identified the credit risks involved with these "derivative" securities and face potential

The trading loss also marks a po-tentially severe setback for Merrill

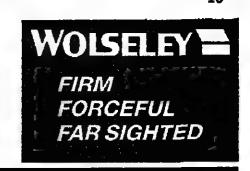




SECTION II – COMPANIES AND MARKETS

FINANCIALTIMES

Thursday April 30 1987



THOMSON AND STET TO FORM ELECTRONICS GROUP

Go-ahead for European chip deal

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parated.

THE FRENCH and Italian governments yesterday gave the go-ahead for Thomson, the French state-owned defence and electronics group, and the Italian state STET omunications concern to merge their semiconductor microchip activities. The new group will become the second-largest European semiconductor concern after

own 50 per cent of the new compa-ny, merging the non-defence semi-conductor operations of Thomson with those of SGS, the microchip

group controlled by STET.

The company will be based in the
Netherlands and have annual sales
of about \$800m. It will rank 12th among world chip producers and have a 3 per cent share of the world tor market

After months of talks, the two companies agreed on the merger to create a European group hig enough to compete in the world conductor market. However, Thomson's defence components business is not included in the deal. Mr Pasquale Pistorio, SGS ma-

falls back

by 64 %

Texaco

executive vice-president of Thom-son CSF, the French group's main defence and professional electronics subsidiary, is to become its

Mr Alain Gomez, Thomson chairman, and senior French govern-ment officials yesterday said the merger did not suggest a gradual withdrawal by the French group from this strategic sector. The deal was designed to reinforce France's seniconductor industry.

both the French and Italian governments would continue to support
the merged company equally. The
two governments are expected to finance about 50 per cent of the
group's research and development
this year This is likely to make the profit for Thomson.
The group's electronics an
fence systems businesses are
training profits advance to FFr
group's research and development
this year from FFr 307m the this year. This is likely to entail

naging director, will take over as

Thomson CSF. Thomson SA's earnchief executive officer of the new
ings rose to FFr 1.5bn from FFr
concern while Mr Henri Starck, the
583m the year before with sales inings rose to FFr 1.5bn from FFr-183m the year before with sales in-creasing by 6 per cent from FFr 59.5bn in 1985 to FFr \$2.7bn last

Thomson CSF's earnings rose to FFr 2.2bn last year from FFr 960m the year before. Sales of the main

the year before. Sales of the main Thomson subsidiary quoted on the bourse rose from FFr 316bn in 1985 to FFr 36bn last year.

Thomson's earnings advance reflects strong profits from financial operations. Indeed, the group has set up a large financial services branch over the last few years which has turned into an important which has turned into an important

The group's electronics and de-fence systems businesses saw op-erating profits advance to FFr 926m. last year from FFr 807m the year before. Components and semicon-ductors lost FFr 237m compared about FFr 250m-FFr 300m (\$50m) in ductors lost FFr 237m compared with FFr 200m the year before and similar amount from Haly.

Thomson also announced a surge in profits to FFr 240m strong advance in the consolidated last year from FFr 101m in 1965.



last year, compared with profits of FFr 358m in 1985. There was no question of Thomson shedding this

net earnings of both its main hold-ing company Thomson SA and samer products division had staged Extel stock sent surging by

BY NEGG TAIT IN LONDON

By Our Financial Staff TEXACO, the US oil major which earlier this mouth filed under Chap-ter 11 of the US Bankruptcy Code, yesterday said its first-quarter net profit had fallen 64 per cent to \$118m, or 49 cents a share, from \$228m or \$1.37 a year sec. \$328m, or \$1.37, a year ago.

The company blamed falling prof-it margins in oil refining and mar-lating and the costs of its legal dis-pute with Pennzoil over Texaco's takeover of Getty Oil, which led to the Chapter 11 filings.

Mr James Kinnear, president and chief executive officer, said: Texa-

chief executive officer, said: Texa-co's lower first-quarter earnings generally reflected the continuing depressed overall business environ-ment prevailing in the oil and yes

Mr Kinnear said the company had benefited in the first quarter a year ago because declining crude oil prices had not been immediately. passed through to petroleum prices.

Costs therefore fell more quickly
than revenues, producing high mar-gins in relining and marketing, or

ownstream, operations. But, he said, the situation in the first quarter this year was exactly

the reverse of a year ago.

"Increased crude acquisition costs could not be fully recovered in the reverse of a year ago. the marketplace, thus causing an erosion in the company's down-stream operating margins in 1987,"

Mr Kinnear said The company said the direct costs had come from added legal ex-penses and higher interest costs on

In the period immediately before the Chapter 11 filing, he said, the company was unable to buy crude

forced to augment shrinking supplies lines with inferior goods. Now that Texaco Inc is free to pursue its court appeal without fur-ther threats of bond and lien pres-

sures, many of those previous un-certainties have been removed," Mr Texaco has said it will appeal the case to the Texas supreme courts and, if necessary, the US Supreme

Pennzoil recovers, Page 18; Chevron hit, Page 16.

speculation over tender buyers

The bank refused to elaborate

further, or say whether the interest-ed party was a UK or overseas com-pany. Speculation among analysis still leans heavily in favour of Unit-

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

that its board and management will carefully evaluate the unsoli-cited, highly conditional offer made by Samjens Partners." At the weekend Samjens, a partnership formed by Mr Edelman, the New

York corporate raider, and the acquisitive Dominion, offered \$60 a.

share for all the Burlington stock is

On Tuesday, the partnership told the US Securities and Exchange

Commission that it had 8.7 per cent of Burlington's stock. The bidders

also started a court action to foil Burlington's "poison pill" anti-take-

Burlington's suit, filed in a US district court, seeks damages against Mr Edelman, Dominion,

well was prepared to comment on how many tenders were received al-though they confirmed that the Montagu offer was the highest re-ceived. A minimum tender price of

about Burlington.

Burlington said the suit alleges
PaineWebber then disseminated

nection with acquiring Burlington

420p had been set. Yesterday, shares in-Extel added

Burlington to sue in

\$1.6bn takeover bid

BURLINGTON industries, the larger and Samjens, as well as PaineWebest. US textile group, yesterday responded to the \$1.6bm takeover bid by Mr Asher Edebman and Domin-Mr Ammeen was a Burtington ex-

THE FUTURE destination of Mr Robert Maxwell's near-27 per cent stake in Extel, the sporting and business information group, remained a mystery last night following the close yesterday of the tender offer for it.

The stake was bought by Samuel Montagu, the merchant bank, paying 481p a share, or a total of £84.51m Montagu said it was acting as principal but added that it was now in discussions with one party over the possible acquisition of the shares.

The stake was bought by Samuel Montagu, the merchant bank, paying 481p a share, or a total of £84.51m Montagu said it was acting as principal but added that it was now in discussions with one party over the possible acquisition of the shares.

quested a copy of the company's share register.

Mr Maxwell first bought into Extel during the previous bid for the group from Demerger, a newly formed company, last year. Because he was at one stage deemed to be acting in concert with Demerger, Mr Maxwell was barred from making his own hid for Extel until the end of April 1987. Three weeks ago, however, he amounced weeks ago, however, he announce his intention of selling the stake.

Commodore ahead despite fall in sales

COMMODORE International, the Sim or 3 cents a share, on reduce loss of \$36.7m, or \$1.17, for the same

by Mr Asher Edeman and Dominion Textile of Canada by suing for an injunction against the offer and seeking more than \$500m in compensatory and punitive damages.

At the same time, Burlington said that its board and management confidential and inside information about Parish will carefully evaluate the unsoliperiod a year ago.

The profit represents Commodore's fourth consecutive quarterly profit after an extended period of heavy losses.

Commodore's sales were down,

Commodore's sales were down however, from \$182.3m to \$169.5m caused by slower US sales, the com-pany said. Foreign sales repre-sented over 70 per cent of total reveranewebber them disseminated this information to various people, including the other defendants, in an attempt to induce a "hust-up takeover" of Burlington. The defendants are alleged to have used the information unlawfully in constant with marking Purification.

sales with the introduction of two new Amiga personal computers. The models are already being sold in Europe.

For the nine-month period, ne

shares, it added.

Burlington also said that in connection with its evaluation of the ofincome from continuing operations was \$20.7m, or 65 cents a share, compared with losses of \$129.1m. fer, its management and board would also consider all alternatives available to the company in order to Tax credit brought the final net for protect the interest of holders, em-ployees, customers, suppliers and communities in which it operated. the latest period to \$26.5m, or 83 cents. Sales fell to \$618.3m from

PepsiCo's earnings growth quickens

PEPSICO, the world's second-largest soft drink company after Coca-Cola, has reported faster growth of first-quarter earnings than it ex-pected, following strong perfor-mances by its three business segmances by its three business seg-ments: drinks, snack foods and res-

Net profit from continuing opera-tions for the three months ended March 31 rose 17 per cent to \$81.7m, or 31 cents a share, from \$60.7m, or 27 cents, a year earlier.

Final net profit was cut to \$58.9m, or 26 cents, against \$68.7m, or 26 cents, a year earlier by losses from med operations and dispo-

Sales grew by 34 per cent to \$2.29bn from \$1.71bn, in part reflecting major acquisitions such as the Kentucky Pried Chicken res-

the Kenthicky Pried Christen res-tamrant group and Seven-Up Inter-national soft drink operations.

Snack food profits expanded by 41 per cent on a 5 per cent sales growth thanks to higher sales by Prito-Lay products and higher pro-fit margins reflecting cost control and lower spending on new pro-ducts.

ducts.

The upturn at Frito-Lay, Pepsi-Co's most important profit centre, follows several years of stagnant

Soft drink semings expanded by 32 per cent on a 40 per cent increa in sales. Excluding acquisitions, do mestic soft drink earnings rose 23 per cent. Pepsi-Cola brands achieved 5 per cent volume growth in the US in the quarter, which was faster than the industry rate. International sales rose 28 per cent.

Restaurant earnings rose 48 per cent on a 67 per cent increase in sales, reflecting the October 1966 Kentucky Fried Chicken takeover and a 3 per cent growth in sales per US resiaurant. A strong perfor-mance at Taco Bell was offset by lower earnings at Pissa Hut

Ford first-quarter profits rise to record \$1.5bn

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

reported record first-quarter earnings of \$1.49hn, or \$5.73 a share, confirming its supremacy over Gen-eral Motors, its larger rival.

The latest earnings are more than double the \$728.3m, or \$2.70 a share, achieved in the first quarter of 1986 and contrast sharply with the 25 per cent decline in first-quarter profits at GM, announced last year. Ford's sales in the latest quar-ter jumped from \$14.8bn to \$18.1bn. Wall Street reacted enthusiastically to the news, with the shares up \$5% in mid-morning trading at \$86%.

Mr Donald E. Petersen, Ford's chairman, said the record first-quarter profits "reflect strong per-formance in the market and contin-year-ago first quarter. Mr Petersen share.

FORD MOTOR, the second-biggest used improvements in Ford's ongo-US motor manufacturer, yesterday ing level of profitability." Improvements in product quality,

manufacturing technology and pro-ductivity had contributed to the per-formance. In North America, firstquarter earnings also improved be-cause of an rise in dealer inventories from low year-end levels.

cars and trucks also contributed to the improvement

said Ford's car and truck market shares in the US, Canada and Europe had all risen last year. Ford's US car market share in the latest quarter was 20 per cent, he said.

Ford's US truck share was 29.4 per cent, reflecting improved shares for the Ranger, Bronco and

In the US, where the company is benefiting form the success of the recently introduced Taurus and Sable models and improvements in quality, Ford's after-tax profit was \$1.16bn, up from \$566m a year ago. Increased market shares for both \$269.7m, or \$1.24 a share.

Last year, Ford surpassed its larger rival in earnings for the first

SKF raises profit 8% in first quarter

BY KEVIN DONE, MORDIC CORRESPONDENT IN STOCKHOLM

SKF of Sweden, the world's leading had increased pressure on prices. manufacturer of rolling bearings, increased its profits (after financial items) in the first quarter by 8.6 per cent to SKr 380m (860m) from SKr

350m a year earlier.

Operating profits rose by 9.1 percent to SKr 358m. The figures have been adjusted to exclude SKF's special steel operations which were marged last October into a 50/50 joint venture with Ovako of Fin-

SKF said that demand for rolling bearings, tools and components had been lower than expected in the early months of the year. Bearing sales to the ear industry had im-proved, however, with particularly strong daymand in West Company trong demand in West Germany.

SKF group sales rose by 8.8 per cent to SKr 4.9bn from SKr 4.503bn a year earlier.

The company said that its North American bearing operations had been returned to profit after the problems of the previous two years, helped by the far-reaching restruc-turing and reconstruction carried

SKF is still trying to increase its North American presence, which has lagged behind the group's average market share worldwide of some 20 per cent. Last year, it acquired MRC, a small rival US 1984. bearings producer.

Low growth in the market generally and the singgish business clitimproved the productivity of remate in both Europe and the US maining plants by some 16 per cent.

Peugeot to pay first dividend

in six years

PEUGEOT, the French private-sector car group which includes the Peugeot and Citroën marques, announced yesterday that it would pay its first dividend in six years. The group also confirmed that it

was planning to launch a capital in-crease. Details of the equity raising are to be disclosed early next

This strong recovery has pro-The group reduced its US workforce in 1986 and closed one plant.
It improved the productivity of remaining plants by some 16 per cent.

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US MEAT PACKERS HEDGE AGAINST CHANGES IN CONSUMER TASTE

ConAgra beefs up diversity with Monfort deal

AT FIRST glance, this month's agreement by ConAgra, the \$5bn Omaha-based agricultural products conglomerate, to purchase Monfort of Colorado, the fourth-largest US beef packer, in a deal worth some \$365.5m, may be construed as ill-ad-

After all, US red mest demand has been singgish for some time — We have a simple strategy," exits tark contrast to the poultry market (among ConAgra's traditional strengths), where consumption contimues to soar despite last year's higher prices. However, diversification has late-

ly become the trend for hig meat companies, anxious to hedge against possible shifts in consumer tastes. ConAgra's big move into beef - which it had signalled earlier vice-president. To be diversified is just the latest of a series of simi-

s just the latest of a series of simi-ar moves in the industry.

Last year, for example, Texas usinessman Mr Edwin Cox bought other major links. In addition to its

meanwhile, the largest privately held company in the US with wide-spread interests in commodities, entered the park sector for the first time in January, agreeing to buy a hog-slaughtering plant. Nine years ago, Cargill outbid ConAgra for MBPXL (since renamed Excel), the second-largest US beef packer.

this year with the purchase of E.A. across the food sector." He adds:
Miller, a Utah-based slaughterer - "The red meat business is a huge

Swift Independent Packing, the poultry interests (it is the second-third-largest beef packer, to add to his other beef and pork slaughtering and packing businesses. Cargill, market, the largest US shrimp pro-

Monfort is expected to keep a

high degree of autonomy when it is officially welcomed into the ConAg-ra fold, probably in June. "Our major businesses operate as independented to "make good money," ac-dent operating companies," says Mr cording to Mr Roger Spencer of Casey. However, the chances are Paine Webber.
that the newcomer will be "thatlenged" to average more than a 20 \$1.5bn last year, a considerable per cent after-tax return on year immaround from seven years ago beginning equity — ConAgra's most when the firm lost \$23.5m on sales important financial objective under: of \$755m. Revenues have been below.

cessor and the biggest publicly held grain trader. It is also among the largest players in the domestic fromen food market — a position which enables it to sell on a branded basis direct to the consumer.

As well as beef packing, Monfort will contribute both a large cattle at one point to a record high 75 cents a pound. Beef prices held up well enough in 1986, however, for several in the sector — Monfort intelligible to market strength is unable to market poultry, where domestic from the consumer.

As well as beef packing, Monfort states, pushing the broiler market at one point to a record high 75 cents a pound. Beef prices held up well enough in 1986, however, for several in the sector — Monfort intelled and the largest feeding capacity in the US, at 280,000 head.

Monfort is expected to keep a



Mr Charles 'Mike' Harper's chair-stered by the company's policy, un-manship.

UBS -- Phillips & Drew Capital Markets Group Zurich, London, Frankfurt, New York, Tokyo, Toronto, Sydney



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INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES and FINANCE

STEEL AND ENERGY GROUP DECLARES REGULAR QUARTERLY DIVIDEND

USX trims loss, predicts growth

BY WILLIAM HALL IN NEW YORK

USX, the US steel and energy group which is recovering from a long steel strike and a hostile takeover bid last year, more than halved its financing charges fell by \$39m to the profit in each of the remaining quarters and to be profit in each of the remaining quarters and to be profit to extraorder by sage and said it as:

At the pre-interest operating leveral cuttook, we expect to post a control of the remaining quarters and to be profit to extraorder by sage and said it as:

*In addition, based upon our presciptor operating loss of \$24m on sales of \$1.4bm in the previous period.

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*In addition, based upon our presciptor operating loss of \$24m on first-quarter losses and said it expected to be profitable for the full Mr David Roderick, USX's chair-

pared with a net loss of \$249m, or that the worst is now behind us and which restarted production in Feb-

Mr David Roderick, USX's chair— The group's oil and gas opera-man, says the latest results reflect tions, which include Marathon Oil

dividend of 30 cents a share.

Although some of the steel faciliit also reported a first-quarter by start-up costs will trail into the same period of last year.

Second quarter, we are confident USX's traditional steel business.

year," said Mr Roderick.

The group, which lost \$1.53bm in both the effects of the steel strike and Texas Oil and Gas, posted opconfidence in its recovery yesterday of the strike.

The group, which lost \$1.53bm in both the effects of the steel strike and Texas Oil and Gas, posted opconfidence in its recovery yesterday of the strike.

\$2.3bm in the latest quarter compared with an operating loss of the strike.

\$1.06, in the comparable period of expect the corporation to be profi-ruary after the six-month strike, share and, based on current steel 1986. Sales shrank by 40 per cent to table, both on an operating and net had an operating loss of \$192m on income basis, in the second quarter. sales of \$190m, compared with an both the third and fourth quarters.

to achieve its pre-strike market share and, based on current steel costs and prices, forecasts profits in

the debt it took on to finance the ac-

quisition of Gulf Corporation. Its in-terest expense fell 15 per cent, ref-lecting a 10 per cent decline in the

Meanwhile, CB Pak, the compa-

They are already being asked by

Pennzoil recovers with \$12m profit

By Our Financial Staff

PENNZOIL, the Texas oil and gas Texaco over its takeover of Getty of \$12.1m, or 20 cents a share, in the or 49 cents. Revenues fell to \$444.7m from \$513.7m.

The deficit for the 1986 quarter followed a charge of \$58m, or \$1.42 a share, from a writedown of oil properties of Proven Properties, its 18.7 per cent owned affiliate.

Texaco's chairman, is urging state legislators to pass a bill to limit to \$1bn the bond Texaco must post to

aco could escape bankruptcy pro-ceedings begun after a state court ordered it to post a bond of more

Mr. Decrane's comm testimony to the US jurisprudence committee, which is considering the hill introduced by Senator Carl Parker and Representative Charles

The measure would put the limit on the bond that must be posted be-fore a losing defendant could ap-

Texas law requires the losing de-fendant to post a bond roughly equal to the judgment in order to protect the winner's interests while

We see it as the only chance to get out of bankruptcy before this il-igation is finally resolved," he said.

Separately, Mr Michael Cranes, Pennzoil's lawyer, said he had no mmediate objection to the estabishment of two creditors' commit-

The US trustee on the Texaco case earlier named Pennzoll to one of the committees, made up of companies which compete with Texaco. Ravenhead, Britain's largest glass tablewere producer, was bought for an undisclosed sum by Libbey St Clair, a 50 per cent owned affiliate of CB Pak two weeks ago

Pirelli UK profits slip

of the Italian tyre and cables group, reports lower profits for 1986 with a sharp setback for the cables divi-

ery on the tyres side.
On turnover up from £391m to £413m (\$660m), profits before exceptional items and tex disped to £192m last year from £21.2m in 1005. rence river about 290 miles north-

Quebec provincial government of from £16m in 1985 when returns ficials are due to meet the company's representatives next week, and federal officials are looking on with tumbled to £147m from £185m.

In contrast, tyre profits bounced from £5.9m to £3.4m on the back of the Quebec Government to provide strong sales and improving productinancial support for a newsprint mill at Matane, further down the St Lawrence.

strong sales and improving productivity. Opto-electronics also moved ahead strongly, lifting profits to £1.6m from £558,000.

Chevron hit by lag in oil product prices

CHEVRON, the fourth-biggest US first time since last year's first with profits of \$48m in the same peoil company, suffered a 47 per cent drop in first-quarter net income to itability was a result of the moderate increase in crude oil prices that product prices lagged behind the same peoile find to cover the dividend for the second quarter running, benefited from \$48m in net gains from asset sales including the company's share \$198m, or 58 cents a share, on a ate increase in crude oil prices that year ago, on revenues which fall 23 occurred following the December per cent to \$6.8km, as reported 1986 Opec meeting."

Mr George Keller, chief execu-tive, said that, "even though total doubled earnings to \$106m in the earnings remain depressed, our do-latest quarter, but the group's refinlatest quarter, but the group's refin-ing and marketing operations lost \$52m in the first quarter compared

in reduced sales margins and losses for Chevron's US refining and marketing operations. He added that sales margins by the end of the

Consolidated-Bathurst still seeking acquisitions

CONSOLIDATED BATHURST, the share, on sales of C\$333m, up from Canadian foxest products group operating net profit of C\$14.7m, or which turned down buying control 11 cents, on sales of C\$453m a year of Domtar and British Columbia sarlier.

After special charges in the 1966 se they were too expensive, is period of C\$47.4m to cover write

The company, 40 per cent owned by Power Corporation of Canada and 15 per cent by Associated Newspapers of the UK, doubled operating net profit in the first quarin. St. Helens, near Liverpool in north-western England, as a basel-1007 with strong newsprint, pulp and containerboard markets and re-

Mr William Turner, chairman, affiliate of CB Pak two weeks ago and Mr Oscar Strangeland, president, said the Bridgewater newsprint will at Electronere Port in the UK was making a profit Preserve will be invested in the St Helens for price increases in other and plant to increase its competitive newsprint in Europe were becoming internal because of currency about 20 per cent of its output to the plant and the strength of the plant about 20 per cent of its output to the plant and the plant about 20 per cent of its output to the plant and the plant about 20 per cent of its output to the plant and plant

changes. Higher prices would improve this operation's results.

Europa Carton, the large West
German packaging subsidiary with
operations in the Netherlands, had
a record 1986, but performance on the south short of the St. Law-

panding in the forest products field and outside Quebec, where it has most of its mills.

It is spending C\$230m (\$172m) upgrading its mills this year, about the same as in 1986, bringing the four-year total to about C\$1bu.

The company's first-quarter earn-mill at Maings were C333m, or 29 cents a Lawrence.

BANCO LATINOAMERICAMO DE EXPORTACIONES, S.A. US\$50,000,000 PLOATING RATE NOTES **DUE 1990**



ri accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given, that for the six months interest Period from April 30, 1967 to October 30, 1967 the notes will carry an interest rate of 834% per amount. The amount payable on October 30, 1987 against Couper No. 5 will be US\$425.73 for Bearer Notes of US\$10,000 principal amount and US\$4,257,29 for Bearer Notes of US\$100,000 principal amount, US\$425,73 will be payable on each US\$10,000 prinunt of Registered Notes.

April 20, 1987 THE CHASE MANHATTAN BANK, N.A.

The Kingdom of Belgium Floating Rate Notes Due May 2005

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice Is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 615/18% for the Interest Determination Period 30th April, 1987 to 29th May, 1987. Interest payable on 29th May, 1987 will amount to U.S.\$1,397-14 per U.S.\$250,000 Note. (Total U.S.\$4,305-13 for period 27th February, 1987 to 29th May, 1987)

Agent Bank: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York

The Republic of Italy U.S.\$500,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 2005

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period from 30 April, 1987, to 29 May, 1987, the Notes will carry an interest rate of 64% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, 29 May, 1987 will be US\$55.38 per US\$10,000 nom-inal amount in Bearer (Coupon No. 21) or Registered form and US\$1,384.55 per US\$250,000 denomination in Bearer form (Coupon No. 21).

30 April, 1987. The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. London, Agent Bank.



Bank of Montreal

U.S.\$125,000,000 Floating Rate Debentures. Series 6, due 1991 (Subordinated to deposits and other liabilities

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest for the six month period 30th April, 1987 to 30th October, 1987 has been fixed at 7½ per cent. The amount payable on 30th October, 1987 will be U.S.\$381.25 against Coupon No. 12.

4

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York

All of these securities have been sold. This announcement appears only as a matter of record.

April 6, 1987

S. G. Warburg Securities

5,000,000 Shares

Newmont Gold Company

Common Stock

International Offering 1,000,000 Shares

Kidder, Peabody International

Lazard Brothers & Co., Limited

Salomon Brothers International Limited

Cazenove & Co. Compagnie de Banque et d'Investissements Dresdner Bank Goldman Sachs International Corp.

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities)

Nomura International N. M. Rothschild & Sons J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Shearson Lehman Brothers International

Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited

Banque Paribas Capital Markets

Deutsche Bank Capital Markets

Sanyo International

The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd.

4,000,000 Shares

Kidder, Peabody & Co.

Lazard Frères & Co.

United States Offering

Salomon Brothers Inc

Goldman, Sachs & Co. Shearson Lehman Brothers Inc. Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc. Alex. Brown & Sons Dillon, Read & Co. Inc. Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette Drexel Burnham Lambert Hambrecht & Quist E. F. Hutton & Company Inc. **Montgomery Securities** PaineWebber Incorporated **Prudential-Bache Capital Funding** L. F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin, Inc. Robertson, Colman & Stephens Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co. Wertheim Schroder & Co. Dean Witter Reynolds Inc. Arnhold and S. Bleichroeder, Inc. Allen & Company A. G. Edwards & Sons, Inc. Oppenheimer & Co., Inc. Thomson McKinnon Securities Inc. Advest, Inc. Bateman Eichler, Hill Richards Birr, Wilson Securities, Inc. Blunt Ellis & Loewi Boettcher & Company, Inc. J. C. Bradford & Co. Butcher & Singer Inc. Cable, Howse & Ragen Cowen & Company Dain Bosworth Eppler, Guerin & Turner, Inc. Fahnestock & Co. Inc. First Albany Corporation First Manhattan Co. Furman Selz Mager Dietz & Birney First of Michigan Corporation Gruntal & Co., Incorporated Janney Montgomery Scott Inc. Johnson, Lane, Space, Smith & Co., Inc. Johnston, Lemon & Co. Ladenburg, Thaimann & Co. Inc. Neuberger & Berman The Ohio Company Piper, Jaffray & Hopwood Parker/Hunter Prescott, Ball & Turben, Inc. Rauscher Pierce Refsnes, Inc. The Robinson-Humphrey Company, Inc. Rotan Mosle Inc. Stifel, Nicolaus & Company Sutro & Co. Tucker, Anthony & R. L. Day, Inc. Underwood, Neuhaus & Co. Wood Gundy Corp. Brean Murray, Foster Securities Inc. Doft & Co., Inc. Gabelli & Company, Inc. Wheat, First Securities, Inc. Haas Securities Corporation Keane Securities Co., Inc. McKinley Allsopp, Inc. Josephthal & Co. R. Rowland & Co.

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS and COMPANIES

Bond prices firm as pace of new issues slackens

Penno

EURODOLLAR PRICES im-

be focused on the direction to 91 per cent, of the dollar over the next few In an unusual days against the background of the US-Japanese summit in Washington. But holidays on both sides of the weekend in Japan and Europe should limit trading volume.

The new issues market took a breather after two days of lively activity in the Eurosterling and Australian dollar

holding up well yesterday de-spite the congestion in the new

Prices in the Eurosterling in quiet turnover. EURODOLLAR. FRICES im the Eurostering in quiet turnover, in Switzerland, prices were point yesterday in brisk professional dealing, even though the US Treasury bond market eased in nervous trading ahead of the release of details of the US Treasury refunding package.

Dealers said all eyes would Tresday's 1 per cent reduction to 1 per cent in UK Treasury and the distribution of the US Treasury and the distribution of the US Treasury refunding package.

Dealers said all eyes would to 1 per cent reduction to 2 per cent bond for 1 per cent reduction to 2 per cent bond for 1 per cent reduction to 2 per cent bond for 1 per cent reduction to 2 per cent bond for 1 per cent reduction to 2 per cent bond for 1 per cent per cent per cent reduction to 2 per cent bond for 1 per cent per ce

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

sterling and Australian dollar sectors. One new deal emerged; an A\$50m bond for Swedish Expert Credit, launched by Saloman Brothers International.

The 14; per cent deal, which matures in June 1989, is priced at 1041. It was hid at the laurel

In an unusual move, Paine Finance led a SFr 50m issue of Vebber International an convertible preference change convertible preference shares for John Crowther, the fast-growing UK textiles company. The deal coincided with further complaints by UK institutions about the dilution effects of these types of issues.

If converted, the bond would account for 7 per cent of John Crowther's enlarged issued share capital, taking into account a rights issue, also amounced yesterday. This com-pares with the limit of 21 per cent for international equity issues suggested yesterday by

matures in June 1989, is priced at 104½. It was bid at the level of its 1½ per cent fees.

The Australian dollar bonds launched on Tuesday, which launched on Tuesday, which totalled A\$330m, seemed to be halding un well yesterday de-In the D-Mark market, prices after the fifth year at a price ended the day a touch better to give a 5 per cent yield.

French licence for Tokyo firm

BY GEORGE GRAHAM IN PARIS

ettlement of a dispute between France and Japan over access to one another's financial markets.

2000 the street was

Pirell

profite

فالتبيد فالأراءات 1 10 1 200

The French Government has been blocking Daiwa's application for a securities licence, first lodged in November 1985, in retaliation for the obstacles it feels Japan has put in the way of French banks which have been trying to gain access to Tokyo's financial markets.

A high-level mission earlier this month, led by Mr Daniel Lebegue, director of the French Treasury, reached agreement with the Japanese Ministry of Finance on a solution to the

Daiwa will be the first

In return, the ministry has agreed that the takeover of W. I. Carr, the stockbroker, by Banque Indosuez of France will not prejudice Carr's Tokyo securities licence.

The licence, under Article 99 of France's banking law, will put Daiws on an equal footing in France with the other lead-ing Japanese securities houses and will allow it to develop its activities in such areas as fund management and syndications, a senior Daiwa executive said

Two further banks on each side are expected to have their applications for licences processed quickly as a result of the accord.

DAIWA SECURITIES of Japan Japanese company to benefit Nationale de Paris and Credit will today receive its French from the reciprocity agreement. Lyonnais will be granted securities licence, following the In return, the ministry has "The Japanese have con-firmed to the French Treasury that our application will be authorised immediately. We consider the problem has been resolved," said Mr Jean-Maxime Leveque, chairman of Credit Lyonnais.

In Paris, meanwhile, Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank and Mitsubishi Bank are expected to receive full banking licences from the French authorities.

French officials had become arenen omerais had become increasingly irritated by the obstacles Japan had raised before it would accept Credit Lyonnais's and BNP's applications for securities licences, and at the absurdity of having the reference licences above a basic ne accord. to refuse a licence for a bank On the French side, Banque as large as Dai-Ichi Kangyo.

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

照情報の情報はの情報を持ちる ちれかれるのとはれないないのはないのははないない -城中城城城-水城城-城南城-城城

110 / 100 / 110 /

Closing prices on April 29. THE STRAINITY Count III ONLY 1997 OF THE COUNTY OF THE COU

5.8% 1906 2944 1906 298 2782 1367 2945 465 465 784 2945 1465 465 784 2945

Akzo falls sharply in first

quarter. By Laura Raun in Amsterdam

AKZO, the Dutch fibres and chemicals group, said its not in-come had fallen 18 per cent to Fi 180.3m (\$90.2m) in the first quar-ter this year from Fi 218.7m a year earlier. The company blamed lower prices in synthetic fibres and startum have in its fibres and start-up in its new aramid fibre.

new aramid fibre.

Selling prices for synthetic fibres were depressed by the weaker dollar, particularly for exports outside Europe. Operating mount in synthetic fibres plunged more than half to FI 50m in the first quarter from FI 51m in the venture period. in the year-ago period.

Akzo's new aramid fibre,

called Twaron, was mostly blamed for the fall in earnings from non-consolidated companies to Fl WO.000 from Fl 12m. The company has declined to resuper-strong, lightweight, heat-resistant fibre although initial production was delayed several times and a costly legal battle is being waged arms Du Pont over its own aramid fibre.

The chemical products divi-sion also suffered a decline in operating income of 21 per cent to FI 116m from FI 146m on lower

shipments of de-icing salt.
Sales fell 6 per cent to Fl
3.81bn in the January-March period from Fl 4.07bn in the correspunding period of 1966 due to cheaper selling prices, notably in export markets. The weaker dellar also hurt sales by shrinking revenue in terms of guilders.

NatWest picks DG Bank man for Frankfurt

By Our Euromarkets Staff

NATWEST INVESTMENT Bank, part of the National Westminster Bank group, has appointed Mr Uwe Flach, the long-serving head of capital markets at DG Bank, to spearhead a new drive into invest-ment banking at Deutsche Westminster Bank, its Frank-

furt arm.
"The decision to develop "The decision to develop capital markets activities on a broader scale reflects the growing importance of Frankfurt as a financial centre," National Westminster said.

Mr Flach, 44, will become a director of County Natiwest, the capital markets unit of NatWest Investment Bank, as wall as joining Dentsche Westminster's board. He will be responsible for developing its corporate finance, and all D-Mark trading and new issues

business.

As a director and general manager of DG Bank, Mr Flach was responsible for building up similar operations during his 11-year stay at the bank, Before joining

Dillon, Read, the US securities firm.

He will be replaced by Mr Michael Zemer, who is presently senior general manager for international business at DG Bank.

Monier agrees sweetened CSR offer

THE INDEPENDENT directors of Monier, the Australian building products group, have agreed unanimously to recommend to shareholders acceptance of the sweetened bid for the company by CSR, Our Financial Staff writes. The recommendation is con-

The recommendation is conditional on no higher offer being made.

CSR, whose interests already include building materials as well as sugar and resources, offered A\$3.50 a share on Monday for 50.1 per cent of Monier. The remaining 49.9 per cent is held by Redland, the British building products group, which will not tender its shares.

which will not tender his shares.

After discussions with the Monier board, CSR yesterday increased its offer to A\$3.80 a share, it also gave defined for the alternative effer of shares; this consists of four CSR shares plus A\$2.75 cash for every five Monier shares.

Lawson Mardon in equity offering LAWSON MARDON,

Canadian-based packaging group formed in 1985 after a management buyout from Britain's BAT Industries, is tapping the international equity market for nearly onethird of an issue raising between \$200m and \$230m, Our Euromarkets Staff writes. Credit Suisse First Beston

sold by Lawson Marden in Canade and 4.6m in the US, of which 1.5m surrently belong to Prodential Insur-

Sydney seeks wider futures trade

SYDNEY FUTURES Exchange, and a contract based on the participants from the US as cedures and the establishment which claims to be the leading All-Ordinaries shares price well as Australia and else- of a fidelity fund, Mr Hosking to be the reading in Asia, has index set out to boost volumes for its poorly-traded internationally- linked futures contracts, in London—for US Treasury of a group of committed, active in London—for US Treasury of a group of committed, active contract based on 20 stocks.

the same period last year.

Most of the interest has focused on domestic financial

linked futures contracts,
Details of the campaign emerged as the exchange reported a trebling in volume of all contracts traded in 1986 and a continuation of the trend this year.

The figures show 3.4m contracts and a links with the contracts and experienced 'locals'." Mr less the king, chief executive of the exchange, said yesterday.

"Non-residents of Australia will be encouraged to purchase or lease local memberships, and links with the contracts are local memberships."

Chicago Mercantile Exchange are local memberships and experienced 'locals'." Mr less thosking, chief executive of the exchange, said yesterday.

"Non-residents of Australia will be encouraged to purchase port, which has links with the contracts are local memberships, and links with the contracts are local memberships."

Chicago Mercantile Exchange are local memberships, and links with the contracts are local memberships.

The figures show 3.4m contracts traded in 1986, compared with 1.22m in 1985, and 1.14m contracts in the first quarter of liquidity and depth of its were already available for high-same period last year.

Chicago Mercantile Exchange. a temporary is available in special depends on the circumstances." Fee rebates were already available for high-same period last year.

The figures show 3.4m contracts Sydney's success with these category is available in special depends on the circumstances." Fee rebates on the circumstances. The other main tasks for the contracts of the contract of the contracts of the contracts of the contract of the contrac shortcomings are officially acknowledged.

bank accepted bills and ten- for greater numbers of "locals." regulatory environment, the year Australian Treasury bonds The exchange hopes to attract introduction of arbitration pro-

1987 was to consolidate the exfocused on domestic financial The campaign to improve change's position after the exfutures contracts for 90-day liquidity focuses on the need pansion of 1986, the improved bank accepted bills and ten-

contract based on 20 stocks, and a revamped US dollar-Australian dollar currency contract matching one which has

started trading in Chicago. Chicago trading hours to overlap with Sydney should make the Sydney Exchange a more attractive place to do futures

Traders in US Treasury bonds were more likely to use Sydney to lay off risk rather than cover

Watchdog probes Mexican banks' sell-offs

Mr del Val said his office had and more than threefold for Bancomer. Nearly all the shares were pre-sold to bank executives and employees, and on a procedure was in the sale of CAPs [Cartificados de Apor-

General's office is to investigate the procedures used by the country's nationalised banks to privatise up to 34 per cent of their capital, according to Mr Enrique del Val, the deputy Comptroller General.

The two large banks also stration, which took office in the two maion commercial banks, Banamex and Bancomer, issued on February 6. The issues led to each CAP, redeemable to rebuild business confidence at market price less 25 per cent by selling financial services to banks have also issued stocks, and now a third of equity in the banks, back to the private banks also issued two convertible bonds to rebuild business confidence at market price less 25 per cent by selling financial services banks have also issued stocks, and now a third of equity in the banks, back to the private banks also issued two convertible bonds to rebuild business confidence at market price less 25 per cent by selling financial services banks have also issued on CAPs, the banks, hack to the private banks have also issued only CAPs, the banks, back to the private at substantially higher price-to-arrings and networks.

Although the Government has

earnings and net-worth ratios.
All Mexico's commercial

banks were nationalised in the beginning of the year, it has September 1982, at the height faced sharp criticism from the of a financial crisis. President more independent newspapers, the opposition and trade unions.

Strong growth at Japan's top stores groups

JAPAN'S FIVE biggest depart- improving gross profit margins. of imported goods. ment store groups have For example, Mitsukoshi had For the fiscal

Mitsukoshi

reported strong growth in earn- eliminated borrowing and out- February 1988, the five stores ings, underpinned by firm con-sumer spending, despits the end of the year, for the first 3 to 5 per cent and pre-tax slower sales of clothing because time in 30 years.

of mild winter weather.

The stores' streamlining Six leading supermarket efforts were accompanied by chains, excluding Daiet, interest rate reductions and achieved record pre-tax profits, stocks and borrowings, strengbenefits from the strong year, on the strength of opening new including reductions in the cost stores. Nichti's decline in sales

2.7

DEPARTMENT STORES

502.6

377.8

For the fiscal year to

was caused by shifting seven stores in Kyushu to a subsidi-ary. The supermarkets also benefited from the strong yin. For their current year, the top four supermarket chains—Daiel, Ito-Yokado, Jusco and Seiyu—expect revenues to in-crease by 3 per cent, backed by the opening of new outlets and refurbishment of existing

		SUPERIKAKET CHA	IN STORES	
Net profit		Sales	Pre-tax profit	Net pro
3	Dalei	1,446.2	19.1	6.4
4.6				25.4
1.2	Inco	774.56	23.7	3.9 11.41
3.5			18.15	8.61
2.8	Uny	430.33	16.84	8.61 2.76 7.67
	3 4.6 1.2 3.5	3 Dalei ito-Yokade 4.6 Seiyu 1.2 jucco Nichii Nagasakiya	Soles Soles Soles	3 Dalei 1,446.2 19.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1

*Figures in both tables in Ybn.

All these securities having been sold this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

£100,000,000

9½ per cent. Bonds Due 2007 Issue Price 953/4 per cent.

J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited

S. G. Warburg Securities

Barclays de Zoete Wedd Limited

Lloyds Merchant Bank Limited

Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited

is heading a syandicate for the offering outside the US and Canada of 5.4m shares at between US\$12 and US\$14 A further 6.5m are being

County NatWest Capital Markets Limited

N.M. Rothschild & Sons Limited

Morgan Guaranty Ltd

Baring Brothers & Co., Limited

Chase Investment Bank Limited

Kleinwort Benson Limited

Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited

Nomura International Limited

Salomon Brothers International Limited

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

Bond sells

complex

By David Dodwell in Hong Kong

MR ALAN BOND, the Am-

MR ALAN BUND, the Ambiralism entrepreneur, has agreed to sell 50 per cent of his interest in the HERLSon (US\$243m) Bond Centre in Hong Kong to Mr Harsnori Takehashi of Japan.

The deal was unveiled just home after 2. Combing out

hours after 2. topping out ceremeny for the Sand Centre, which was acquired in February by Bend Corporation Intermellenal

Corporation International (BCIL), Mr Bond's Hang Kong-based subsidiary. The

deal will greatly reduce the debts of BCIL, which local

analysis had regarded as no-

Mr Takahashi will pay HK\$128m for his 50 per cent holding in the Bend Centre. The investment will be made through ETE Development, a

private investment company

incorporated in Japan. EIE has interests in financial ser-

vices, computers and hotels

as well as property. It recently bought the Regent Hotel in Sydney. Under the joint venture agreement for Bond Centre,

agreement for Bond Centre, a prestige development in Admiralty, adjoining the central financial district on Hong Kong Island, both EIS and BCIL will provide shareholder loans amounting to HK\$665m for the project. Since BCIL has already received a loan for the project of HK\$570m from its Australian marent. Road

ject of HK\$570m from its Australian parent, Bond Curporation, it will in reality be required to commit a further HK\$95m.

EIE has also agreed to raise long-term loans residing to at least HK\$15m to enable the joint remain to repay shareholder loans as they fall due.

ECIL was founded in Hour BCIL was founded in Hour

they fall due.

BCIL was founded in Hong Kong in January. Since then it has acquired a portfalls of preparities from Hongkong Land, has taken a 27 per cent stake in TVB, Hong Kong's leading breadcasting group, and purchased the Bend Country.

Centre.
This has left the group with assets of HEL400m, but debt commitments of ever below the Plans for a rights

HRMhs. Plans for a rights have, originally intended to ruse 51km, have been delayed a funding requirements have been revised, and underwriters secured. The group's share wise has languished from a damerous post-flotation level of HRSS-40 as plans for the rights issue have been redrafted. BCIL shares were being traded yesterday at around HRSS-40.

Two marchant banks.

Two merchant banks, Wardleys and Jardine Flore

wardings and Jarman Flem-ing were originally expected to underwrite the issue. But since completion of the deal to sequire the Bond Centre, these two appear to have stopped back. Sun Hung Kai

and Barque Indosuez are new understood to be arrang-ing an issue.

HK newspaper

to float shares

INTL: COMPANIES and FINANCE

Banks fear Spanish utility may cut interest payments Hong Kong

BY DAYID WHITE IN MADRIE

FUERZAS Electricas de Cata- currency loans to 1.5 points he- loans but said it would continue in cut interest payments.

which are due to hold a meet-ing with Fecsa in London next Wednesday, described the threat as "an important escala-

tuna (Fecsa), the Spanish power low the London interbank to meet interest obligations.

utility which is trying to reoffered rates (Libor) and on

Foreign bankers said that
negotiate more than \$25m of its peseta bank credits to two
bank loans, is understood to be points below the equivalent terest rates unilaterally. hank loans, is understood to be points below the equivalent considering a unilateral move Spanish Mibor rate, up to the

> involve Fecsa paying interest at an even more reduced level during the negotiating period in order to force an early agree-

threat as "an important escala-tion" in the Fecas affair, Fecas, however, has not notified its creditors officially of such a plan,

The company has already pro-posed that its creditors agree to reducing rates on its foreign order to force an early agree-ment.

The company has about \$1.2hm in loans outstanding to foreign banks, out of a total debt in-cluding bonds of about \$5bm, Last month it suspended prin-ticipal repayments on its bank

Foreign benkers said that if Fecsa were indeed to cut in-terest rates unilaterally, it would increase the risk of one of its creditors invoking default clauses and calling in its loans. This could provoke a suspen-sion of payments by the company and a court-supervised

prolonged wrangle with Fecsa would incur the danger of a "domino effect" in the rest of Spain's private-sector utilities, ing has been held up by the

Nestlé sees volume sales rise

BY JOHN WICKS IN ZURICH

Bank Leumi

fall by 95%

BANK LEUMI le-israel, the last

of Israel's big commercial banks to publish its 1986 results,

earnings

THE NESTLE group expects "good internal volume growth" finis year, according to Mr Helimit Maucher, the managing director.

He said in Zurich yesterday that Swiss frame sales and fallen in the first three months by more than 10 per cent compared with the corresponding 1986 quarter. This was, however, due to the further arrengthening of the Swiss cannot sales fell by 9.9 per cent to sales foll by 9.9 per cent to profits rose 1.2 per cent to profits rose 1.2 per cent to plant a high takeover.

At the May 17 annual general meeting the board is to propose an amendment to statutes which would increase from 10 to 20 per cent the maximum level of participation certificate capital the group would reach flust within overall share capital. The company still has the right to issue 500,000 certificates from 27 per cent to SFr 38.05bn (\$26.06bn). Net profits rose 1.2 per cent to plants a big takeover.

Property makes up for gold setback at Rand Mines

RAND MINES Properties, the Barlow Band company which turns to account old mining properties around Johannesburg, suffered a decline in gold profits in the six months to March 31 1987. However, improved profits from property sales more than compensated. Gold production, which comes from the re-processing of restine dumps on the old Crown Mines property, slipped to 1,158 kg from 1,243 kg in the corresponding period of 1986 and 2,390 kg for the last financial year as a whole. Higher metal prices led to improved revenues from gold, but higher costs cut the half year's gold profit to Rasim (34.4m) from R10.4m. However, completion of property sales led to an anterim pre-tax profit from cents a share.

yesteruay reported a practic voper cent fall in earnings—in
line with the general deterioration in the ceuntry's banking
profitability. Net profit at
Leomi totalled a mere Shk 4Am
(\$2.75m) in 1986 after reaching
Shk \$9.3m in the previous year.
As a result of an 11 per cent
contraction in total assets last
year, to the shekel equivalent
of US\$26m, Leond has lost its
long held mumber one ranking
among luracit banks to Bank
Haposlim. As an overwhelming
two-thirds of Leond's assets are
denominated in foreign currency, it was hardest hit
amongst the country's banks by
the virtual freeze in the exchange rate last year.

Equity capital declined by a

change rate last year.

Equity capital declined by a more modest 2.7 per cent, bringing about a slight rise in the bank's capital/asset ratio, to 3.6 per cent.

Mr. Zadik Bino, Leumi's nawly appointed managing director, atributed the bank's everely eroded profits last year severely eroded profits last year seve to an especially heavy tax burden and to a hefty \$125m provielon for bad debts.

Net profits were FFr 930m increasing by 12.7 per cent.

(\$155m). Operating profits rose Pharmaceutical sales showed a slightly, to FFr 1.75bn, but small increase of 2.5 per cent.

Divestment fever hits Zimbabwe

BUSINESS LEADERS in Zimbabwe are unhappy at a series of moves amnounced recently by foreign companies include the proposed sale by to sell their interests in the country. They come at a time when Zimbabwe urgently needs more foreign privata investment.

The South African-controlled Astra Corporation, a subsidiary of Barlow Rand, has sold 85 per cent of its equity to the Zimbabwe Government for a reported ZEZSAM (US\$154m). Kenning Oversess investment, the UK motor group, has sold control of its Zimbabwe subsidiary for an undisclosed amount to local interests, though it retains a 15 per cent equity stake, Kenning earned net profits in Zimbabwe of the profits in Zimbabwe of the UK motor group, has sold control of its Zimbabwe subsidiary for an undisclosed amount to local interests, though it retains a 15 per cent equity stake, Kenning earned net profits in Zimbabwe of the UK motor group, has sold controlled TA Huldings group. C. T. Bowring, the British arm of the UK motor group, has sold so interests to J. B. Minet, the British-owned insurance group. Total, the French oil group, is interested in selling its Zimbabwe and National Oil Company in the profits in Zimbabwe of the UK of its Zimbabwe of the UK of its Zimbabwe interests to J. B. Minet, the British-owned insurance group. Total, the French oil group, is interested in selling its Zimbabwe under the UK of the UK of its Zimbabwe under the UK of the UK o

discount indicates growing pessimism about Zimhabwe's economic prospects. The sale by Government was able to purious chase 85 per cent of Astra Corporation for little more than a locally full year's pre-tax earnings. Astra reported profits of £8.5m litish arm in 1986 and its assets are reaclenan portedly vakued at close on pring the broking inet, the purchase price.

The spate of divestment calls group, its Zim
its indicates growing about Zimhabwe's growing in the portedly wakued at close on the broking inet, the purchase price.

term private sector capital in-flows are put at no more than £32m. For more than two years now Zimbabwe has been promising the publication of a set of foreign investment guide-lines designed to encourage new foreign investment. new foreign investment.

Wells Fargo

& Company

U.S. \$150,000,000

Floating Rate Subordinated Notes

due 1992

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest period 30th April, 1987 to 29th May, 1987 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 6-9125% per annum.

Interest payable on the relevant

interest payment date 29th May, 1987 will amount to US\$55.68 per US\$10,900 Note.

Agent Bank:

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York

MING PAO Daily News, a leading Chinese-language daily newspaper, will float HK\$100m (US\$12.8m) worth of its shares on the Hong Kong stock market, Reutar reports from Hung Kong.

A financial adviser for Ming Pao Daily News said the company expected the faction. pany expected the flotation, which represents one-quarter of its total assets, to be com-pleted within two months.

U.S. TORACCO COMPANY 1986 Change Revenue 121.6m 117.9m +12
Net profits 28.5m 22.8m +26
Net per share 48 41 +20
Div per share 30 25 +22

Wells Fargo

International

Financing

Corporation N.V.

U.S. \$50,000,000

Guaranteed Floating Rate Subordinated Notes due 1996

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Sub-period

30th April, 1987 to 29th May, 1987 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 71/16% per ammen

The Interest accrued for the

above period and payable on 31st July, 1987 will be

US\$57.90.

Agent Bank:

Morgan Guaranty Trust

Company of New York

London

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No.

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Alcan to reduce Indian stake

per cent to just under 40 per holding will release Indian cent, writes Robert Gibbens in Aluminium from certain

Al-CAN Aluminium is reducing year issues 9m additional its longstanding interest in shares to Indian residents. Indian Aluminium from 50.5 Alcan said the dilution of its certain Mentreal.

The reduction will come when allow it to compete more effectively and broaden its activities.

U.S.\$15,000,000 Floating Rate Serial Notes 1988 Convertible into 163/4% Serial Bonds 1988

for the six months from 30th April, 1987 to 30th October, 1987 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 81,% per annum. On 30th October 1987 interest of U.S.\$61.95 will be due per U.S.\$1500 Note for Coupon No 12. The Conversion interest amount applicable to Notes which are presented for conversion on or before 30th October, 1987 will be U.S.\$ nil per U.S.\$1,500 Note.

EBC Armo Bank Limited (Agent Benk)

Weekly net asset value

on 27.4.87 U.S. \$147.98

Information: Pierson, Heidring & Pierson N.V., Herengracht 214, 1016 BS Arnsten

A\$ 40,000,000 15½% Depositary Receipts due April 6, 1990

issued by Royal Exchange Trust Company Limited evidencing entitlement to payment of principal and interest on deposits with

MONTE DEI PASCHI DI SIENA

(A Public Law recognized Bank in the Republic of Italy)

Singapore Branch

Mitsui Finance International Limited

Fay, Richwhite (U.K.) Limited

Italian International Bank Pic

Chemical Bank International Group

McCaughan Dyson and Co. Ltd.

Prudential-Bache Securities International

Vereins- und Westhank Aktiengesellschaft

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

Yamatane Securities (Europe) Limited

CITICORPO U.S. \$500,000,000 Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due October 25, 2005

US\$250,000,000 GUÁRANTEED FLOATING RATE SUBORDINATED CAPITAL NOTES DUE JANUARY 1997

CITICORP BANKING

CORPORATION

CITICORPO

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 71/4% and that the interest payable on the relevant interest Payment Date July 31, 1987 against Coupon No. 10 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$185.28

US\$400,000,000 GUARANTEED FLOATING RATE SUBORDRIATED CAPITAL NOTES DUE OCTOBER 1996 CITICORP BANKING

CORPORATION

CITICORPO

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 714% and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payabent Date July 31, 1987 against Coupan No. 11 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$185.28.

AISD BONDS INDICES
WEEKLY EUROBOND GUIDE APRIL 24 1987
Redemption Change 12 Mc
Yield on Week Hig
9.257 2.050 9.1

-0.425 4.332 -0.273 4.044 -3.066

(Incorporated in the State of Delaware) litionally guaranteed on a subordinated basis by

Incorporated in the State of Delaware) tionally guaranteed on a subordinated basis by

CITIBANCO

CITIBANCO

CITIBAKO

12 Months 12 Months

12.830 9.372 5.804 8.164

9.619

14.735 10.840 6.250 8.882

6,702

-2.178 11.609 0.101 6.652 - Teles: \$12744 JVZ CH

Date May 29, 1987 against Coupon No nominal of the Notes will be US\$55.68.

April 30, 1987, London By: Chibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

April 30, 1987, London By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

April 30, 1987, London By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

March 1987

AMSTERDAM-ROTTERDAM

Werrants attached to U.S.\$ 160.600.000,-31/290 Bonds dire 1996

Due to the decision to issue to holders of ordinary shares in the above mentioned company a bonus of DfL 0,50 in ordinary shares from the Shares Premium Reserve with simultaneous addition to any reserve of a corresponding amount out of that portion of the profit over 1986 which is intended for distribution, the warrant exercise price will be reduced from DfL 120,- to

Dff. 118,90 as from April 17, 1987.

The Trustee: **AMSTERDAMSCH** TRUSTEE'S KANTOOR April 16, 1987

N.Z. Voorburgwal 326-328.

Amsterdam

(The Netherlands)

co, 1790 to Way 27, 1797 against Coupon No. 3 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$337.08 and in respect of US\$250,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$8,477.00. pri 30, 1987, Landon CITIBANCO r: Cilibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

IRELAND

US\$300.000.000

Floating Rate Notes

due 2000

LANDSVIRKJUM US\$ 60,000,000 Floating Rate Notes Due 2000

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the Rate of interest for the period 30th April, 1987 to 30th October, 1987 is 75% p.a. Coupon amounts will be US\$ 381.25 for the US\$ 10,000 denomination and US\$ 9,531.25 for the US\$ 250,000 denomination, and will be payable on 30th October, 1987 against surrender of Coupon No. 4.

Manufacturer Hanover Limited Manufacturers Hanover Lin Agent Bank

(ENEL)

U.S. \$100,000,000

Floating Rate Debentures due 1987 Convertible at the holders' option into

91/2% Fixed Rate Debentures due 1995 Guaranteed by the Republic of Italy

In accordance with the provisions of the Debentures, notice is hereby given that for the six months Interest period from 30th April, 1987 to 30th October, 1987, the Debentures will carry an Interest Rate of 7% per cent per annum and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, 30th October, 1987 against Coupon No. 14 will be U.S. \$387.60.



The Sumitomo Bank, Limited

CITICORPO

U.S. \$350,000,000 Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due November 27, 2035 Notice is hereby given that the Rate of interest has been fixed at 6.9125% in respect of the Original Notes and 7% in respect of the Enhancement Notes, and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date May 29, 1987 against Coupon No. 18 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$55.68 in respect of the Original Notes and US\$56.39 in respect of the Chigh Notes and US\$56.39 in res April 30, 1987, London By: Calbank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank CITIBANCO

ENTE NAZIONALE PER L'ENERGIA ELETTRICA



U.S. \$500,000,000 CITICORP 🗪

US Doller Australian Dollar Canadian Dollar

Sterling Deutschemark Bank J. You

and the control of th

Euroguilder Euro Currency Unit

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due January 20, 1998 Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 6.8875% and that the interest payable on the relevant interest Payment Date May 29, 1987 against Coupon No. 16 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$55.48

April 30, 1987, London
By: Cribank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

CITIBANCO



freezywaniad with British Bulliy in the Count Ducky of Lucianicaus;

Notice is heraby given pursuant to the Terms and Conditions of the Notes that

30th April, 1987

Tokyo Pacific Holdings (Seaboard) N.V. Listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange

1922 1

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Crowther issues likely to break all the guidelines

acquisitive textiles concern, surprised the stock market yester-

sion. Crowther intends to raise Crowther intends to raise 537.4m through the rights issue, by releasing 21.53m shares at 1800 each. Its own share price fell by 12p to 200p on the announcement yesterday. The group will also issue SFT 48.1m (£19.7m) of convertible stock to be listed on the Geneva and Basle Stock Exchanges.

The convertible stock will represent 5.4 per cent of the authorised and 7 per cent of the issued share gapital after the rights issue. It thus breaches both the old institutional guide-

the rights issue. It thus breaches both the old institutional guide-lines for international issues and the new guidelines announced yesterday by the Association of British Insurers. The rights issue has been underwritten by Hambros Bank,

Benlox drops

into red after

contract losses

John Crowther Group, the with L. Messel and Capel-Cure announced is cheeky enough consistive textiles concern sur. Myers acting as joint brokers. But this pales in comparison In the last 18 months or so prised the stock market yesterday by unveiling plans to raise
£57.1m through a two-fornine
rights issue and a convertible
stock issue in Switzerland to
finance its international expansion.

Crowther intends to raise
£37.4m through the rights issue. amount of money it now aims to raise from the rights issue

> Crowther has almost concluded negotiations to acquire an unnamed manufacturer of contract carpets and carpet tiles in Europe for about 25.9m. It is also in active discussions to stage two substantial acquisitions in the US.

Opportunistic was perhaps the politest of the epithets applied to Crowther yesterday. To flout not only the new, but also the old institutional guidelines for international issues on the very day those new guidelines are

But this pales in comparison with the impudence of a com-pany which asks shareholders for more money than it was for more money than it was worth only a year ago and does not deign to tell them exactly what it intends to spend it on. Yet Crowthers has oozed impudence ever since Messrs Barker and Abrahams embarked upon their spending spree 18 months ago and shareholders have thrived on it. The sceptics may have muttered darkly about the group's ability to glean real growth when the whirl of acquisitions is over and the cost-cutting completed, but the share price has risen steadily. Even the most ardent of admirers may wonder whether it is politic to take on such substantial new interests overseas, when there is so much work to be done on

A POOR performance in civil engineering and construction saw Benlox Holdings drop into

APPLICATION OF SPRINGER OF THE PARTY.

and tracts.

The board had been strengthened with the appointment of a new chairman and a finance director. Management controls had been strengthened and measures taken to prevent a recurrence of the problems of 1986, he said.

Phoenix Timber £4m rights and acquisition

Phoenix Timber is raising almost £4m through a one-for-three rights issue at 110p. Of the issue proceeds, £2m will be used to acquire Protim Services, a timber treatment company, Replay Holdings.

For the year to March 1986, Phoenix reported a pre-tax loss of £973,000 on a turnover of £87.2m. Yesterday Mr Quinn said that an estimated £600,000 pre-tax profit had been made to this March and that he expected that a final dividend of 1.5p

saw Benlox Holdings drop into the red with a pre-tax figure of £456,960, compared with a profit in 1985 of £365,784.

Loss per 10p share was 2.8p, compared with 1.3p credit, and turnover was £19.74m (£15.94m). But directors are recommending a maintained final dividend of 0.6p per ordinary share, making 1.15p for the year, against 1.1p in 1985.

Mr Andrew Millar, chairman, said the Arnold & Nathan Group had sustained significant losses from a small number of major design and construct construct constructs.

The board had been strengthened with the appointment of a new chairman and a finance director. Management a finance director. Management a strengthened with the appointment of a new chairman and a finance director. Management at example a sustained significant ment of a new chairman and a finance director. Management and a finance director. Management at the company at the urging of a finance director. Management at the issue proceeds, £2m will be used to acquire Protim Services, £2m will be used to acquire company, at the issue proceeds, £2m will be used to acquire protim Services, £2m. will be used to acquire protim Services, £2m. will be used to acquire company, at the issue proceeds, £2m will be used that an estimated £600,000 the issue proceeds, £2m will be used that an estimated £600,000 this March and that he expected that a final dividend of 1.5p would been made to this March and that he expected that a final dividend of 1.5p would from a £5.2m. Protim made a profit hefore Peter Quinn, the chairman interest and tax of £215,000 in 1986 on a turnover of £5.2m. After capitalising a £750,000 in 1986 on a turnover of £5.2m. After capitalising a £750,000 in 1986 on a turnover of £5.2m. After capitalising a £750,000 in 1986 on a turnover of £5.2m. After capitalising a £750,000 in 1986 on a turnover of £5.2m. After capitalising a £750,000 in 1986 on a turnover of £5.2m. After capitalising a £750,000 in 1986 on a turnover of £5.2m. After capitalising a £750,000 in 1986 on a turnover of £5.2m. After capitalisin

earlier attempted boardroom after the rights issue was com-tinessle, was announced as was pleted.

the payment to this former director of £95,800 in settlement of all claims.

Following the news of the rights issue, Phoenic's shares of all claims.

Mystery stake in Morgan Grenfell

A MYSTERY shareholder has used a nominee company owned by the Bank of England to build up a stake of nearly 5 per cent in Morgan Grenfell, the merchant banking group, over the past few months.

the past few months.

The Bank has refused to divulge the name of the beneficial owner of the shares, although Morgan Grenfell has asked it to. The Bank argues that it is exempt from requirements in the Companies Act 1976 forcing nomines accounts to reveal who is hiding behind them it asked by the company concerned.

Although the Bank is entitled to take this line, it is a contradiction with its stactd policy of advocating more transparency in share dealings.

The Bank said it had no answer for this contradiction except that it was not its wish but the Government's that its nominee account should be exempt from the

"It is not our wish; we were merely seting as the vehicle."

The Bank stressed, how-ever, that Bank of England Nominees was only used by rarified bodies: certain foreign beads of state, governments, governmental bodies and members of reyal

Even these can only use it providing they give a number of assurances. They must promise not to inducate the company in which they are buying shares except at general meetings; promise that they are the beneficial sweets of the shares; and move their shareholding out of Bank of England Nominees of Bank of England Nominees if it exceeds 5 per cent of the company's stock.

The Bank could not, how-The Bank could not, how-ever, give any satisfactory reason why the bodies using its nominee account should be accorded extra special treatment. Bank of England Nominees is the only nominee account to be exempted from the requirements of the Com-panies Act.

THE BOY OF THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

Hillsdown makes £25m rival cash offer for Garnar Booth

group, yesterday made a rare entry into the contested bid arona with a \$25.2m cash offer Hillsdown is offering Garnar agreed merger terms with option of accepting share-fellow leather manufacturer, shares for 21 Garnar.

Pittards, whose offer is due to With Hillsdown unchanged close on Friday.

Yesterday Pitterd said it Yesterday Pittard said it intended to go ahead with its own bid. "We view the Hillsdown offer with dismay and displeasure," said Mr David Macdonald, chairman of Pittards, "Garnar has been under the scrutiny of bidders for months and now, at the last every 20 Garnar which, with minute, along comes Hillsdown."

Mr Macdonald added that Pittards has already received a "satisfactory" number of proxies in favour of its offer.

Hillsdown argues that the fit

for leather group Garnar shareholders 255p in cash for Booth. Garnar has already each Garnar share, or — at the

at 260p yesterday, the paper alternatives values Garnar at

COMPANY NEWS IN BRIEF

Hillsdown Holdings, the acquisitive food-to-furniture group, yesterday made a rare entry into the contested bid around 4 per cent.

Fittards owns no shares in Garnar; Garnar directors have around 4 per cent.

Fittards owns no shares in Garnar; Garnar directors have around 4 per cent.

Fittards owns no shares in Garnar; Garnar directors have around 4 per cent.

Fittards owns no shares in Garnar, said he did not believe the bid would attract a monopolies reference, adding that the company has been in contact with the Office of Fair contact with the Office of Fair

Trading.

Pittards, however, contends that there could be worries over the concentration in fell-mongeries and in the potential buying power in the UK sheep-skin market.

skin market.

The previous Garnar predator—another leather group. Strong & Fisher, which sold Hillsdows its Garnar stake last weekend saw its £20m offer referred but withdrew before the commission reported.

Garnar itself made no formal statement on the new offer last night. The company knows Hills-down well, and had discussions Mr Macdonald added that Garnar added 7p to 261p on down well, and had discussions Pittards has already received a thoughts that the ensuing battle with it during the Strong bid. "Satisfactory" number of may push either side higher. "We will be seeking advice." However, Hillsdown immediately followed up the news of already has four fellmongeries its bid with some rapid market and two hide and skin markets, purchases—lifting its stake in and also purchases hide for its

TRINKAUS und Burkhardt the German banking subsidiary of the Midland Bank group, in creased operating income by 10.7 per cent to DM 73.7m in 1986. Mr Herbert Jacobi, executive chairman, said the increased profit came on a reduced balance sheet and after higher provisions, and underlined the success of the bank's emphasis on investment bank-ing, particularly in the securities and foreign exchange TRINKAUS und Burkhardt the German banking subsidiary of the Midland Bank group, increased operating income by 10.7 per cent to DM 73.7m in 1986. Mr Herbert Jacobi, executive chairman, said the increased profit came on a reduced balance sheet and after higher provisions, and underlined the success of the bank's emphasis on investment banking, particularly in the securities and foreign exchange area."

H. C. SLINGSBY (makers of trucks ladders and ancillary equipment). Final dividend 2.5p (same) making unchanged 4p for 1988. Turnover £6.42m (£5.75m) for pre-tax profits of £224,000 (£296,000). Earnings per share 14.2p (20.3p).

per share 14.2p (20.2p).

CENTREWAY TRUST (industrial holding company). No dividend (same) for 1986. Turnover £28.2m (£2.56m) and pretax profits of £229,000 (£80.000).

Tax credit of £89,000 (£77,000 (£8-51m) for pre-tax profits of £229,000 (£80.000).

Tax credit of £89,000 (£77,000 (£8-51m) for pre-tax profits of £440,000 (nil). Extraordinary per 10p share 1.11p (6.94p). credit amounted to £1.12m trading losses in Portugal (debit of £86,000) leaving £1.4m blamed for shortfall on forecast of £287,000 at time of of 3.2p (4.2p losses). Centreway

GROUP, a holding company with interests in the manufacwith interests in the manufac-ture of springs, and steel stock-holding and processing, boosted pre-tax profits from a restated figure of £860,000—allowing for the inclusion of Turbo Tools on merger accounting principles —to £865,000 in the six months to March 31 1967. The declared interim payment is 0.60 (0.50).

DAKS SIMPSON GROUP (tailors and clothiers): Interim dividend 2.25p (1.75p) for six months to January 31, 1987. Turnover £25.99m (£23.9m) and pre-tax profit £1.86m (£1.55m). Tax £689,000 (£520.000), sarnings 18.47p (14.63p).

DOWNIEBRAE HOLDINGS (metal merchanting, manufacturer of steel profiles): No final dividend, leaving 0.5p (1.5p total) for 1886. Turnover £2.16m (£2.76m) and pre-tax profit £88.301 (£233.742). Extraordinary item £22.748 (£100.000). After tax of £13.460 (£44.771), sarnings per share 1.04p (£.64p). CAKEBREAD ROBEY shares fell 32p to 108p yesterday fol-

fell 32p to 108p yesterday fol-lowing news that discussions related to a possible offer for the company had broken down.

Year to 31 December

ICI faces questions on South **Africa**

By Simon Holberton

Mr Denys Henderson, the newly-elected chairman of Im-perial Chemical Industries (ICI), faced a series of ques-tions on the company's in-volvement in South Africa at yesterday's sixtieth annual general meeting.

Mr Henderson, who succeeded Sir John Harvey-Jones who retired at the end of March, handled his first shareholders' meeting, which lasted two hours, with aplomb, good grace and humour.

Councillor Martyn Day, the Chair of Lewisham's finance committee and representing local authorities with investments in ICI totalling £40m to £50m who form Joint Action Against Aparthicd, and Reverend David Haslam, of End Loans to South Airlea, both questioned the company on its investments in South Africa, its treatment of em-ployees and called on it to divest those investments.

Mr Henderson said ICI, and mr menderson said act, and its 38 per cent-owned associate AECI, both wanted an end to aparthied. "The best way of tackling the aparthied problem is by continuing to be involved and in that way continuing to attempt to influence change as best we can."

But he would not agree that the company should with-draw from South Africa, although it accounted for less than 1 per cent of profits and

In his opening remarks to the meeting, Mr Henderson said the company had made good progress this year. The first quarter results—a record pre-tax profit of £334m—were taken as encouraging evidence that the company was on a promising course.

Looking to the immediata future, Mr Henderson said the steps the company took last year, such as, the acqui-sition of Glidden Paints, the setting up of the new Chemi-cals and Polymers division. the merger with Enterprise Oil and the formation of the European Vinyls Corporation would have a growing impact on ICPs bottom line.

This notice compiles with the negativaments of the Council of The Stock Exchange. It does not constitute an offer of, or on invitation to subscribe for or purchase, any secur

Made a specia



TRAMAR PLC

£40,000,000 6 per cent. Convertible Bonds due 2002

The issue price of the Bonds is 100 per cent. of their principal amount

The following have agreed to subscribe for the Bonds:

Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited

Cazenove & Co. Deutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited Orion Royal Bank Limited

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Morgan Stanley International Shearson Lehman Brothers International

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

Banca del Gottardo

Banque Morgan Grenfell en Suisse S.A. HandelsBank N.W. (International) Limited Bank in Liechtenstein Aktiengesellschaft

Compagnie de Banque et d'Investissements, CBI

Pictet International Ltd. Application has been made to the Council of The International Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland Limited ("The Stock Exchange") for the Bonds to be admitted to the Official List.

Interest on the Bonds will be payable annually in arrear on 11th May of each year, commencing on 11th May, 1988.

At any time on or after the date 90 days after the completion of the distribution of the Bonds, as determined by Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited, up to 11th May, 2002 the Bonds are convertible into ordinary shares of 25p each in Ultramar PLC ("Ultramar Ordinary Shares") at the rate of 234p principal amount of Bonds per Ultramar Ordinary Share (subject to adjustment).

Particulars of the Bonds and of Ultramar PLC are available in the statistical services of Extel Statistical Services Limited. Listing Particulars for the Bonds may be obtained during usual business hours up to and including 5th May, 1987 from the Company Announcements Office of The Stock Exchange and up to 14th May, 1987 from the following-

Cazenove & Co., 12 Tokenhouse Yard, London EC2R 7AN

Orion Royal Bank Limited, l London Wall, London EC2Y 5JX

Ultramar PLC, Morgan House, l Angel Court, London EC2R 7AU

30th April, 1987

COSTAIN GROUP

ANNUAL RESULTS 1986

Summary from Audited Accounts

	1986	1985
	£N	Milion
Turnover	866.0	939.6
Profit before interest:		
Engineering & Construction	21.7	22,1
Mining	26.2	26.6
Housing	9.8	6.7
Property	17.2	_18.8
	74.9	74.2
Interest payable	_10.6	13.6
Profit before taxation	64.3	60.6
Shareholders' funds	323.1	239.2
	Per	nce
Earnings per share	55.1	53.6
Dividends per share	17.5	16.5*

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS IN 1986

- In engineering & construction; order book maintained in the competitive market. Significant progress on first major project in China. Notable success in nuclear engineering.
- Mining activities extended into industrial minerals and precious metals in USA and Australia.
- Continued expansion of UK housebuilding with 2,140 units sold (+23%) and operations started in California.
- Property developments in hand in UK with a completed value of £230m: increased development activity in Australia.
- Profits before tax of Costain Australia Limited, the 66% subsidiary. advanced by 90%, to A\$16m.

COSTAIN. MINDS OVER MATTER

ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION . MINING . HOUSING . PROPERTY COSTAIN GROUP PLC, 111-WESTMINSTER BRIDGE ROAD, LONDON SE1 7UE. TELEPHONE: 01-928



PROFITS OF £179M MEET HILLARDS' BID FORECAST

Tesco raises net margins to 5%

IN LINE with its forecast at the time of its bid for Hillards, Tesco reported pre-tax profits up by 36 per cent from £131.2m to £178.5m in the 53 weeks to February 28 1987.

The result was achieved on turnover, excluding VAT, of £3.59bn (£3.36bn). The net margin increased from 3.9 per

cent to 5 per cent.
Earnings per share came out at 28.52p (21.09p) basic or 26.12p (19.29p) fully diluted. The directors are proposing a final dividend of 4.75p (3.7p) making an increased total of 7.3p, against 5.8p last time. This very satisfactory per-

formance continues to reflect the shopping public's increas-ing awareness of the improved quality of our new stores, our range of products and our services," directors said.

Of the Hillards' bid, the directors said that if successful directors said that if successful policies would generate higher the £203.4m offer would increase sales and profits in Hillards' substantially its market share stores.



Tesco's trading and marketing

due to the closure of 39 stores. Stores now totalled 337 with an average area of 20,800 sq ft.

In the present year a further 14 stores will be opened with three more extensions regre-senting 511,000 sq ft. Directors were satisfied that the number and quality of sites in the development programme during the next three years would enable the successful expansion to con-

Weekly sales per sq ft im-proved from £9.57 to £10.23 and profit per employee came out at £3,869 against £3,156.

Operating profit was £147.7m.

The increase in sales volume tax figure was struck after in-was estimated at 9 per cent with terest receivable of £21.4m 4 per cent generated by existing (£18.8m) and net surplus on sale stores and the remainder from of properties of £9.4m (£8.3m). new selling area, net of closures. Interest included £18.1m being During the period 11 new stores the capitalised interest cost of and two extensions were opened funding the development pro-giving an additional 432,000 gramme, against £12.4m for the sq ft, but 484,000 sq ft was lost previous year. This year the due to the closure of 39 stores. property surplus has been taken above the line.

The tax charge was £56.9m (£47.4m) and dividends absorbed £31m (£23.8m) to leave a retained profit of £88m against £52.6m in 1985-86. Mr Ian MacLaurin, chairman, said that the company was pleased with trading for the first few weeks of the present year with sales continuing in

line with expectations. "The opening of another 14 stores, a substantial programme for the introduction of new products and continued productivity gains should contribute further to profitable growth."

Doctus bought by Smith Whitworth

By Graham Deller Smith Whitworth, Rochdale-based textile machinery manufacturer, has conditionally agreed the purchase of Doctus Management Consultancy in a deal that values it at £5.38m.

The acquisition is to be satisfied by the issue of 3.95m new shares, doubling Smith's equity. Mr E. J. Byrne and Mr R. A. Flenzing, shareholders of Doctus, are joining Smith's board as deputy chairman and group chief executive respectively. chief executive respectively. They will centrol 46.7 per cent of the enlarged group's

Doctus, based in Chester, pecialises in manufacturing and distribution consultancy. In the year to September 1986, it achieved pre-tax profits of £432,000 on a turn-

Mr Grahame Barker, chairman, said he envisaged growth in both Doctus' service activities and Smith Whit-worth's core machinery busi-ness, Shareholders would ness, Shareholders would benefit from the opportunity to participate in a mere diversified group.

Reuters goes for Tokyo quote

shareholders of Reuters Holdings approved changes in the group's articles of association which had to be made before formal application could be made. The amendment exempts

the Japan Securities Clearing Corporation from the existing 15 per cent shareholding limit. The Tokyo Exchange requires panies owned by Japanese nationals are registered in the name of the JSCC or its Informal soundings have al-

Renters, the international news 2620.9m.

Shareholders also approved. day cleared the way for apply-ing for a share listing on the option scheme which allows the

impact on the company's pre-sent and future growth and profitability. Present directors cannot participate and the full

	l tormat abbitcation como pa					,		
	made. The amendment exempts	DIVIDE	NDS	ANNO	UNCE	:D		
ĺ	the Japan Securities Clearing							
	Corporation from the existing			July 1	0.9	1.5	0.9	
	15 per cent shareholding limit	Beniox Holdings		_	0.6	1.15	1.1	
	The Tokyo Exchange requires	Boscombe Propint		_	1.76	_		
	that shares in foreign com-	Centreway Inda	5		nil	5	nii .	
1	panies owned by Japanese	Costain	10.5*	July 6	10,5	17.5	16.5	
	nationals are registered in the	Daks Simpsonint	2.25	July 3	1,75	_	7	:
	name of the JSCC or its	Davies and Newman	10	July 30	7	18	10	
	nomines.	Delyn Packaging	2.5	_	2	3.5	3	
1	Informal soundings have al-			****	1	0.5	1.5	
	ready been taken in Japan and	English Natl Defd		June 24	2.8	5.55	3.65	
ı	Reuters has begun drawing up	English Nati Pref		June 24	5.25	10.45	8.56	
	documents for a formal appli-	Foseco		July 3		9.2	9	
1		FR Group		July 3		3.85	3.21*	
1	cation and hopes to get a list-	Cecil Gee			2.8	1	2.8	
1	ing by the final quarter of this	Jessupsint		July 1	1.5	_	4.5	
ı	year.	Leisuretime	0.45		1.15	1.75	2.8	
-1	At the annual meeting	Noble and Lund		_	0.35	1	0.7	
-1	yesterday Sir Christopher Hogg,	Skiloh		. =	1.75	4	2.75	
-1	Reuters chairman forecast	W. C. Slingsby		=	2.8	Ž.	4	
1	strong revenue and profit		0.75	_	0.56	0.75	ō.56	
ı	growth in 1987 with figures for			July 24	8	U.10	23	
ı	the first three months ahead of	Tate & Lyleint	2 FE		8.7	7.8	5.8	ı
1	target and "new orders buoy-	Tesce	2. (0	July 1		1.0	2	İ
ı	ant in all major markets."	United Springint		July 1			2 5	
1	Analysis have been predict-	J. O. Walker		July 3		5.5		ı
ı	ing profit growth of about 30	Macdonald Martin	15	July 9	14.5	19.0	17.5	İ
١	per cent to follow the 39 per	Dividends shown pen	Ce per	share net	except 1	spere o	therwise.	
1	cent increase in pre-tax profits	stated. * Equivalent afte	T allow	ing for se	rio fest	e. †Oz	a capital	
ı	in the year to December 1986	increased by rights and						ı
•	- £130.1m on revenues of		, 40					Į

£130.1m on revenues of # Unquoted sto

■ Profit before tax 11.4% higher than comparable period last year.

- Spread of worldwide activities providing thrust for continued growth of Group.
- Commercial situation in UK sugar market now stabilised and prospects for full year healthy.
- Western Sugar beet factories in Mid-West USA having excellent year
- Plans for market introduction of sucralose proceeding well.
- Interim dividend up from 3p to 9p.

UNAUDITED INTERIM RESULTS

1987 26 weeks to 28th March	1986 26 weeks to 29th March
\$40.2m	\$36.1m
9.0p	8.0p
80.3p	25.7p
	26 weeks to 28th March \$40.2m

The above figures do not constitute full financial statements.

Copies of the Interim Report for the 26 weeks to 28th March 1887 are below mailed to shareholder. are being mailed to shirt Further copies may be obtained from CP McFie, Secretary, Tate & Isrie PLC

CP McFle, Secretary, Tato & Lyle PLC, Sug Lower Thumes Street, London ECSE 6DQ.



Spread of activities fuels continued growth

The Monopolies and Mergers Commission Report [on the proposed acquisition of S&W Berisford] contained 'exceptional' recommendations that were most favourable to the company.....Government action is now awaited to provide the 'specific and

robust' assurances recommended in

the Report.

GEC takes 30.6% of Berkel in £6m deal

By Terry Dodsworth, Industrial Editor

The General Electric Company of the UK is taking a major step towards securing its position as one of the world's leading manufacturers of weighing equipment with the acquisition of a 30.6 per cent stake in Berkel of the Netherlands.

requires the approval of Berkel's shareholders, follows Berkel's shareholders, follows only days after GEC agreed to inject between £150m and £200m into a joint venture bringing together its Picker medical-equipment group with the corresponding division of Phillips, another Netherlandshased company.

Under the agreement with Berkel, GEC may spend an additional £10m at a later date to acquire a further 19.5 per cent of Berkel and so gain

cent of Berkel and so gain majority centrol.

Mr Keith Hodgkinson, managing director of Avery, the GEC weighing-equipment subsidiary, said yesterday that the company would also be entering into a long-term supply agreement with Berkel. Over a period of about 18 months, this would lead to a substantial expansion of Avery's manufacturing capacity in Birmingham, which would gradually replace all the Berkel output.

"It will add about 230m of sales to our present turnover

sales to our present turnover of 260m, and another 100 jobs," said Mr Hodgkinson. Avery currently employs

2,400 workers.
GEC has reached its agreement with Berkel at a time ment with Berkel at a time when the Dutch company has run into deep financial trouble. Last year, Berkel only broke even, and it is shortly expected to anneance large losses for 1936 on its sales of about £160m. Avery is healthily profitable, although GEC dees not release the precise figures.

though GEC does not release the precise figures.

He Hodgkinson said that Berkel had been suffering from high casts which had made its products uncompeti-tive. It was attractive to Avery, however, because of its strong position in the Euro-pean market, where the UK comment is weak. Avery, acquired by GEC in

Avery, acquired by GEC in 1979, has a strong position in the UK and Commonwealth markets," but has had only limited penetration in Continental Europe because of the historic diversion between British and Continental standards in the weighing technique.

Cecil Gee in red Cecil Gos, retailer and de-signer of men's clothing. inished the 52 weeks to January 31 1987 \$1.74m in the red, against profits of \$510.000 for the previous 56 weeks. Including continuing and discontinued activities, tetal turnover was als.sim. (£23.31m).

After a tax credit of £546,000 (nil) lesses per abare were given as 12.6p (earnings 5.8p). The dividend is cut from 2.8p to 1p.

BOC GROUP is to buy the rest of New Zealand Industrial Gasses. It is offering NZ2.45 for the 39.17 per cent minority, a 48 per cent premium on the prevailing share price.

ITT denies plans to sell its 24% stake in STC

ITT, the diversified US conglomerate, does not intend to sell get in respect of tuenover, its 24 per cent stake in STC, profit and cash flow. The the UK electronics group, a order book was a third up on senior ITT executive said yester—a year ago in the first quarter.

J O Walker, timber importer, made a partial recovery in 1986 with pre-tax profits rising from a depressed £168,000 to £281,000, The dividend, however, is more than restored with a proposed final of 3.5p (3p) making 5.5p

hound-racing company, closed another 7p up at 118p yester-day when the company announced that further approaches had been which could lead to a bid.

Tate & Lyle rises 11.4% to £40.2m in first half

Tate & Lyle, unsuccessful so far in efforts to get Government support for increased margins on its cane-sugar operations, yesterday flourished its stake in S & W Berisferd, parent of rival British Sugar, as the weapon with which it would protect its

The diversified sugar group also announced an 11.4 per cent rise in first-half pre-tax profits to £40.2m (£36.1m). It is increasing its interim divi-dend by 1p to 9p. Turnover advanced by 9.2 per cent to 2948.5m (2777m).

Tate said it was willing to buy the 23.74 stake in Berisford held by Ferrussi, the Italian agribusiness group, to combine with its own 14.9 per cent holding and sell on to an appropriate third party. ppropriate third party.

appropriate third party.

It had not discussed the preposition directly with Ferrard,
which, like Tate, was blocked
by the Monopolies and Mergers
Commission in February from
bidding for Berisford. Ferrard
is required to reduce its holding to at least 15 per cent by
February 1989.

Tate's primary concern,
becked by the Monopolies report, was to achieve support for

backed by the Monopolies re-port, was to achieve support for higher margins, Mr Neil Shaw, chairman and chief executive,

Government is willing to do anything on its own.

anything on its own.

"They want to get Brussels' approval for anything they do for the cane-refining industry," Mr Shaw said.

"Until we get this, we're going to hold our shares unless somebody comes along and offers a very good price," he said. Although Tate had received a number of approach2s, "I'm not going to say that ceived a number of approaches,
"I'm not going to say that
we've had a lot of firm bids or
at what price," Mr Shaw said.
Although Tate had been
blocked from taking over
British Sugar, it was determined to have a say in its ultimate ownership. "Make no
mistake about the ability of
whoever controls British Sugar
to control Tate & Lyle," Mr
Shaw said.
Whatever problems beet

Whatever problems beet augar causes Tate in Europe, the company was thankful for the company was thankful for its US contribution in the 26 weeks to March 28. Beet sugar accounted for just over 40 per cent of Tate's US sugar turnover but 75 per cent of profits which fell to £5m (£5.2m).

In the UK, however, higher prices boosted sugar profits to

Talks with the Government strain (f0.2m). The commercial were going slowly, he said, and situation in the UK market has stabilised, Tate said, and group were not getting any strong prospects for the full year indication at this time that the

Profits in sweetener produc tion altogether rose to £18.8m (£11.8m), in processing and trading to £8.9m (£7.1m) and in service businesses to £7.9m

(£7.7m). tion of £5m (£5.8m) from auto-motive, industrial and construction products reflecting start an delays and commissioning costs at US motor component plants. After a tax charge of £148m (£147m) and minorities of £44m (£3.6m), profit moved shead to £21m (£17.8m). Earnahead to £21m (£17.8m). Earnings per share advanced by 18 per cent to 30.3p (£5.7p) and retained profit soured to £14.7m (£0.6m) reflecting the £11.6m extraordinary loss last year. Plans for the introduction of sucralose, the artificial sweetener developed jointly with Johnson & Johnson of the US, were proceeding well. Tate

were proceeding well. expected approval from regula-tory authorities by mid-1969 at the latest, and sucralese would account for at least half of its £5m research and development expenditure this year.

Tate shares added 13p to

Tricentrol first quarter loss

BY LUCY KELLAWAY

Tricentral, the indebted independent oil company yesterday amounced a first quarter 1967 loss of 2800,000 after tax, a slight improvement on the £900,000 incurred in the first quarter of 1986.

Speaking at the company's annual general meeting. Bir James Longcroft, Tricentrol's chairman, expressed optimism over the company's ability to raise the £350m which it will need to develop its oil and gas reserves. He said that at current oil prices the developments earned an adequate return, and that preliminary discussions indicated that the funds will be available.

vallable. Mr Longeroft said that Tricentrol was in the strong position of having some 160m barrels of oil which can be brought on of oil which can be brought on stream at future development cost of \$2.3 a barrel, which together with past costs and interest charges, was in line with the company's reduced depletion rate of \$4 a barrel.

He said that the size of the investment programme would lead to a surge in production and profits, and was therefore

Shiloh's record Shileh, the terrile spinner, disposable products and protective clothing manufacturer, reported record results yesterday with pre-tax profits up 64 per cent to £1.35m in the year to March 31 1987.

It Edmund Cartelda chair.

March 51 1987.
Mr Edmund Gartside, chairman, said the performance was largely due to an excellent result from the textile spinning subsidiary backed up by the steady growth and expansion of Shiloh's interests in medical disposals.

flight improvement from £14.29m to £14.67m.

The total dividend is increased from 2.75p to 4p with a final of 2.5p (1.75p),

that ITT would want to sell its stake in STC having completed the transfer of its telecommunications activities into a joint venture controlled by Alcatel of

dock, an Itt representative on the STC board, said ITT had no intention of selling its stake. Mr Weadock was speaking after STC's annual meeting, at which Lord Keith, STC chairman, said the outlook was encouraging.

"Profits should be materially ahead of last year's level and I expect to be able to reinforce this expectation when the interim results are announced."

He added that results in the

J O Walker

Shares in GRA, the grey-

part of its cost cutting proposit for the company.

During the first quarter age costs of sending out its furnover dropped from £11.1m age costs of sending out its quarterly figures, and even the stock Exchange only received an abreviated version yesterday. However, the shortage of information does not really matter—no one cares much what Tricentrol makes on an annual, let alone on a quarterly.

The average oil price in the

The average oil price in the quarter was £10.28, compared to £14.47 in the first quarter last year. Production was slightly higher at \$78,000 bar-rels (\$21,000 barrels) as a re-sult of higher output from

The company announced yesterday a new exploration iteme in north east Syria, and the award of a block in the Netherlands 6th round. Tricantrol will operate both blocks.

basis. The shareholder list is made up of a few who think that the company is a steal on the basis of asset value, and the rest who still think a take-over is the most likely reute through which Tricentrol will through which Processive with be put out of its misery. The City agrees with Mr Longcroft's that his bunch of seets are envisible, but does not agree that funding for it is likely to be forthcoming. Last year's sales bought the company about a year, but if Tricentrot is still independent by them, more Shareholders will have to rely on newspapers to learn of these results. Tricentrol, as higher at 1995.

SPONSORED SECURITIES High Low Company Price 161 118 Ass. Brit. Ind. Ordinary 187

285 766 Bardon Hill Group. 18.5 — 4.0 11.7 125 101 Jackson Group 3.2 16.0 3.5 13.5 156 -67 West Yorks. Ind. Hosp. (USM)

Granville & Co. Limited 8 Lovet Lune, London ECSR, 88P Telephone 01-621 1212 Member of FIMBRA

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This advertisement is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchang Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the grant of permission to deal in Company's ordinary shares in the Unlisted Securities Market, it is emphasised that no application has b



(Registered in England and Wales under the Companies Act 1985 - Number 2086635)

Placing by FPCLEMIED

2,200,000 ordinary shares of 10p each at 77p per share **Share Capital**

ordinary shares of 10p each

issued fully paid £866,000

Issued and to be

The Company is the holding company of two complementary businesses, Bonded Laminates Limited and Profiles (Cartton) Limited, which are manufacturers in the United Kingdom of real wood laminates and continuous wood veneer edge banding, and wrapped mouldings respectively. Full particulars of the Company are available through the Extel Unlisted Securities Market Service. Copies of the Prospecius and of Extel Cards can be obtained until 14th May, 1987 from:

F.P.G. Limited 1 Fredericks Place Old Jewry : London EC2R8HR

Capel-Cure Myers 65 Holborn Viaduct EC1A 2EU

and from The Company Announcements Office, The Stock Exchange, London EC2P 2BT. Capel-Cure Myers, County Securities Limited and Smith New Court pic have indicated that they intend to register as market makers in the ordinary shares of Boaded Laminates Profiles pic. It is anticipated that dealings will commence on 6th May, 1987.

30th April, 1987

UK COMPANY NEWS

Sock Shop plans its debut Spong in agreed bid with £27.5m valuation

FOUR years ago Ms Sophie' Mirman and Mr Richard Ross failed to find anyone in the City prepared to invest £40,000 for a 49 per cent share of their.

for a 49 per cent share of their business. Yesterday Sock Shop International announced plans to go public in an offer for sale which will value the business at \$275 m.

The company was founded in 1963 with a \$45,000 loan from the Government's Loan Guarantee Scheme by Ms Mirman, now chairman and joint managing term and joint managing term and design and buying term and in stations and airports. Initially Sock Shop's merchandise was purchased directly from manufacturers. chairman and joint managing director, and her husband, Mr tor, now loin managing director, who had previously worked at Tie Rack, the specialist retailing chain.

Sock Shop has since established a network of 43 shops, selling fashionable socks, tights, at to ckings and accessories throughout the UK. It has expanded rapidly through new shop openings, operating from small units on high streets and in stations and airports.

Initially Sock Shop's merchandise was purchased directly from manufacturers. The company has since assembled a design and buying strengthened its management team by recruiting new executives to handle accountancy, personnel and training. The company has operated at a profit since its inception. In the just the present year, pre-tax profits rose to filled and turnover to 27.36m.

In its offer for sale, through

team and more than 65 per cent of sales is now generated by own-label products.

In the past year or so, in preperation for the flotation and further expansion, it has

Bonded Laminates terms

Bended Laminates Profiles, which is involved in the manufacture of real wood laminates and wrapped mouldings, yesterday unveiled the terms of its flotation on the Unlisted Securities Market in a placing which will capitalise the business at \$6.7m

In the placing, aponsored by FPG, the group will release 22m shares, or 26 per cent of its equity, at 77p a share. This

existing shareholders. The group will receive £770,000 which will be invested in expanding hte Profiles produc-tion plant in Pontefract and developing its business in the

The group is composed of two companies, Bonded Lamin-stes and Profiles, which have hitherto traded independently, albeit in related fields

puts the shares on a multiple of 13.

The bulk of the proceeds of fits of £704,000 (£216,000) and the placing will be absorbed by turnover of £5.47m (£4.24m).

Delyn up to £406,000

BY PHILIP COGGAN

Uniter loss

es profiles plt

Delyn Packaging yesterday announced a 62 per cent jump in profits for the year ending February 1 and a four-way stock split designed to improve

Mr Paul Norman recently Mr Paul Norman recently took over as chairman of the group after he bought a 29 per cent stake from the Welsh Development Agency last November. He hopes to increase the group's City profile and to diversify its customer base—about 90 per cent of turnover is currently concentrated on the food industry.

rated on the food industry.

Pre-tax profits of \$406,000

(£251,000) on turnover of final dividend payment of 2.5p.

£7.17m (£6.67m) would have Ropner in fact made a final been better but for the poor payment of 4p making 6.5p for packaging activities.

Yesterday's FT incorrectly reported that Ropner made a final dividend payment of 2.5p.

£7.17m (£6.67m) would have payment of 4p making 6.5p for packaging activities. packaging activities.

Capital expenditure of £382,000 was spent on new plant during the year in anticipation

of future growth.

If the stock split is approved at the annual general meeting on June 10, each 20p ordinary share will be sub-divided into

four 5p shares.
Last year, earnings per share were 18.82p (11.39p) and the final dividend was set at 2.5p (3p) making a total of 3.5p (3p).

Centreway

MANAGERS OF THE UK'S 2ND LARGEST RE2 2CHEME IM 1886/81

The Chairman Mr. A. J. Cross, MA, FCA, reports:

Named Description on one	SPI 98000 0 1/ 12	/ 00
	1986	1985
SALES	£28m	£3m
PROFITS BEFORE TAX	£629,000	£80,000
EARNINGS PER SHARE	3.2p	(4.2)p

The figures reflect the consolidation of Centreway Industries pic from 1st January 1986 when it became a 50.1% subsidiary. The 1986 Report and Accounts will be available after 15th May 1987 from 87 Jermyn Street, London SW1Y 6JD.

AN INDUSTRIAL INVESTMENT AND FINANCE GROUP

The Chairman Mr. A. J. Cross, MA, FCA, reports; ng Results for the year ended 31/12/86

	1986	1985
SALES	£25m	£28m
PROFITS BEFORE TAX	£601,000	£619,000
EARNINGS PER SHARE	4.6p	2.8p
ORDINARY DIVIDEND PER SHARE	0.5р	nīp
SHAREHOLDER FUNDS	£6m	£3.4m
NET CASH	£2.2m	· <u> </u>
The 1986 Report and Accounts will be available after 15th May 1987 from 1, Waterloo Street, Birmingham B2 5PG.		



INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT, WASHINGTON 6%% US\$100,000,000 Swiss Franc-linked Bonds 1989

The interest payable on Coupon No. 5 due on April 27, 1987, as determined by the fiscal agent according to paragraph 6 of the Terms of the Bonds, is US\$438.05 per bond of US\$5,000 nominal. Basie, April, 1987

Swiss Bank Corporation Fiscal Agent

for Norank Systems

the USM-quoted retail display systems manufacturer. The offer, six new Spong ordinary shares and one new convertible cumulative redeemable preference for each £808,000 on sales of £2.34m. As Norank, values the latter at a one product company it had about £9.38m. Norank directors stried its need to diversify and and some of their family began talking to Spong late last interests, representing about 55 month.

turnover to \$7.26m.

In its offer for sale, through Capel-Cure Myers, Sock Shop will issue 2.92m shares, or 17.8 per cent of its equity, at 125p a share. The company expects to produce pre-tax profits of \$1.65m in the present year putting the shares on a prospective p/e of 24.2. Dealings in the shares will begin on May 14. Part of the proceeds of the shares will begin on May 14. Part of the proceeds of the flotation will be plopphed back into the company. This capital will be used to expand the business. Sock Shop's target is to have expanded its chain to at least 55 shops by the end of the year. In the longer-term the company plans to expand internationally by setting up parallel operations overseas.

Spong the Essex-based cloth— There is a partial cashing, housewares and creative alternative under which Robert Stephen Barelay and David 33 per cent of Spong ordinary Kleeman, has launched an agreed bid for Norank Systems, the USM-quoted retail display of the bid at 25p and 100p

to the USM in December 1985, achieved taxable profits of £808,000 on sales of £2.34m. As

per cent of the equity capital, have irrevocably accepted the offer.

In the six months to October 1986, Spong made pre-tax profits of £414,000 on sales of £9.5m.

Jessups rises to £0.6m

excellent results from leasing as interim pre-tax profits rose from £454,000 to £544,000. Turn-

vehicle dealer, reported a have been adjusted for the buoyant new vehicle market and soplication of the accounting application of the accounting standard to leasing.

from 2454,000 to 2544,000. Turnover was up at 233.72m, against \$29.73m.

Earnings per share came out at 5.15p (4.28p) and the interim advice in the parts service and payment is being raised to 1.75p 'daily rental operations.

is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange, it does not constitute an invitation to subscribe for or to purchase any securities.

Tyne Tees Television

poreted in England under the Companies Acts 1948 to 1980; registered number 1551599)

SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised £6,750,000

in Ordinary Shares of £1 each

issued and fully paid £5,099,323

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the whole of ed ordinary share capital of the Company to be admitted to the Official List. The "A" (Non-Voting) Ordinary Shares of the Company, which have now been converted into Ordinary Shares, have formerly been dealt in on the Unlisted Securities Market. It is expected that dealings in the Ordinary Shares will commence on 30th April 1987.

Tyne Tees Television Holdings P.L.C., through its wholly-owned subsidiary Tyne Tees Television Limited, is the independent television programme contractor for the North East of England, appointed by the Independent Broadcasting Authority. The group sells its programmes nationally and internationally.

Listing Particulars relating to the Company are available in the Extel Statistical Services, copies of which may be obtained during usual business hours on any weekday up to and including 14th May 1987, from:

> KLEINWORT BENSON LIMITED 20 Fenchurch Street, London EC3P 3DB

TYNE TEES TELEVISION HOLDINGS P.L.C. The Television Centre, City Road, Newcastle upon Tyne NE1 2AL

Copies of the Listing Particulars are also available from the Company Announcements Office up to and including 5th May 1987.

International. Competitive. Innovative. That's ICI today.

Speaking at the Annual General Meeting on 29th April 1987, Mr. Denys Henderson, Chairman of ICL said:

I am proud to report that 1986 was another year in which we exceeded £1 billion profit, dividends increased by almost 10% and your share price rose. These results were achieved under the stewardship of Sir John Harvey-Jones and are the best possible testimony to the impact of his Chairmanship.

The last five years have produced a vital and lasting shift to products with higher added value and market potential, together with a significant improvement in the territorial balance of the business. Profit and carnings



with our customers, worldwide

gone up two and a half times, and the share price at the end of 1986, has tripled. This represents an extraordinary amount of change and improvement.

When we announced our 1986 results, we coined the phrase a better billion to highlight their quality as well as their quantum. Pre-tax profit has increased by 11% and is derived in major part from strong growth in

'effects' businesses. Bulk chemical busines done well and are increasingly better placed to compete

Consumer and Speciality Products now accounts for 35% of total sales but over 50% of profits. In 1986, Pharmaceuticals became a billion pound business and is now a major international drug company. The Poly-urethanes business performed outstandingly well; Speciality Chemicals grew strongly in sales and profits; Paints turned in good profits which included only two months of better-than-expected results from our major US acquisition, Glidden Paints; there were good profits from our Films business; and Colours achieved a very considerable turn round after a number of loss making years. All in all, a set of high added value, international businesses with well differentiated products which are

nauch less vulnerable to swings in economic cycles.

Turning now to Industrial Products, ICT's commodity chemical businesses are becoming increasingly robust. Sustained effort to encourge rationalisation of European production, together with radical re-structuring, cost reduction and improved efficiency in our own businesses are now paying dividends. Petrochemicals, Plastics and General Chemicals were able to achieve better profit margins; and Fibres, which is now much more of a speciality business, had a very good year.

The Agriculture sector continued to be severely affected by surpluses and low prices. Fertilizers had a particularly bad time and went into loss - but it is our firm intention to stay in businesses with a long term profitable future. Agrochemicals did well to increase its sales in spite of the depressed state of world agriculture and we expect performance to improve this year.

As far as Oil is concerned, by exchanging ICT's oil and gas interests for a 25% holding in Enterprise Oil, we have put our reserves into a bigger business with a better

Territorially, the highlights were in the USA where dollar sales and profits were a new record and Continental Europe, where trading profits were also at record.

Seen against the background of little growth in the world economy, falling chemicals prices and the net effect of movements in currencies, our profit performance in 1986 was by any yardstick a good performance.

Priorities for the future

We are in excellent shape and can go on enhancing our well established international strengths, maintain our competitive edge and strive to be still more innovative in products, processes and marketing.

First, a word about our international strength. We must continue to search avidly for exciting new products which our customers want and better processes to produce them. The R&D investment necessary to achieve these essential goals can only be recovered by increasing our sales worldwide. Our traditional home market, the UK, represents less than 4% of free world chemical demand but is the source of our key export sales.



We have expanded our share of Continental European markets but we still need to grow there and in the remaining major world markets, especially the USA and the Far East. We have no alternative but to strive to become ever more international and we are already very well organised to do just that around the globe.

Competitiveness will of course remain the name of the game in all our businesses, not least in commodity chemicals, where the formation of the Chemicals and Polymers Group brings together £15 billion of assets with total sales in 1986 of about £3.5 billion. It will form a concentration of industrial products businesses,

with low overheads, excellent technology, and stron market positions, which should ensure their robust survival and contribution to ICI's future profits.

Finally, innovation, where the life blood of a technologically based company like ours is research and development, now running in excess of £1 million a day. But innovation can also give us a competitive edge in imaginative marketing, in developing new businesses like Advanced Materials and Seeds, in financing our business, and in the ways in which we organise ourselves.

So those are my priorities and the philosophies on which they are based. Internationalism, Competitiveness, Innovation - ICI in short.

There will be the growing impact on the bottom line from the major steps we took in 1986 - the acquisition of Glidden Paints, the setting up of Chemicals & Polymers, the merger of our oil and gas interests with Enterprise Oil and the formation of the European Vinyls Corporation. We also have the financial flexibility and strength to make further strategic contributions to the growth of strong and new businesses, by acquisition. The whole thrust of our business strategy is to develop a robusiness which enables us to cope with whatever fate may throw

First quarter results - 1987

As far as the first quarter of 1987 is concerned, our Group has continued to make good progress. The Group profit before tax at £334 million was a record, in fact the first time that we have ever topped £300 million in a quarter in our history. This performance was broadly based and I congratulate all employees. Although one cannot read too much into a single quarter's result, I take it as encouraging evidence that we are making progress on a promising course.

Commitment to success

I am convinced that there are certain basic values we must cling to because they have been, still are and will continue to be, an essential part of our success. Of paramount importance are, respect for all individual employees and, equally, respect for the communities in which we operate.

We have made an excellent start to 1987 and I believe that the omens are good. My colleagues and I are committed to taking ICI forward into an even more successful and profitable future, and I hope we may continue to count on stockholder support in our endeavours.



Imperial Chemical Industries

US problems cut Foseco profits

PROBLEMS in the US knocked However, the original Gibson preference dividends of £1.83m enough by Foseco's realistic profits at Foseco Minsep, the Homans activities have been (£1.97m), earnings per share appraisal of its difficulties to mark the shares up in 10.281n. £35.1m to £26.4m in 1986. And lems of the oil and farm states extraordinary items of £13m reand the company has decided sulting from closure costs meant that they should be sold. that the group was forced to

LTV, a major customer and the second largest steel producer in the US, sought protection from creditors under Chapter 11 and USX suffered improved results in Australia. Chapter 11 and USX suffered chapter 11 and USX suffered improved results in Australia a longrunning strike. As a Demand proved poor for result, profits in the metal-lurgical chemicals division fell back sharply from £25.17m to £17.76m and the company has since drastically cut its capacity in the US to reflect lower steel moderation.

The other problem area in the US was Gibson-Homans as a vehicle for introducing its

FKI in £3.2m

purchase from

Henderson

emicals group, down from affected by the economic prob-Despite the problems at Gib-

dividend from son-Homans, profits in the construction and mining chemi-

appointing Trading profit of £32.5m (£41.6m) was achieved on turn-over of £553.7m (£558m). After The disastrous i interest charges of 25.87m (£6.52m), taxation of £12.93m (£13.74m) and minorities and

The extraordinary item was made up of rationalisation costs of £4.18m, plus provisions for future costs of £5.24m and for deficiencies on expected disposals of £4.4m. As a result, the loss attributable to share-holders was £1.84m and after funding the dividends of £7.57m, the company was forced to transfer £9.21m, from re-

The final dividend was set at 6.25p (6.05p) making a total of 9.2p (9p). Mr Tony Chubb, the chairman, said that trading so far this year had been mixed, but he was confident of the outcome for the full year.

The disastrous interims had at least one good joint; they got all the bad news out of the way, and the market was impressed

rises by 26% mark the shares up 5p to 26ip. The problems of the US steel industry were not of Foseco's making although it should have to £17m FR Group, equipment maker for the aircraft, energy and alectronies industries, snotted them earlier; but Gibson-Homans, bought on 17 times

reported pre-tax profits up by 26 per cent for 1574. Mr Hichael Cobham, chairman and chief executive, mid the results were in line with expectations, at the interim stage, of further progress in the second half. earnings only three years ago, showed that dreams of expansion via acquisition can easily turn to dust. The talk was much more sober yesterday; further disposals are on the cards and the management's focus will be concentrated on improving margins in the exist-ing business. Rationalisation benefits should enable the pro-

FR profit

On turnever up by 13 per to \$90.1m (£87.9m) the pro-tax figure was £8.5m higher at £16.8m, in the middle of City expectations. However fl.bm of the increase tume from higher net interest received at fl.fm.

Earnings per share came out at 17.74p (14.45p) and the directors are proposing an increased final payment of 2.5p., against an adjusted 2.653p, making a total of 2.85p The fax charge was \$5.5m (£4.5m) and minority interests accounted for

\$100,000 (mil). comment

In late October FR Group surprised the market with a \$40m rights—it has \$14m net in the bank at the time. Both the planned US acquisition and the repaying of off-belonce sheet debt (which new totals \$15m), the reasons given for the rights, have not taken also. Instead FR has \$48m to have and the search continues—with the FR has £48m to have and the search continues—with the US still the reventle hunting parted. Prefer were as expected and would have been higher but for the £2m (30 per cent) leap in overhead costs. This rise is worse than it appears as in 1983 FR (unusually) effect the profit on the sale of an aircraft against several hundred thousand of admin costs. Otherwise the rise is largely due to build up in overseas marketing costs as FR looks mare aggressively for new more aggressively for new enters abroad. At least the partial privatisation of the Boyal Navy's war games (FR Royal Navy's war games (FR gets to play the enemy with its 16 Falcous) plus the fisheries watch continue to cover the costs of a growing fleet. This year £24m should be possible—the cash alone could produce £5m—putting the shares at , 336n on a prospective p/e of 16p. Now could be a good buying time as the rights have been digested but the premium is yet to be restored.

Housing advances help Costain up to £64.3m

Mr Terrel Wyatt, chairman, also announced a proposed onefor-one scrip issue and predicted that the current year would be another testing one for the group. However, he expected further growth.

In June 1996 Costain raised form through an one-for-five

£62m through an one-for-five rights issue. rights issue.

Profits and turnover by division showed: engineering and construction, £21.7m (£22.1m) on £501.6m (£568.2m); mining £28.2m (£28.6m) on £200.2m (£7m) on on 128.7m (£91.1); and property, £17.2m (£18.8m) on £40.5m (£49.3m). Interest charges fell from £12.4m to £10.4m.

Mr Wyatr said that the UK

contribution to group profits substantially and the number of units sold increased by more than 23 per cent to 2.140. The loss-making Australian housing activities were being disposed. activities were being disposed Property development activi-ties in the UK were being stepped up and there was a cur-rent development programme

of £230m Tax took £17.7m (£14.8m); minority interests totalled £4.8m (£7.5m); and extraordinary items, £1.2m (£300,000). Attributable profits amounted to in now while the propect \$41.1m (\$38m) and dividends assuming pre-tax profits accounted for \$14.6m (\$11.8m). this year, is under 10. Mr Wystt said that the UK

IN SPITE OF a strong performance from its housing and construction companies did well to maintain their contribution. Costain Group, the construction and development company, advanced pre-tax profits only 6 per cent to a record 564.3h in 1983. Costain Mining now accounted for made £60.6m in 1985.

Turnover fell from £939.6m to £866m.

Shareholders will benefit from a proposed final payment of 10.5p, making a total for the year of 17.5p (16.5p).

Mr Tetrel Wyatt, chairman, also announced a proposed one-for-one scrip issue and predicted that the current year would be contribution; and the annument of the current year would be contribution to group profits. improved its contribution; even though the market had been forewarned about the Australian difficulties, it marked the shares down 35p to 501p. The diversification strategy was designed to help Costain escape from the low quality of contracting earnings but the difficulties of the international construction of the international construction industry will once again restrict industry will once again restrict growth this year. Add in the weakness of the Australian and US dollars and the full dilution effect of the rights issue and earnings per share could well fall. But growth prospects look much more promising from 1983 and the shares have taken such a hammering that long term ina hammering that long term in-vastors might be tempted to get in now while the propective p/e, assuming pre-tax profits of 188m

By Graham Deller FRI Electricals, the expanding electrical, electronic and light engineering concern, has agreed the purchase of Normand Electrical from its parent Henderson Group for a conditional consideration of \$2.200 considerations o

The acquisition will involve the issue of 2.67m new FKI ordinary shares which will subsequently be placed with institutions at 121p per share on Henderson's behalf by

The sale includes freehold properties at Aylesbury. Clapbam in South Loudon and King's Lynn, but does not include the Fractional HP Motors or the South Africanbased E. P. Normand

Normand makes electric and geared motors, gearboxes and mechanical and electronic speed variators. In the year to end-February 1987 it sus-tained a pro-tax loss of £1.63m on sales of about

FKI will incorporate Normand into its motors and coutrol gear division and Mr Tony Gardand, chairman, is confident that a turnround can be achieved to produce a viable profit level.

Dan-Air shares soar 48%

SHARES IN Davies and the dry cargo department con-Newman, best known for its Dan-Air operations, leapt 152p state of the market. The mar-to 475p yesterday following the announcement of a substantial company operate are presently rise from £1.05m to £6.69m in pre-tax profits for 1986 against later in the year. rise from £1.05m to £6.69m in pre-tax profits for 1986 against an increase of just 7 per cent, from £288m to £306m in turn-

Mr Frederick Newman, the chairman, said the turnround was the result of a much better trading position in the airline brought about by the determination of all concerned to capitalise on the more favourable conditions in the holiday air charter market.

The upsurge in holiday business ensured that the summer season lasted for a full six months and, Mr Newman said, the increase in the UK inclusive tour holiday sales of some 15 per cent was the impetus needed to acquire Dan-Air's first wide-bodied aircraft

had another successful year, and handled just under half of the passenger traffic passing through the airport. The dramatic collapse of oil prices in the early part of the year had an adverse effect on the Tan Sending Adding activities. Dan-Smedvig drilling activities but the position had now im-proved with the recommence-

Davies and Newman's results always unpredictable, surpassed even the wildest expectations yesterday and the shares res-ponded with a near-50 per cent later in the year.

Mr Newman concluded that all aircraft were fully committed for the 1987 summer season and that should prove a sound basis for maintaining Dan-Air's improved position.

Operating profits for 1988 boom. This gave Dan-Air high were £8.47m (loss of £94.000) and net interest charged was just in the peak summer period but also in the shoulder months of May and October, increasing of May and October, increasing companies declined from 21.55m the number of capacity tonne to £1.34m. There was little kilometres performed from change in the surplus in discount of aircraft at £1.29m costs. A year as fortuitous as (£1.31m); tax took £2.28m 1996 is going to be hard to (£568,000) and minorities £5.000 better, but more work on costs, tonths and, Mr Newman said, (£568,000) and minorities £5,000 better, but more work on costs, the increase in the UK incluive tour holiday sales of some fits of £4.4 in (£482,000) before a full season's use of the new fits of £4.4 in (£482,000) before airbus, and an improved concrediting an extraordinary item should help produce at least fide-bodied aircraft in the dividend is increased a prospective p/e multiple of from 10p; earnings per 25p 7—a befitting discount to BA's ordinary have jumped from 9 for this normally unexciting family business.

its to reach £33m this year— still below 1986's lavels—but the market has been dis-

appointed by Foseco rather too often and the shares, on a pros-

pective p/e of 13, are buoyed up as much by lingering hid hopes as by the trading

Ensign Trust lifts net assets

but the position had now improved with the recommencement of activity in some of its investments has a majority holding, reported a decline (0.39p) while after extrational produced a better result but months to March 31, 1987, while

Metal Box pays £18m for UCP

BY SIMON HOLDERTON

Metal Box, the big packaging group, has agreed to pay £18.4m in cash for the United Closures and Plastics Division of United Glass in a move which will advance the company's strategy of developing its plastics and packaging business.

The purchase price is for the business and principal assets of UCP. In the year to November last year, UCP produced a turnover of £40.4m and a trading profit of £2.3m on net tangible assets of £14.6m, Metal Box said it believed it could generate substantially higher profits from UCP.

United Glass said it decided to sell UCP so it could concentrate all its energies on its glass business, where it is the market leader in bottles. Mr John Small, managing director, said United Glass's fairly ambitious plans for its glass business over the part three years would be the next three years would be funded by the bulk of the funds from the sale of UCP

Metal Box plans to manage company's skills and facilities separately UCP's two operating units, which are near Stirling, Scotland, and in Norfolk. The company's trading name will be retained. Metal Box said UCP's strength in pharmaceuticals, tolletries and spirits markets would extend its existing customer base.

It would also augment the of US packager Owens-Illinois,

company's skills and facilities in plastics injection woulding while complementing the com-pany's existing plastics bottle range, particularly in short-run business, difficult shares and in

Noble and Lund profits slip back

Noble and Land, Gateshead-based manner of specialist heavy machine tools, reported from the receiver in February pre-tax profits down from 1986, had been rationalised, and 2474,000 to 5403,000 in 1986 a significant improvement was largely as a result of a deterioration in the results of its specialist engineering division.

Turnover fell from \$10.79m—restated to inclinde the group's acquisition of Kwiklok in May 1988—to £10.64m. Noble ghares (0.35p), making a total of 1p (0.7p) for the year.

April 29, 1987

Aktiebolaget Volvo

(Incorporated in the Kingdom of Sweden with limited liability)

10%% Deutsche Mark/Australian Dollar Dual Currency Bonds of 1987/1990 - Private Piscement -

Principal Amount:

A\$ 50,000,000 Converted Principal Amount: DM 64,950,000 Repayment Amount: A8 50,000,000 10%4% p.s. payable annually in arreers on May 31st in DM

on the converted principal amount. Issue Price: May 31, 1990 in AS at par Repayment:

Trinkaus & Burkhardt

Manufacturers Hanover Limited

Kommanditgesellschaft auf Aktien

Bayerische Hypotheken- und Wechsel-Bank

Westdeutsche Genomenschafts-Zentralbank eG

Industriebank von Japan (Deutschland) AG

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SAAB-SCANIA

SAAB-SCANIA AKTIEBOLAG

(Incorporated in Sweden with limited liability)

U.S. \$100,000,000

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Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.

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Daiwa Europe Limited Morgan Guaranty Ltd.

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

County NatWest Capital Markets Limited

S.G. Warburg Securities

Bunkers Trust International Limited Chase Investment Bank Crédit Commercial de France Robert Fleining & Co. Limited Kokusai Europe Limited Kuwait International Investment Co. s.a.k. Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd.

(Kabushiki Kaisha Tokyo Ginko)

(Incorporated with limited liability in Japan)

U.S.\$100,000,000

1¾ per cent. Convertible Bonds due 2002

lasue price 100%

Goldman Sachs International Corp. Kuwait Foreign Trading Contracting & Investment Co. (S.A.K.) Kuwait Investment Company (S.A.K.) The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd. Société Générale Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. Bardays de Zoete Wedd Limited Citicorp Investment Bank Limited Dominion Securities Inc.

Sanyo International Limited

Genossenschaftliche Zentralbank AG - Vienna Lloyds Merchant Bank Limited National Securities of Japan (Europe) Ltd.

Nippon Kangyo Kakumaru (Europe) Limited

Taiheiyo Europe Limited Wako International (Europe) Limited Wood Gundy Inc. Universal (U.K.) Limited

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NEW ISSUE

APRIL 1987

Enskilda Securities Skandinaviska Erskiida Limited

Bankers Trust International Limited

MANAGEMENT: Marketing and Advertising

COMPANIES WHICH have steeped themselves in modern management methods and marketing concepts do not usually step back in time when they want to unloose a new product on the market. Yet that is precisely what Hutschenreuther, West Germany's largest porcelain maker, has done.

It reckoned the time was ripe for a touch of unashamed, old-fashioned elegance to grace the tables of its well-heeled customers and to provide an antidote to the fast, high technology-oriented world of the 1980s.

So, for the first time when looking for a design, it delved into its past and picked one from the late 19th century. "It is an experiment," admits Karlheinz Diesing, Hutschenreuther's marketing manager. "But it is not a foolhardy one. Through certain trends in the market and our good order inflow, we saw a need for this."

flow, we saw a need for this."

That statement is one of the keys to Hutschenreuther's approach. It is a company with a strong sense of tradition—the first Hutschenreuther porcelain works was founded 173 years ago. But it is bang up-to-date when it comes to working out its own objectives and pinpointing its market segments.

It is an approach which has made it market leader in Germany, although it is still less well known abroad than its rival Rosenthal. Both companies are based in the little north-eastern Bayarian town of Selb, where the gently rolling hills cross over into Czechoslovakia a few kilometres away,

Hutschenreuther's sometimes incongruous mixture of past and present can be seen in many of Germany's successful medium-sized, and larger, concerns. Anyone trying to uncover the reasons why Germany's economy seems so resilient and thrusting will soon come across three simple words. They are tradition, quality and

lovakia a few kilometres away.

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N. Harris & Trianger

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Bearing Brands large

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Tradition in a modern age

Andrew Fisher on the marketing philosophy of Hutschenreuther, the W German tableware maker

ladies' names and thought that Viktoria avoked the appropriate image of a bygone era.

The company insists that it did not have Britain's Queen Victoria predominantly in mind —the range will be sold mainly in Germany, Austria and Switzerland—even if one blue and gold edged version is called Viktoria Regina.

Hutscherzeuther, will, adv.

has been christened Viktoria. times dubbed the "naughty the company mostly chooses ladies' names and thought that viktoria avoked the appropriate image of a bygone era.

The company insists that it did not have Britain's Queen Victoria avokeminantia in mind.

The company insists that it not have Britain's Queen victoria predominantly in mind innovation.

Obvious and perhaps banal though they may sound, Hutschenreuther sees them as forming the heart of the corporate culture which it has developed. They help to explain why it has introduced a design from the lats 1800s to today's diantified the sort of customers it has in mind for its premium range which includes several (Bettar Living). Freundin, and Cosmopolitan (the German and classic designs; they are people who embrace traditional values (bard work, security, morality and culture), but also like to enjoy life, are not totally money-oriented, and are sensitive to their surroundings."

The company insists that it ind not have Britain's Queen victoria predominantly in mind the predominantly in mind the range will be sold mainly the range will be sold mainly the firm and geometric marble shapes and mew can come together. Hutschenreuther's products and new can come together. Hutschenreuther's products and new can come together. Hutschenreuther's will addenied and new can come together. Hutschenreuther's meaning geometric to show how the old wards and new can come together. Hutschenreuther's mea

refinement, qualities that the company's market research said were back in the ascendent.

Its potential market, says Diesing, "is the 5 per cent of the population with a lot of money and an elegant lifestyle."

A 15-piece Viktoria coffee service will cost nearly DM 400 vice will cost nearly DM 400 (£136). Hutschenreuther has cheaper ranges such as the spaxier Arzberg, aimed at successful individualists, including

cessful individualists, including Tuppies who enjoy work and life but are less bound by traditional values, and Tirschenrenth, the typical buyers of which are likely to be more staid and bourgeois.

But it is not only the clear idea that it has of its markets that gives Hutschenreuther its direction.

Its present corporate culture is derived, to a certain extent, from its past. For many years there were two Hutschenreuther companies, one started by Carolus Magnus Hutschenreuther in 1814 and the other by his son Lorent in 1857.

by his son Lorenz in 1857.

The father settled in the Selb area because it had the necessary raw materials for percelaine, like kaolin, quartz and feldspar, as well as timber for energy. The two companies were competitors until 1969, when they merged into the present concern, enlarged three years later with the purchase of the Kahla porcelain firm.

Hutschenreuther, now a quoted company in which the original family no longer has any stake, has since invested heavily in new equipment to make its domestic and hotel and catering ware, and also moved into industrial ceramics. Last year, turnover was DM

moved into industrial ceramics.
Last year, turnover was DM 420m (£143m), a rise of 5 per cent on the previous year.
Roland Dorschner, the chairman is shooting for over DM 500m by 1990. Net profits in 1985 were DM 4.3m — the 1988 figure has yet to be revealed, though the company has already said it is up on the previous year.

During its expansion, the company is keen to keep its traditions in the forefront of its workers' minds—it employs 5,800 and is highly dependent on their skills, "Tradition is most just ballast for us, but means strength," he has said. He describes the company as a designer and seller of aesthetic contributions to living rather than as a consumer. rather than as a consum goods producer.

Hutschenreuther knows just Huischenrenther knows just where its products lie on an elaborate social diagram drawn up for it by Franz Bachmann, a Krefeld-based marketing consultant. The diagram points to the characteristics of different lifestyles rather than social classes. Bachmann says of his social model: "It helps to make social model: "It helps to make changes in people's attitudes clearly apparent."

Digesting adverts

NO, IT NO isinger runs "The most unforgettable human being I ever met" feature; but, yes, "Rumour in Uni-form" is still there. Reader's Digest, like some, remis to be a temperary part of most people's lives, a blurred memory of the past.

memory of the past.

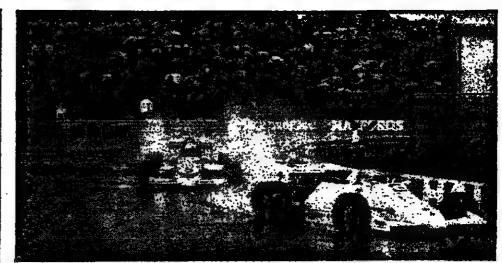
But the magazine is alive and kicking, gradually putting on circulation to almost L6m copies a month in the UK, with a readership approaching 7m. It is now trying to convince advertising agencies that it is a good media buy—its share of advertising expenditure has been falling as agencies, and in particular their creative departments, recall from the thought of good ideas being reduced to the Digest's packet-sized pages.

the Digest's pecket-sized pages.

To pep up its image Reader's Digest has introduced the Pegasus Awards, an annual gala at which the most imaginative advertisement of the month in its pages was duly recognised and one became "Advertisement of the Year." The first ceremony was held in some splendour at Claridges.

It was impossible to missible fact that the great majority of the winning adswere for clarities which was Reader's Digest's other hig idea. Each month it offers a free double page spread to a charity. Since the scheme began a year ago the Digest has been thrust into the consciousness of some of the most glamorous agencies in most glamorous agencies in town. Santchi and Santchi took and of the top state at the Pegasus Awards with an advertisement for Guide Dogs for the Blind.

Reader's Digest profoundly hopes that by next year more paid-for ads. There has been a 16 per cent rise in attestising revenue, which now tops 55m a year. To convince media departments, the Digost has tried to convert its raise team into a marketing team, and has tred the time-handward path of commissioning research into markets, such as white goods and financial, which gives its reps some data with which to danie potential advertisers. The Direct has always been The Digest has always been het on direct response advertising. From this month all such advertisers appear listed on a Business Roply Card which enables readers to sweld the sacrilege of cutting into their reading matter.



Halfords: how a wash-out turned into a winner

Feona McEwan reports on the aftermath of a sponsorship "first"

EVERY sponsorship is an act of faith. But when Halfords, the largest retailer of car parts and bicycles in the UK, sank and bicycles in the UK, sank £100,000 into backing the first international motor race on the streets of mainland Britain, it had not bargained for the weather.

weather.

The Halfords Birmingham Super Frix, as it was called, happened over last Angust bank holiday weekend, and was, meteorologically speaking, a wash-out. The main event—a Monaco-style street motor race for Formula 3000 which is one step down from Formula 1—was halted halfway, thanks to Hurricane Charley passing through. Lashing rain and howling gales made a carefully orchestrated event memorable in the most unintended way. Exit, you might think, one disgrantied sponsor.

In fact, Halfords' spirit was

In fact, Halfords' spirit was far from dampened. The two-day event spawned acres of press comment—9,250 column

mingham area over the four month Super Prix period, com-pared with the same period the

just pledged a further £375,000 to bag the event for the next two years.

What drew the company to the Super Prix in the beginning was the natural "fit" between sponsor and sponsored—the link between a car parts retailer and a car race, the company's desire to raise consumer awareness and an event which desire to raise consumer awareness and an event which delivered the appropriate male audience. "Since Halfords is the UK leader in car parts retailing and is Birminghambased, we saw the Super Prix as a great corporate promotion and marketing opportunity," says Ian Staples, managing director of Halfords.

Also, the inclusion of the race

where it mattered most, in the stores, the company noticed an increase of one quarter more customers in stores in the Birmingham area over the four month Super Prix period, compared with the same period the store and superstores and needed to fiag the move. The cross promotion possible between store and Super Prix generated extra interest in both.

pared with the same period the year before.

So pleased was Halfords with its first major foray into sponsorship — it had dabbled in cycle racing before—that it has products," says Staples—there just pledged a further £375,000 is a touch of altruism about to bag the event for the next two years.

What drew the company to the Super Prix in the beginning to see Birmingham on the road. to see Birmingham on the road to recovery from the recession of the 1970s. The Super Prix has given us a chance to support local people, local business and the Birmingham City Council in the Birmingdam City Council in the most positive way possible." Halfords used the race days themselves to entertain press, suppliers and selected staff, who had won the invitation as part of a staff incentive scheme.

day event spawned acres of day event spawned acres of day event spawned acres of day event spawned acres of day event spawned acres of day event spawned acres of day event spawned acres of day event spawned acres of day event spawned acres of day event spawned acres of day event spawned acres of press comment—9,250 column inches to be exact—over six months, considerable television coverage—13.3m viewers saw it in the UK. It was screened in 18 countries plus South such advertisers appear ted on a Business Reply re which smalles readers aveid the searliege of cut-spanned the serilege of cut-spanned acres of day event spawned acres of press comment—9,250 column marketing opportunity," says months, considerable television of Halfords.

Also, the inclusion of the race in the International Formula in the International Formula in day event spawned acres of press comment—9,250 column marketing opportunity," says more as a hobby. This has now turned to a serious commitment the inclusion of the race in the International Formula in day countries plus South and Central America. (This year Russia has asked to broadcast the event.)

More to the point, the tills in the local Halfords has spon-more agreed cycle racing, but gently, more as a hobby. This has now turned to a serious commitment the international Formula in the International Formula in the International Formula in the company is using it to gen-shop points, put it firmly on the racing map and ensured, as did the street race aspect, guarantical with the series of cut-spanned in the companned of the company is using it to gen-spanned.

Automorphic for the international Formula in the International Formula in the International Formula in the company is using it to gen-spanned.

The Digest has advertisers appear to the international Formula in the companned.

In the past, Halfords has spend thereof the p

TECHNOLOGY: Computing

The case for IT as a matter of life and death

to help the firm sharpen its competitive edge through better use of information technology recommended the old system be abandoned and replaced by a more efficient and reliable set of hardware and nontwere.

The data processing manager and management information systems director are resisting the recommendation strongly. the recommendation strongly. They are worried about the effect on the systems designer. It would "reduce her worth in her own eyes," they complain.

True stories like these make Mr Michael Broddle, managing director of DCE Information Management Consultancy shake his head in despair. THE REAL PROPERTY. Bines Bers Berger

The street of th his head in despair. He is one of that steadily The strain like the growing band of specialists in information technology who are convinced that companies which cannot or will not bring themselves to use information tech-nology as a competitive weapon are doomed to extinction.

The most weighty and recent evidence of his concern is a report published today which is shot through with the conviction that information systems and information technology can have a direct, sub-stantial and even dramatic role to play in improving competi-

tive performance. Edited by Ms Pat Griffiths, a principal consultant with DCE, the report combines invited papers from international industry experts with comment

SOMEWHERE in England, a systems designer employed by a major food manufacturer is weeken at midnight several times a week to patch up the company's computerised but outmoded order processing system.

She designed the system practically single handed several years ago. It is critical to the company's performance and she takes immense pride in keeping it going. Her knowledge of its idiosyncracies is second to none; in fact, nobody else has much knowledge of its all.

Outside consultants called in to help the firm sharpen its competitive edge through better use of information technology

tion skewltaneously at VBA; the system made it possible to cope with, on a peak day, 22m items sold in 50,000 transactions at a turnover value of £3.3m.

VBA is the largest flower auction in Holland, but by no means the only one and the market is very competitive.

The use of computers, however, to automate two critical The use of computers, however, to automate two critical
factors, distribution of the
goods and collection of payment, has ensured that VBA
has remained preeminent—but
only at the cost of continually
looking ahead to seek better
ways of staying in front.
The report details a number
of similar case studies — Thomson Holidays and its TOPS
viewdata system in the UK, for
example — all of which clearly

viewdata system in the UK, for example — ail of which clearly show that sensible use of information technology can have a dramatic effect on competitiveness, increasing it by as much as 10 times in some cases. But if the advantages are so clear cut and obvious why is there still resistance? The there still resistance? The report suggests four causes. • Lack of education: the inability of both business and information technology specialists to understand one another's roles and the needs and ponten-

• Fear of new technology Many non-technical people are frightened of something that they believe they cannot under-

tial to be gained from working



The VBA flower auction in the Notherlands: Prices start high and decrease until a bidder signals a sale by stopping a microprocessor-controlled "clock," which indicates the price of the let sold.

tish Institute of Management or the Confederation of British Industry, rather than the British Computer Society or the Institute of Data Processing Management? the report

demands.

The UK Government's failure to support the message; "Grants for technical innovation are needed, but perhaps more tangible support for a limited effort to convince top managers to take IT to their business hearts would be more useful," says

the report.

Brhish management comes off rather badly in the report.

David Harvey, editor of Business Computing and Communication.

munications, in an account the argue that to a large extent the confusion surrounding the potential of IT is compounded by an absence of know-how at the top of companies: "Directors do not ask the technologists "Competitive advantage through information technology is perfectly possible—indeed,

techniques rarely work.
He argues that management must start with three questions must start with three questions in mind: What are our business needs? What are the technical opportunities? And what is our epportunities? And what is our capability and current position?

DCE propounds the use of a technique it calls Strategic Information Systems Planning (SISP). Run in six phases, it sets out to determine the business of statement and sealers that ness strategy, and analyse the business activities and informa-tion needs before formulating

strategies.

Mr Broddle of DCE says he is impressed with the quality of the upper levels of management in many UK companies. cations, and Colin Leeson. They may not yet be fully marketing and sales director of PA Conputers and Telecommunications, in an invited paper says, but they are quick to grasp

is perfectly possible — indeed vital for all companies," he says is not an easy one. Michael vital for all companies," he say: Earl, director of the Oxford But there can be major difficul

Succeed in business - let machines do the trying

computer because you think of it as a potential enemy," he writes, "You will learn to use the computer to make a name for yourself in your organisa-tion. It will become a major tool on your pathway to success."

Professor Dinerstein's book reads like a latterday restare-ment of Samuel Smiles, the Victorian advocate of self-help. He identifies the major draw-back to most corporate computer systems early on—the fact that because they are designed to provide information for a wide variety of departments the reports they produce are hard to read, contain little or no use-ful information and are too late to be useful.

What you must do, Professor Dineratein argues, is make better use of the corporate system so that you can reduce the amount of time spent doing

STUCK in a middle management rut with little hope of making it to the top? Scared of computers and people who know how to use them? Terrified a computer specialist will get the promotion that should be yours?

Wall, relax for help is at hand. Professor Nelson Dinerstain of Utah State University has the answers. His new book published today shows you how to use the computer to get ahead. Instead of avoiding the computer because you think of it as a potential enemy," he





You will have to hire your technician or borrow him from enother department, in most cases, Professor Dinerstein says, you will have to hire such an individual yourself.

You will also have to hire yourself a data entry clerk to ensure that your private store of information is entered correctly in the database system that the software technician has built for you.

Professor Dinerstein does acknowledge that getting access
to all the information you may require from the corporate database may prove a little tricky—data processing mana-gers are not noted for their eagerness to spread their in-valuable electronic files around the organisation.
His volume serves, however,

as a warning as well as an aid to self-advancement. If you see your colleague installing a personal computer, then a bearded individual with sandals who calls you "Dad" making it work then a street woung ing it work, then a smart young lady sitting at the keyboard all day while your workmate drinks coffee with the depart-mental head, watch out! There's an ambitious middle

*Winning the Information Sys-tems Game, Kogan Page, 1987 28.95.

Europe in expansive mood on local issues

THE EUROPEAN market for local area networks (LANS), systems which enable personal computers to be connected together economically and effectively, should grow from 298,000 connections (nodes) at the end of 1986 to 14bm in 1990.

This forms from a recent This figure, from a recent will intensify; IBM, with the report by New York-based market researchers Frost & Sullivan, suggests that the market for LANs will be worth \$466m by 1990.

Most observers agree that the trend in personal computing is towards the linking of machines together in networks to suit a wide range of suppliers.

industry experts with comment and analysis.

It makes the point that in fast-moving and competitive markets, it is not enough to be ahead. Constant review and development is necessary if a company wants to stay ahead.

It makes the point that in fast-moving and competitive markets, it is not enough to be ahead. Constant review and development is necessary if a company wants to stay ahead.

Earl, director of the Oxford But there can be major difficulties and it is important systematically to seek out all first markets it is not enough to be should best promote the many senior IT whole have one common property—simplistic and universal regions.

Earl, director of the Oxford But there can be major difficulties and it is important systematically to seek out all first markets it is not enough to be should best promote the many senior IT has been slow going for the possibility of the needs of working groups of the needs of working the needs of working and the needs of working groups of the needs of working the need

• The need for data sharing will intensify; IBM, with the

a wide range of suppliers.

for a speeding up in LAN installations.

The report suggests that the entry of companies like AT&T and IBM into the LAN market-nology, which has perhaps been the major inhibiting factor, will on existing suppliers and that those without a large installation.

The report suggests that the greatest growth—up to 160 per cent between 1986 and 1988, and 90 per cent a year thereshold the major inhibiting factor, will one existing suppliers and that those without a large installation.

The report suggests that the entry of companies like AT&T and 1980 per cent a year thereshold the major inhibiting factor, will one existing suppliers and that those without a large installation. on existing suppliers and that those without a large installed base or an established market niche may not survive.

Digital Equipment led the pack in Europe in 1986 with 21 per cent of the market, followed by SCOM and Ungermann Bass (12 per cent) and Novell (11 per cent). IBM had only 3 per cent at the time of the survey.

The report concludes that the small-scale networking market—that is, from two to 20 nodes—will grow by nearly 140 per cent between 1986 and 1988; larger networks, the kind that the bigger corporations are likely to instal, will show the

There is a relatively higher installed base of LANs in the UK, Frost & Sullivan says. In 1986 the value of LANs shipped in the UK was about one-third of the total LANs shipped throughout Europe

West Germany, however, has a disproportionately low installed base but as corporate business is moving away from central mainframe computers towards more distributed processing, the country could account for one quarter of Europe's shipments in 1990.

throughout Europe.

Local Area Networks in Europe; Frost & Sullivan 1987; \$3,575.

CRUDE Off. (LIGHT) 42,000 gallone, \$/barrels

SUGAR WORLD "11

than the nominal

line—including Red Dog, a zinc-lead mine Cominco is develop-

Supply fears buoy lead market

LEAD IS tradin gat its highest than it was a year ago. Lead partly because the introduction said. levels in London for more than has lost markets in piping, of computers has made for Last year's disruption in lead two years amid fears of strikes paints and petrol additives. better stock control, parily at Cominco, the Canadian metals Rising vehicle manufacture has because stocks are expensive group, where labour contracts

tonne on the London Metal Er batteries are lasting longer. change, for cash delivery, £12 Western world consumption has up on the day, following a sustained increase from under £300 a tonne since February.

Cominco is locked in negotia-

tions with trade union leaders i nwhich it is demanding costsaving concessions over working practices at its lead and zinc smelter and refinery at Trail, and its Sullivan mine, both in British Columbia.

The company said yesterday that the talks were likely to continue over the next few days. "You could say since we're still talking it looks hopeful."

The workforce has given the union a mandate to call strikes, if necessary, but no disruptive action has yet been taken.

The sharp price reaction high-lights the lead market's newfound volatility. Until last summer it was one of the most sluggish metals on the LME and prices had drifted steadily down for five years, hitting a 10-year

have forced lead mine closures in the US. But Australia, Canada and elsewhere lead is mined mainly in mixed ore-bodies in combination with zinc and silver. The International Lead and Zinc Study Group has commented that, as a result, much primary lead production is "involuntary" and unaffected However, the importance of

one marked change in the mar-ket has only become apparent in the past year—the run-down of lead stocks which has made consumers much more sensitive than in the past to threats of supply disruptions. The signi-ficance of low stocks first emerged when prices rose during an eight-week strike at the Broken Hill mine in Australia in mid-1986 and is now showing itself again.

better stock control, partly and zinc supply showed that the Rising vehicle manufacture has because stocks are expensive effective margins of excess supported steady increases in to hold at a time of high real capacity were "much more demand for lead for batteries, interest rates and partly be-slender The metal closed at £398.5 a but design improvements mean cause stocks are expensive to capacity figures implied, Mr once on the London Metal Er batteries are lasting longer, hold at a time of high real Crowson said.

There is little doubt that ayed at around 4m tonnes in a sense of security among control 1980s.

On the supply side, low prices sumers. The ratio of stocks to which have stayed open are consumption reached a record running out of ore.

However, Mr Stephen Briggs, Stocks on Lehman Brothers stayed at around 4m tonnes in cause low prices have generated some mines which have closed the 1990s. a sense of security among conmay never reopen and some

ported inventories totalled of Shearson Lehman Brothers 187,000 tonnes. They have since recovered by 50,000 tonnes. suggests that Boss, a Missouri smelter, closed last year by Doe It remains to be seen how much further stocks may rise. Consumers may prefer to hold more metal or they may instead if a price increase was sususe the futures markets more tained.

extensively to protect themselves against sudden upswings new projects are in the pipe-

It is also unclear whether the It is also unclear whether the lead mine Cominco is developrecent prices rises are the first sign of a sustained recovery in lead, and possibly other base metals from the recession of the 1980s.

Mr Phillip Crowson, chief economist at Rio Tinto-Zinc, this year, followed by a small

told a City seminar last week that an unexpected jolt in expectations could easily force many prices onto a higher But such forecasts do not allow for those "unexpected jolts" which Mr Crowson believes might drive the The longer-term outlook for Metal stocks have been run plateau. Current supply and the metal seems no brighter down steadily in the 1980s demand were well matched, he

LONDON **MARKETS**

THE LONDON Metal Ex-THE LONDON Metal Exchange copper market maintained its upward momentum yesterday as technical supply tightness continued to encourage "borrowing," buying cash metal and selling forward. The cash Grade A quotation gained \$11.50 to £986.50 a tonne, which meant it had recovered £36 of last week's £54.50 setback. Anxiety about the availability of conabout the availability of copper for nearby delivery was reflected in a further widening of the cash premium over the three menths position from £39.75 a tenne to £49.50.

from £39.75 a tenne to £49.50.
On the zine market the announcement by A.M. and S.
Europe of a \$30 rise in its
European selling price of \$820
a tonne indirectly helped to trigger a bout of prefit-taking which pushed the cash position down £4.75 to £479.75
a tonne. Dealers explained that, although the news itself was bullish, the market was disappointed that the move was not immediately followed by other producers. On the was not immediately followed by other producers. On the coffee futures market renewed technical strength was re-ported as a bout of short-covering lifted nearby values. The July position closed at £1,385.50 a toune, recovering £8 of Tuesday's £28.50 fall. On the cocca market dealers attributed a £17 fall to £1,295.50 a tome in the July futures position to correction of an everbought situation coupled with sterling strength.

strength. LME prices supplied by Assalgamated Metal Trading.

ALUN	RINIUN	4	
	Unofficial close (p.m. £ per t) <u>+</u> er	High/Lov
Cash 3 months	858-62 799-800	+99.5 +11	862/860 805/790
(844-6).	closing (three mon t 862 (845)	the 201-3	(791-2)

20	P	P	F	R	
_	4-	•	_	••	
_			_		

revenue and are milked for	799-800. Tumover 29,950 tonnes.
almost every penny they can produce, although this year's	COPPER
budget did make a minor con- cession by reducing the mineral export tax to 11 per cent from	Vnoffic'l + or cices - B per tonne.
for heart company, and here were	Cach 908-7 +11,5907/908 5 months 857-8 +2,25801/855
through the foreign axchange auctions backed by the Inter- national Monetary Fund, has also helped ZCCM and other	settlement 204 (297). Finel Kerb close:
exporters, in the nine months ended December 31, however, ZCCM continued to suffer from	Standard

	Unofficial + or sloss (p.m.) -	High/Low
Cash 5 months	398-9 +19 346,6-7 +6,95	400/897 849/848
(366-9), 1 settlemen close: 346	ciceing (am): Cas three months 345.5 t 398.5 (388). -347. Turnover: 10, 24-29 cents e po	-8 (341-2), Final Kerb 178 tonnes.

	Unofficia ciose (p. # per t	+ or m.) —	High/Low
Dash months	9460-70 9475-6	+37.5 +35	9495/3/79
(2.425-35).	oloss: 2,4	menths	2.479.46

High grade	Unofficial + er alose (p.m.) — 2 per tonne	High/Low
Cash S months	479,5-80 -4,75 474,5-6 -5	484/479 484/478
(483-4), ti settisment 486-495. T	closing (am): Co hree months 477-8 483 (484). Final K umover: 12,425 tor pare: 38.5-44 coma	(478,9), erb close: mes. US
TIM		

Gold rose \$2% to \$4511_452 on the London buillon market yesterday. It opened at \$4501_451 and was fixed at \$4513, in the morning. The sectal

\$449 in the afternoon.	Gold fell 19 a
GOLD BULLION (fine ou	noe) April 25
Close \$4511g-452 Opening \$450-451 M'n'g flx \$451.75 Aft'n'n flx. \$449.00	(£2711 ₂ -273 (£2711 ₄ -272 (£275,324) (£271,430)
BOLD AND PLATIN	LIFA COTTO

Am Eagle... 3465-470 (\$38014-3831)
Maplelanf \$465-456 (\$27814-39014)
Repletanf \$4654-456 (\$27814-39014)
Repletanf \$4654-4563 (\$27814-39014)
Repletanf \$4654-4563 (\$27814-3124)
Repletanf \$45014-914 (\$27814-3124)
Repletanf \$45014-914 (\$27814-3124)
Repletanf \$45014-10712 (\$28414-644)
Repletanf \$45014-10712 (\$28414-644)
Repletanf \$65014-10712 (\$28414-644)
Repletanf \$65014-5173 (\$36814-37214)

Silver was fixed 10p an ounce lower for apot delivery in the London buillon market yesterday at 499.05p. US cant equivalents of the fixing levels weret Spot 825-2c, down 19.3c; three-month 839.85c, down 19.3c; sbe-month 853.4c, down 20.3c; and 12-month 851.7c, down 21c. The metal opened at 1754-505 (795-805c) and closed at 1754-505 (790-800c).

Spot............499.05p -10.0 480p 5 months .510.95p -10.1 490p 6 months .621.05p -10.7 -12 months 640.50p -10.8 -LME-Tumover: 1 (1) lots of 10,000

MEAT COMMISSION—Average fat-etock prices at representative markets. GB—Cattle 56.13p per kg tw (~1.02). GB—Sheep 232.73p per kg est dcw (~4.1.23). GB Pigs 72.21p per kg iw (~4.10). GB—AAFF 99.70p per kg dw (+0.30).

to consolidate in quieter trade fellowing the volatile trade fellowing the valuate movements of the past few days, reports Drexel Burnham Lambert. Silver recovered from Tuesday's decline on mixed buying, whereas both the gold and platinum futures fell on profit-taking, but finished with pared lesses as fresh buying emerged tofresh buying emerged to-wards the close. Copper futures traded indifferently, but activity was noted on the May/July Swich as traders

closed pestions on the expiring May. Crude oil futures declined on profit-taking and local selling reflecting hearish API statistics, which resulted in weaker

INDICES

REUTERS

DOW JONES

Apr. 29 Apr. 88 Meth ago Year ago

1675,7 1570,5 1540,8 1781,8

Spot 125,45 127,07 - ,128,45 Fut ,125,52 125,75 - ,125,50

MAIN PRICE CHANGES

Apr. 29 + or Month 1987 ~ 200

\$1425/445 +36 \$1428/44

† Unquoted. † Per 75-lb flask, c Cents pound. † Cotton outlook. x.April-May, May. w June-Aug. v July, u May-Jane,

Sumbain Lambert. In moderate volume scale-down trade buying schausted commission house selling. By mid-sturnoon, encouraged by a steady New York performance, the merket came to within 25 of the broat highs. Due to a lack of volume prices failed to break through and mixed selling on the close seed levels 220.

Seles: 5.371. (2.523) lots of 5 topnes. ...(CO indicator prices (UE come per gound) for April 25: Comp. delly 1579 105.54. (108.85); 15-day everage 105.24

Appreciave trade selling during the noming and early afternoon weakened wides by trone then £20 before lets using added a £5 access? 24 the atose. This eachiety was not cyrifed into the physicals and into light accord-hard trading was used, reports (its all Daffus. Select 6,282 (4,280) lots of 10 tonnes.

BARLEY May ... 121.50 4-0.45 110.00 July ... 124.25 -0.45 --Sep. ... 101.50 +0.45 99.70 Nev. ... 103.50 +0.45 102.10 Jan. ... 105.70 +0.50 104.70 Mar. ... 109.15 +0.50 104.70 May ... 111.90 +0.51 108.40 sand May untraded. Sales: 85 lots of 100 tonnes.

LONDON GRAIN - Mast. U5 Dark Northern Spring No 1, 15 per cent: April/May 93.75, June 51.75, July 52.25 selers. U5 No 2 Soft Red Winter: June 90.25, July 87.00. French 112-12 per cent: April 143.50. English feed, fob: May 123.25 buyer, June 124.50, Sapt 108.00 sellers. Oct/Dec 108.80-107.00 buyer/sallers, Isa/March 110.00 buyer. Makes: US No 3 Vallow/French transhipment East Coset March 145.00. Barley: English feed, fob: May 113.75 peld East Coset, April 113.00/114.50 buyer/sellers, May 115.00, Aug 101.00, Sept 103.00, Oct/Dec 105.80 sellers. HGCA — Locational ex-lerne spot prices: Feed barley: E. Midlands 117.70, N. East 11.210. The UK monetary coefficient for the week beginning Monday May 4 is expected to be unchanged.

PHYSICALS - The London market PHYSICALS — The London market opened slightly steadler, attracted little interest at the higher levels and closed inactive, reports Lawis and Part. Closing prices (buyers): Spot 62.00p (same); June 62.00p (

US MARKETS PRECIOUS METALS tended

products markets. Coffee rallied an price-fix and comraised an price-tix and com-mission house buying in the face of trade selling. Cocca futures fell on speculative long-liquidation and com-mission house stops and the trade was a scale-down buyer. Sugar futures railled in light volume on trade begins and sugar futures rathed in agar volume on trade buying and commission house stops to close at or near the high on reports that Cuba may take

> 61.65 May 61.60 Aug 62.00 Rent 62.00 Row 69.16 Merch 69.16 Merch 69.16 Merch 69.16 Merch 69,15 69,16 Occup Provided 15.82 July 15.49 15.87 15.89 16.05 16.25 16.25 Oct 18.42 16.25 Dec 16.76 16.76 Jun 15.82 16.25 March 17.25 17.20 WHEAT 5.000 bu mix, outs/60-tb bushs!

POTATOES'

May opened unchanged but quickly came under keen selling preseure which pushed values below 2170, triggering stop-lose orders. A low April 1867 tender (24) had a temporary steadying influence before May sank to 2162,00. Day trade activity lifted values 21,50 on the close. A forecast change in the weather kept new crop steady in a limited range, reports Colayand Harper.

SOYABEAN MEAL

During a quiet session only the rearby position traded, it rose on good commercial buying sgainst option bedge selling, reports Muirpace.

LOSDON DATLY PRICE—Raw auger \$178.50 (£107.00), down 50c (up 50p) a tonse for May/June delivery; White auger \$190.50, down \$1.50.

Seles: 4,851 (4,725) lots of 50 tonnes.

Tare and Lyle delivery price for granulated basis sugar was 2211.00 (2210.50) a tonne for export.

International Sugar Agreement—(US cents a pound fob and stowed Caribbean ports). Prices for April 27: Dally price 8,77 (6,30); 15-day average 8,84 (aams).

PARIS—(FFr per tonne): Aug 1186-

Brent trade was thin, and mostly for June which traded in a 4c range around \$18. Prices slipped a little on the back of a week Nymex. With the Japanese market on holiday little interest was seen for Dubri. June W71 opened 9e down as Nymex and traded 2tc down as Nymex and traded 2tc down as Nymex and traded 2tc down as Nymex and traded 2tc down as Nymex and trade 2tc down as nymex and trade Nephtha products market gas of and fuel oil remained stable in thin trade. Naphtha weakaned in an over-supplied market. Gescoline was stable with limited buying interest—Petroleum Arque, London. CRUDE O(L-FOB (\$ per barrel)-May GAS OIL FUTURES

Zambia's copper belt on last notch BY VICTOR MALLET IN LUSAKA Government holds 60 per cent of 2CCM through its holding KAMBIA'S AGEING copper exchange and skilled manpower. Bankers estimate that and in agriculture, At present the Zambian central bank last exports of copper and cobalt company Zimeo, Anglo American controls 27 per cent. As well as being politically important, the copper mines are the state's main source of second and se

mining industry is having a last fling before its predicted demise in the early years of the 21st century, but the final push to raise production is proving to be more difficult than anti-

fipated.
The first year of a five-year recovery programme for state-controlled Zambia Consolidated Copper Mines (ZCCM) has failed to live up to expecta-tions, although it has at least managed to reverse a steady

Unpublished figures for the financial year ended March 31 show that Zambian Copper Production—the fifth highest among the world's non-community approach to the community appr munist producers—rose to about 471,000 tonnes from 463,000 the previous year, but the tonnage falls well short of the 518,000 tonnes target.

The chief culprit was the new \$250m third stage of the tailings leach plant at Nchange, which hit a number of technical snags and is taking longer than expected to commission fully Over a period of 15 years the plant should produce, at a re-latively low cost, about 550,000 tonnes of copper from stock-piled and current tallings. piled and current tailings.

Other, more familiar, problems contributed to ZCCM's disappointing performance, including shortages of foreign the mines for the next 15 to recently announced that he had recently appointed to ZCCM's disappointing performance, including the mines for the next 15 to recently announced that he had reproduced the country is to wear itself the industry for \$2bn because peacefully away from its long-such a move would lead to standing dependence on copper further redundancies. The

LCE and IPE admit 'locals'

THE LONDON Commodity Exchange and the International Petroleum Exchange have jointly admitted to membership their first locals—individuals who earn their living by trading futures and options contracts for their own accounts. The initial 20 locals will start to trade shortly after both exceptions.

to trade shortly after both exchanges move to their new premises at Commodity Quay at the end of next month.

The exchanges said that many of their locals are already experienced at trading or the

experienced at trading on the London International Financial

Futures Exchange, which has allowed locals to trade since its inception in 1982. ... A total of 50 local member-

ships are available on the LCE and IPE at an initial price of £10,000. The second tranche of

applications is now being con-

WEEKLY METALS

All prices as supplied by Metal Bulletin (last week's

prices in brackets).

ANTIMONY: European free

market, 99.6 per cent, 8 per tonne, in warehouse, 2,390-2,470 (2,300-2,330).

EISMUTH: European free market, min. 99.99 per cent, 3 per ib, tonne lots in warehouse, 2,50-3,00 (2,20-2,40).

2.50-3.00 (2.20-2.40).

CADMIUM: European free market, min. 99.95 per cent, \$ per lb, in warehouse, ingots 1.20-1.40 (1.00-1.04), sticks, 1.20-1.40 (1.00-1.04).

1.40 (1.00-1.04).
COBALT: European free market, 99.5 per cent, \$ per lb,

in warehouse, 6.30-6.45 (6.20-

MERCURY: European free market, min. 99.99 per cent, \$ per flask, in warehouse, 250-265 (225-250).

free market, drummed molyb-dic oxide, \$ per lb Mo, in ware-house, 3.05-3.10 (same). SELENIUM: European free

MOLYBDENUM: European

By David Blackwell

the Zambian central bank last year paid out only \$240m of the \$220m promised to ZCCM, leading inevitably to shortages of equipment and spare parts. ZCCM, a state-controlled company, employs some \$0,000 staff, including more than 1,000 expatriates, and is constantly training workers who can be training workers who can be poached by private companies and sometimes hired back to ECCM as contract labourers. ECCM officials are cautiously

optimistic about the future. "It's coming right to the extent that we have arrested the decline," says the director of operations, Mr Peter Hansen, at the operational centre in Kalulushi on the copperbelt in Northern Zambia. "We were in a downward spiral. This year I think we'll get near 500,000 tonnes, maybe better. The Foreign exchange situation in the past year has been rather erratic and there hasn't been enough." "It's coming right to the ex-

and cobalt earn 90 per cent of Zambia's foreign exchange.

abandon their latest talks until
the middle of next month.
Mr Paul de Keersmaeker, the
Belgian President of the EEC
Farm Council, said discussions
over the past two and a half
days had at least "identified the
problems" and that he will be
presenting new proposals on the
main issues at the next meeting
on May 18. He declined to be
more specific.

more specific.
Officials indicated that with

Officials indicated that with the timetable for decisions now badly behind schedule next month's meeting could turn into another marathon, lasting a full week if necessary. Most ministers are keen to avoid a situation where the deadlock has to be broken by European heads of state at their half yearly summit in Brussels at the end of June.

300-

Production **500-**

earn 90 per cent of Zambia's foreign exchange.

Copper made Zambia one of the richest and most indus-trialised countries in sub-Saharan Africa, but now prices

reserves are becoming exambia's foreign exchange. bian president, is wary of The continued viability of antagonising the miners and

Ministers stand firm against

THE FIRST, very tentative, further reduce prices for West signs of compromise in this German farmers.

After yesteray's meeting he time of freezes or cuts in Ecu indicated that there was also a yesterday as Community Agriculture Ministers decided to the current farm negotiations and the willingness of the Bonn mission's other ideas—a tax or stabilisation mechanism for oils

and the winningness of the Bohn Government to take a "flexible" view of the Commission's requests for an increase in EEC financial resources.

Most other member states

feel that the Germans are exag-

gerating their case but the force of Mr Klechle's criticisms

seems to have left its mark. It is widely accepted that the MCA proposal will have to be modified or softened in some way, though the questions remains "how?"

Mr de Keersmacker admitted

yesterday: "There is no techni-cal solution. It is going to be a

strictly political discussion," while Mr Frans Andriessen, the EEC Agricultural Commissioner,

EEC farm price proposals

1978 80 82 84 86 88

13 per cent. The devaluation of the local currency, the kwacha, through the foreign exchange suctions backed by the International Monetary Fund, has also helped ZCCM and other exporters. In the nine months ended December 31, however, ZCCM continued to suffer from exchange losses, high interest payments and heavy taxation, reporting a net loss of kwacha 718m (£22m at the current rate), compared with a loss of

rate), compared with a loss of kwachs 77m in the corresponding period of 1985.

Producing the copper is one problem — delivering it is snother. Zambia has announced that it is no losses experied. that it is no longer exporting any copper via South Africa, and the metal is either sent by rail to the port of Dar es Salaam in Tanzania or occasion-ally trucked down to Harare in

mission's other ideas—a tax or stabilisation mechanism for oils and fats, large effective cuts in cereal prices thanks to the proposed tightening up of in-tervention purchases and other related measures, and more re-strictive regimes for fruit and vegetables—seem equally un-certain at this stage.

The suggestion yesterday was that Mr de Keersmaeker might

Zimbabwe and put on a train to the port of Beira in Mozam-bique.

High grade	Unofficial + er close (p.m.) - 2 per tonne	High/Low
Cash S months	479,5-80 -4,75 474,5-6 -5	484/478 484/478
(483-4), ti settlement 485-495. T	closing (am): Co hree months 477-4 483 (464). Final K Tumorer: 12,425 tor team: 38.5-44 cents	(478,9), erb close: mes. US

withdraw marine oil from the scope of the oils and fats tax, thereby making the idea more acceptable to Portugal and Den-mark. Britain and the Netherlands remain most resolutely against the plan, which they say would hit consumers and risk ministers are keen to avoid a strictly political discussion, while Mr Frans Andriessen, the has to be broken by European heads of state at their half yearly summit in Brussels at the end of June.

The obstacles in Mr de Keersmaeker's way are formidable by any standards. The majority of member states remains opposed to all the main elements of the European Commission's tough package. Mr Ignaz Kiechle, the over "method was introduced west German Farm Minister, has been by far the most vocal critic this week and has clearly countries the opportunity threatened to use his veto against the Commission's controversial plans to reform the complex system of "green" currencies and monetary compensatory amounts (MCAs), the effect of which would from further appreciations of member states are understood to favour a return to the system which prevailed be persuaded if given what he wants in the agrimonetary sphere.

Only Britain and the Netherlands support the Commission's restrictive approach to the cereals sector. All other member states are the member states are to the system which prevailed be persuaded if given what he wants in the agrimonetary suppers.

Only Britain and the Netherlands support the Commission's objectives of restrictive approach to the cereals sector. All other member states are the member states are the provising a new trade war with the US. But privately opponents are fearful that while the West German Government is conscious of the potential damage of a trade dispute to its industrial exports, Mr Klechle could be persuaded if given what he wants in the agrimonetary suppers.

Only Britain and the Netherlands support the Commission's objectives of restrictive approach to the commission's objective approach to the commission's objective approach to the commission's objective approach of the potential damage of a trade dispute to its industrial exports, Mr Klechle could be persuaded if given what he persuaded if given what he provided to the potential damage of a trade dispute to its industrial exports,

SILVER Bullion tor LMLE, tor per troy oz Price Unoffic's

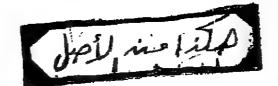
Three months high/low 505p, final kerb 485-95p.

Lower Brazilian wheat crop expected BY PATRICK KNIGHT IN BRASSLIA dic oxide, 5 per lb Mo, in warehouse, 3.05-3.10 (same). SELENIUM: European free market, min. 99.5 per cent, 3 per lb in warehouse, 4.90-5.35 (4.65-5.20). TUNGSTEN ORE: European free market, standard min. 65 per cent, \$ per tonne unit W0, cif, 50-55 (same). VANADIUM: European free market, min. 98 per cent V₂O₂, cif, 2.55-2.60 (2.52-2.56). URANIUM: Nuexco exchange value, \$ per lb U₂O₂, cif, 2.55-2.60 (2.52-2.56). Lusanium: To Month in Brazil this year and the crop is expected to be planted in Brazil this year and the crop is expected to be obtween 3m and 4m to be between 3m and 4m to be between 3m and 4m to be planting to be between 3m and 4m to be planting to be between 3m and 4m to be planting to be between 3m and 4m to be per cent of 5.1m tonnes. Bread and other wheat products are heavily subsidised in Brazil, encouraging wheat consumption to rise gradually to about 7.5 tonnes a year, usualidies cost same paid \$240 per tonne. This year's guarantee price is down to \$200 a tonne and only the tonnes, compared with the 1986 costs are to be paid by the government—so many farmers will import from Argentina in future, despite higher financing yaining ground at the expense of maize and cassava the previous staple. However, strong lobbying from Rio Grande do Sul state, where many farmers while the low flour price envious staple. However, strong lobbying from Rio Grande do Sul state, where many farmers will the low flour price envious staple. However, strong lobbying from Rio Grande do Sul state, where many farmers wheat ends up as animal feed, while the low flour price envious staple. However, strong lobbying from Rio Grande do Sul state, where many farmers wheat ends up as animal feed, while the low flour price envious staple. However, strong lobbying from Rio Grande do Sul state, where many farmers wheat ends up as animal feed, while the low flour price envious staple. However, strong lobbying from Rio Grande do Sul state, where many farmers wheat ends up as animal feed, sul state, where many farmers w

فكذاصه الأصل

reports that Cube may take delivery against the expiring May contract. Cotton trade higher against the rose in the Liverpool index but trade and fund selling pared gains. Commission house selling in July orange juice futures kept the market under pressure. The grains were quiet, trading in a narrow range, with slight steadiness reflecting concerns over weather. **CHICAGO** LIVE CATTLE 40,000 lb, cente/H NEW YORK COCOA 10 toppes. S/toppes COFFEE " C " 27,500 Eb, ments/fis Close Prov 120.98 116.96 122.27 118.96 122.20 120.12 124.50 122.20 125.00 122.80 124.25 122.80 124.25 124.01 Allay 52.561 Cloc 62.70 B: Dec 63.00 82.30 Hearole 63.77 62.16 63.8 July 84.38 62.05 84.08 July 84.38 62.05 84.08 July 84.38 62.05 84.08 July 84.30 63.35 HEATING OIL 40.00 UB gallons, cents/UB gallons ***Latest Prev High 40.40 40.50 41.55 40.51 40.50 44.61 40.50 44.62 40.50 46.63 PLATINUM 50 tray oz. 3/tray oz

Turnover: 2,171 (1,780) lots of 100 HEAVY FUEL OIL



CURRENCIES, MONEY & CAPITAL MARKETS

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Sterling remains strong

The dollar was little changed ahead of today's meeting between President Reagan and Mr Yasuhiro Nakasone, the Japanese Prime Minister. Nervousness about their talks on trade disputes kept the market quiet, while there was also a rejustence to take passi

tions before yesterday's announcement of next week's US Treasury auctions, and the quarterly refunding programme.

Political events are at the cen-tre of market attention, and move-

to 0.4 per cent from 0.7 per cent.
March new home sales surprisingly fell 3.6 per cent, against a

sterling showed no adverse reaction to Tuesday's cut of ½ per cent to 9½ per cent in UK bank base rates. The pound remained strong against- the dollar and D-Mark, encouraging hopes that the currency is capable of absorbing another reduction in rates ahead of the widely forecast June General Election.

ahead of the widely forecast June General Election.
Recent opinion polls putting Conservative support above the important 40 per cent level have increased speculation about an early election and encouraged the movement of funds into London. Growing confidence in London was also helped by Tuesday's industrial trends survey from the Confederation of British Industry. This showed increased business optimism about exports, employment and investment. tre of market attention, and move-ments in US statistics have little impact at present. The market failed to react to a rise of 0.4 per cent in the March index of US leading indicators. It was in line-with most forecasts, but the February figure was revised down to 0.4 per cent from 0.7 per cent

ment and investment.

News that UK retail sales fell
12 per cent in March, against forecasts of a rise of about 1 per cent,
had no impact, at sterling spent
most of the day above the top of
the range the City believes the
Bank of England has set against
the D-Mark.

March new nome
angles fell
forecast of a rise in the region of
1.8 per cent.
The dollar fell to DM 1.7925 from
DM 1.7960, and to FFr 5.98 from
FFr 5.99, but rose to Y140.15 from
SFr 1.4880.

On Bank of England figures the

The target peak is thought to be On 1
DM2.9700 but the pound touched a dollar high of DM2.9800, and closed at 100.5, high of DM2.9800, and closed at DM2.9750, compared with DM2.97 on Tuesday. It also gained 60 points to close at the day's peak of \$1.6595-\$1.6605, and improved to FFr2.9275 from FFr2.9275; SFr2.4450 from SFr2.4275 and Y232.75 from Y231.25.

Sterling's exchange rate ladex rose 0.1 to 73.0, after touching a neak of 73.1,

peak of 73.L

& IN NEW YORK

Apr 29	Latest	Previous Citae
Spot 1 month 3 months 12 months	1.6295-1.6545 0.42-0.39 1.01-0.97 pm 2.23-2.13 pm	14555-14545 0.42-0.41 pm 0.96-0.93 pm 2.00-1.90 pm
Forward pres U.S. dollar.	minus and discon	mes apply to the

STERLING INDEX

		Apr. 29	Previous
8.30	and many	73.0	72.9
9.00	MT	72.9	72.9
10.00		72.9	73.0
Mana	PLM	73.0	73.0
1.00	DOI	710	72.7
2.00	DES MANUEL	73.0	72.6
3.00	DIF	73.1	72.8
4,00	367	73.0	72.9

CURRENCY RATES

Apr. 29	扩配	Special Drawing Rights	Carristor Link
Barting	1 1 1	0.785742	0.498529
Caracter \$		23000	1,54022
Augustan Sch.		36,4373	146110
Belgian Franc .	8	48.5489	43,1140
Danish Krone		8.81082	7.52814
Doorsche Mark		2.33859 2.64012	2.07788
Heth, Guilder French Feast		7.80200	6.93184
finition Life		IVA	1406.51
Japanese You .		N/A	162.627
Mareray Krasis	6	8,72957	734844
Special Petals.	_	143.866	1/5.532
Swedish Krom.		8,16926	7.25698
Series France			153,564
Artists Posts			0.7777790

CURRENCY MOVE

April 29	Back of Epotent	Morgia Georgia	
	Bendent	Charges %	
Sterling	73.0 200.5	-204	
Canadian Dollar	77.1	-113 +100	
Belglan Franci	100.0	+4.5	
Deutsche Mitrit	144.8	+21.5	
Seits Frest	134.9	+23.7 +14.1	
French Francis	71.7 47.8	-129 -172	
Yee	225.6	+65.6	
Moresta Courses	channel: a	-0480 marro	

OTHER CURRENCIES							
Apr. 29	2	\$					
Argentical	25410-25525	1.5350-1.5410					
Anstralia	2.3400-2.3430 41.1300-41.3400	1.4145-1.4155 24.8470-24.9710					
Floland	7.2470-7.2596	4.3795-4.3825					
Greece	12.9060-12.9220	7,8010-7,5050					
fran	116.75° 1976.85.1389.35	70.10*					
Krack	0.44820-0.44880	0.27100-0.27120					
Lexemboting Malausia	61.70-61.80 4.0990-4.1105	37.15-37.25 2.4800-2.4820					
Mexico	1951.85-1956.35	1179.00-1161.00					
N. Zealani Saudi Ar.	2.8325-2.8400 6.2015-6.2070	1.7125-1.7155 3.7495-3.7505					
Singapore	3.5195-3.5275	2.1280-2.1300					
3. Af. (Car)	3.3040-3.3190 1	1,9990-2,0030					

MONEY MARKETS

The fields rates push The fields rates are the offered rates for showing rates for showing rates for showi

INTEREST RATES continued to ease in London yesterday, following Monday's half-point cut in base rates. Sterling's continued strength and an improving economic outlook encouraged traders to push for another half-point cut. In addition sentiment remained bullish for the pound as further opinion polls suggested a Conservative win at the next General Election, increasing the pressure on the Government to opt for a June date and raising the prospects of another cut in rates before then.

before then.

Three-month interbank money was quoted at 9 3-9 per cent

UK clearing bank base lending rate 9½ per cent since April 28

uown from 92-92 per cent and the yield structure cut to one-year money showed a slightly larger reverse trend, suggesting increased confidence of a further downward move in rates.

The Rank of Structure cut to one-year religible bank bills at 92 per cent.

Total help was £848m.

Total assistance was slightly above the shower the downward move in rates.

The Bank of England forecast a shortage of around £350m with factors affecting the market including the repayment of late assistance and bills maturing in £550m with the control of the contro

official hands together with a take

The forecast was revised to a shortage of around £450m and the Bank gave assistance in the morning of £221m through outright purchases of eligible bank hills, £650m in band 1 at 9% per cent and £680m in band 2 at 9% per cent and £680m in band 3 at 9% per cent.

Once again the forecast was revised, this time to a shortage of around 2000m before taking into account the early help and the Bank gave additional assistance in the afternoon of 2427m through outsight purchases of 577m of outright purchases of £77m of local authority bills and £295m of eligible bank bills in band 1 all at

Total assistance was slightly above the forecast shortage but today is expected to show a very large shortage with factors adding to the shortage including a substantial amount being drained as

FINANCIAL FUTURES

The D-Mark finished almost unchanged against the dollar in quiet Frankfurt trading. Attention was focused on the dollar's value against the yen, ahead of the Japanese Prime Minister's visit to Washington, leaving the US currency trading in a narrow range against the D-Mark. The national holiday in Japan, ahead of the long May Day weekend in Europe contributed to the quiet level of trading.

Dealers were also wary of committing themselves ahead of the announcement about next week's unnouncement agont next week's
US Treasury anctions and the
quarterly refunding requirement.
There was little reaction to the
slight fall to DM 10.1bn from DM slight fait to DM 10.100 from DM 10.400 in the March West German trade surplus, or the widening of the current account surplus to DM 8.800 from DM 6.500.

Bundesbank support for the dollar was reflected in the rise of DM 1000 from DM 1000

1.7822. March average 1.8355. Exchange rate index 146.3 against 141.8 six menths ago. The D-Mark finished almost

SFr 1.4690.
On Bank of England figures the dollar's index was unchanged at

IS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES							
. *	Ece cantral rotes	Corrency amounts against Eco April 29	% change from cestral rate	% change adjusted for covergence	Divergence first %		
ish Krose sish Krose man D-Mark ch Franc ch Golder h Punt	42.4582 7.85212 2.05853 6.90403 2.31943 0.768411 1483.58	45.1140 7.82814 2.07788 6.93184 2.34515 0.777790 1486.51	+1.54 +0.34 +0.94 +0.40 +1.11 +1.22 +0.20	+0.91 -0.97 +0.33 -0.23 +0.48 +0.59 +0.20	± 1.5344 ± 1.6404 ± 1.0981 ± 1.9674 ± 1.5012 ± 1.6684 ± 4.0752		
noes are for Ecu.	therefore on	delun channa di	meters a mark	CONTRACTAL .			

POUND SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND							
Apr. 29	Day's Spread	Close	Gree month	% pa.	Three modes	94 pa.	
US	14510-14605	14695-14605	0.41-0.38c pm	2.86	1.00-0.95 mm	235	
Sample	2.2055-2.2190	2.2160-2.2190	0.37-0.27c pm	1.73	0.78-0.62 pm	126	
letherlands .	3.341-3.36	3.351-3.361-	14-14c pm		35-34 pm	4.07	
lejojum	61 58 61 82	61,70-61,80			41-31 pm	233	
Pesquark	11.180-11.23%	11.22-11.23	hom-'s one dis		300 4 68	-0.04	
reland	1 1005-2 1155		0.08-0.18 a da		035-030 de	-6.80	
N. Gernden .			No-Yest pro	4.55	Ft-37cm	5.46	
ortogal	229.20-231.22	230,23-231,20			250-390 ds	3.53	
broder	208.24-208.97	208.65-208.95				-7.83	

par-5 dls 194-144 dis 3-24 par 4 da-24 par 34-3 par 27-25 par 37-25 par

	1.54 c pm, 12-monto 2.26-2.18 c pm., Correction for April 28 Prencis Prens close 9.90%-9.90%-								
-	DOLLAR SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR								
9	Apr. 29	Day's spread	Chase	(no word)	% 34.	Three months	% p.1		
	UK)	1.6530-1.6605	24595-14605	0.41-0.38c str	2.86	1.00-0.95om	. 23		
	lectoret	1.4825-1.4895	1,4995-1,4905			1,35-1,20 pm	3.4		
	Carrier	1.5326-1.5570	1,3360-1,3370				-13		
	Netherlands .	2,0220-2,0535	20235-20245	0.27-0.24c pm	1.39	8,94 O.09mm	1		
3	Beighter		37.15-37.25			Sous-2 des	0.0		
	Despierk		6.76-6.765	1.55-2.05are de			-25		
	W. Cornery .	1,7905-1,8020	17920-17990	0.45-0.42pl per	2.95	1.44-1.39pm	1		
	Portugal	139-1394		73-115c 6a	-7.97	240-315 🚓	-7.5		
	Spale	125,59-126,17	225.95 124.05	330-180c die	-14.76	250-450 由	-12.6		
	italy	1251-12954	12811-12811	\$10-3-600re du	-3.73	8-00-10.00 die	-21		
•	No way	6.673-6.72	6714-6714	4.05-4.55are ds	-7.59	12.15-12.65ds	-73		
1	Francis	5.971-6.03	5,973-5,984	0.620.7/c dia	-1.9	1.70-2.00 ds	-37		

74	146	Settoring L 1	4475-1,4610	1475141	0.44-0.35	. pa 3.3	121-116	250
WE	ENTS	† UK and Ireland to the individual					apply to the US frinc 37.55-3	dullar and M 7.45.
	(Horgin Gazzanti	EURO-CUI	RENCY	MIERE	T RATES		•	
	Changes %		Ehert.	7 0	004	These	Six	Omn
	-204	Apr. 29	term	notice	Month	Menths	Months	Year
	79.7	-						

9e, Frant 10-14 25-79 3소-34 31-34 35-35 25-4 40-3 25-4 10-10-10-1 10-1 10-	Apr. 29	Whert.	7 Days' notice	One Month	Three Mently	Six Months	One Year
	U.S. Dollar	71-74 91-51 10-14 48-31 71-74 74-74 61-74 101-104	74-74 34-54 34-4 74-74 84-94 74-74 42-64 104-114	がなる では い は い は い な い な い れ い れ た れ た れ た れ た れ た れ た れ た れ た れ	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	74-74 84-84 94-54 84-84 94-94 74-74 33-4 30-104	74-74 83-83 54-55 34-4 4-9 83-83 10-10 74-75 74-75 74-75 104-11

April 2200	44-9	M/A	3434	24-24	344	4-46
Long-term Eur St, per cest; fir	odollers: Two	per cent in	per cent; the	popula rates a	Py percent; fi re call for U	ner years 8½ Dollars an
Japanese Yes; e	cisacsi, tero di	Aa, morrow				
EXCHANGE	CROSS	RATES				
			-		1	_

Apr. 29	. ≰	5 1	DM	YEN	F fe:	S Fr.	H FL	Lim	C\$.	8 Fr
5	1. 0.602	1.660	2.975 1.793	232.8 140.2	9.928 5.980	2.445 1.743	3360	2127. 1282.	2.219 1.336	61.7. 37.2
DM	0.3% 4.2%	0.55 7.132	12.78	78.24 1000,	1337 42.65	0.622	1.129 14.44	715.0 91.40	9.552	20.7 265.
F Fr. S Fr.	1.007	1.672	2.997 1.217	234,4 93,19	10.	243 1	3.385 1.374	2163. 670.0	2.235 0.907	(2.2 25.2
H FL	0.298	0.494	0.685	69.27 109,4	2.955 4.667	0.728	1.500	633.1 1000.	0.660	18.3
C S B Fr.	0.451 1.619	0.748 2.688	1.34I 4.818	104.9	4,475	1102	1515	958.9	1. 3.595	27.E 100.

FT LONDON INTERBANK FOUNG

DILLO ME APRI 20	3 marks II.A. dollars	6 months U.S. dellars				
HM 6월	SS 7 /	Mi 7 <u>a</u>	offer 75			
ficing rates are the	arithmetic areas, round	of to the nearest con-	elaterally of the bid			
ered rates for \$10m a	poted by the market to five Westminster Bank, Bank	ग्लीकाकाटर देखांड क्ष 11.1	DC auri. each working			
Commercial and Commercial	Annual States of the Party of t	an annual numbers of	the same of the last			

MONEY RATES						
NEW YORK (Lamehthms)	Tiv		\$	JAB Three;		7,K
Printy rate Broker loan rate Fed. fuels Fed. fuels at laterwestion	7.75 St.	chen.	= 1	.97 Pet ye .39 Steen .72 10 year	*	
Apr. 29	Overalykt -	Quart Manufair	The Marie	Tires Mestis	Sk Montes	Lookerd Intervention
Frankfart Parts Zarkin Ausserdani Tskyo Milar Stronger Dublin Dublin	3.904.00 74-74 54-64 3.53125 93-109 6.20 12-124	3803.90 712.54 74.54 74.54 3.80775 94.104 74.74 118.114	3.853.90 8-0 ₁ 	3.81-3.70 8-89 ₉ 38-33 ₉ 59-53 ₈ 3.96875 10-100 ₉ 7.3-7.3 10-11	336-3.75 8-0 ₉ 2010 ₂	製しこ
LONDON MON	EY RATI	ES _		-		

LONDON MONEY RATES								
Apr. 29	Over- night	7 days radice	N-a	Three Moules	Six .	Char Year		
sterback	30-7	94.92	72-92	9-91	94-92	9,4		
terting COs.			73-92	911-9	94-94	24.2		
ocal Authority Deposits	9292	91.92	1 72 H	25.	7	9.9		
ocal Authority Books	9-8	2	温	*****	72	97		
iscount M'itet Déposits	222	I 2 .	92.50	I 42 .	95 1	44		
isance House Deposits	=	1 3.	98	92-	. 25	3		
researy BHIS (Buy)	_	_	95	92				
ank Bills (Bay)	_		92	92	8%	i —		
ine Trade Bills (Bay)	-	1	-30	. 92	95			
otter CDs		1 -	680-6.75	7.05-7.60	7.29 7.25	7.65-7.1		
DR Linked Deposits	_	-	62.5世	64-6	64-64	65-61		
CU Linked Deposits	622-622	6 <u>0</u> -40	45-64	629-637	7-6%	72.7		

Nervous trading

than clear cut in the London Inter-ticipation at the US Treasury's national Financial Futures next refunding package, details of Exchange yesterday. Many sectors which were released after the of the market were affected by the close of business in London, many

Bond prices and the dollar were both higher in the hope of some agreement to help the dollar stabilise. However some dealers were less than optimistic since

Close High Law 126-29 126-21 125-36 126-21 126-21 125-80 126-21

Close High 92.64 92.74

92.00 92.00 92.70 92.70 92.70 92.70 92.71

Spot 1-cmh, 3-cmh, 6-cmh, 12-cmh, 1,6600 1,6561 1,6589 1,6444 1,6377

ATTEMENT COLUMN 1 per C

meeting today between President traders were wary should the mars and Mr Yasuhiro Nakabet be disappointed by a lack of progress in allevisting recent trade tensions.

the two leaders as easy as it could be but traders were acutely aware of the US reliance on Japanese

bond price to a high of 92-31 from an opening level of 92-10 but with many of the big players remaining on the aidelines, values came back to close at 91-28 slightly down

from 92-01 on Tuesday.

UK gilt prices provided the other attraction of the day, moving firmer on the pound's strength.

Traders were impressed by sterraders were impressed by ster-ing's resilience to the effects of Tuesday's half point cut in base rates and with hopes improving of another reduction in the short term, so gilt values increased. The

May 0.30 0.40 0.20 0.20 0.30 1.50 5.40

At the annual general meeting of the company held on January 6 1987 it was stated that the board of directors would give consideration to making application for the transfer of the listing of the company's shares on The Johannesburg Stock Exchange (JSE) from the section "Financial Property" to a more appropriate sector as the greater part of the company's profits are at present, and are likely to be for a considerable time, mainly derived from

Application will be made to the JSE for the transfer of the listing of the company's shares from the "Financial—Property" section to the "Financial—Mining Holdings" section. A transfer of listing of the company's shares could affect the price of the shares and members are therefore advised to exercise caution in their share dealings. A further announcement will be

COMPANY ANNOUNCEMENT

28 April 1987

By order of the Board A. F. SING, (Acting Secretary)

De Beers Consolidated Mines Limited

RAND MINES PROPERTIES LIMITED

Hucorporated in the Republic of South Africa. Registration No. 620123906

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) Company Registration No. 11/00007/06

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF SHARE WARRANTS TO BEARER

Holders of share warrants to bearer are advised that a general meeting of the Company has been convened at 36 Stockdale Street, Kimberley on Tuesday 26th May 1987 at 14h25 or immediately following the annual general meeting which has been convened for 14h15 that day, to consider the adoption of the necessary special resolutions of the Company to make provision for the creation of a new class of share. The reason for the creation of another class of share is to assist US nationals and ADR banks to avoid the inadvertent purchase of shares in the Company is contravention of US sanctions legislation. Full particulars of the resolutions, and the effects thereof, are set out in a circular which was posted to all registered members on 29th April 1987, copies of which are available from 40 Holborn Viaduct, London ECIP 1AJ.

CONTINENTAL (BERMUDA) LIMITED U.S. \$250,000,000

FLOATING RATE NOTES DUE 2006
GUARANTEED BY HUNGARIAN
FOREIGN TRADE BANK LTD.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN thus, as at
the valuation date, 28th April, 1987, the
value of the syro-coupon obligations (or
certificates representing interests in
obligations) of the United States of Ansy-

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, PUR



Mr. Rusph C. Sibio (288. President and Ornimum. Chehenham & Gloucester Building Society.

66 1986 was another successful year for your Society and I am pleased to report that we have entered the new building society era with outstanding strength and financial security."

The 136th Annual General Meeting of the Cheltenham and Gloucester Building Society was held in the Society's Chief Office on Wednesday 29th April 1987.

In his report on 1986's results, the President and Chairman, Mr Ralph C. Stow CBE, drew attention to the following:

Pinancial Strength.
During 1986 a substantial surplus of \$28.6

million was generated for addition to reserves. As a result, total reserves now stand at over £160 million with the ratio of reserves to assets increased to 4.16% compared with 3.94% at the end of 1985.

A Record Year For Mortgage Lending During 1986 mortgage advances exceeded £1 billion for the first year in the Society's

history. Over 50,000 new loans were made for a total of £1059 million. This included over £87 million to existing borrowing members for home improvements.

Attractive layestments

Retail investment balances, including interest credited to investors' accounts, increased by \$286 million during the year and the Society had over 760,000 investors at the year end.

Wholesale funds increased by \$236 million reflecting the increasing importance of wholesale money markets as a supplementary source of mortgage funds for the Society.

As a result of the Society's activities in 1986 total assets increased by 15.1% to over £3,850 million and C&G remains the 11th largest building society in the UK.
Yet again, in 1986 the Society maintained its

proud record as Britain's most cost efficient national building society. Management costs per £100 of mean total assets were reduced from 65p to 61p. This compares with an average for all building societies of 110p, making C&G the most cost efficient national building society for the 5th year in succession.

Looking Ahead
The Society's main objective will continue to be that of offering a totally secure home for savings so that we can provide a readily available supply of mortgage funds for homebuyers.

At the same time we aim to improve and extend the services we offer our members.



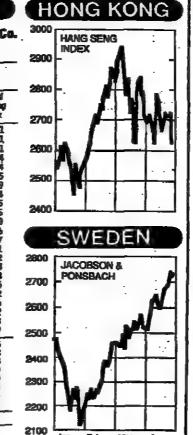
Chief Office: Cheltenham House, Clarence Street, Cheltenham, Glos. GL50 3JR. Tel: 0242 36161. Member of the Building Societies Association.

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WORLD MARKETS

FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES Jointly compiled by the Financial Times, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and Wood Mackenzie & Co. Ltd., in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS WEDNESDAY APRIL 29 2907 TUESDAY Figures in parentheses show number of stocks per grouping US Dollar Index Day's Change % Day's Cirange % Grass Div. Yleid Poon Starti lade Australia (94) Austria (16) Belgium (47) Canada (131) Denmark (39) France (122) 128.54 91.10 120.24 125.38 113.96 120.45 98.81 119.91 110.43 149.28 153.67 169.06 113.48 96.15 134.09 125.37 168.03 112.28 96.74 135.10 116.82 114.80 81.36 107.78 101.78 107.76 88.25 107.09 98.62 133.32 137.25 150.07 100.25 85.87 111.97 150.07 100.22 86.40 120.43 120.97 85.11 111.50 121.34 104.82 112.98 87.71 98.97 113.39 105.89 105.89 104.83 87.51 122.21 123.00 118.50 113.59 88.35 120.62 114.80 82.90 108.40 100.14 100.14 100.16 83.50 83.50 83.50 83.50 134.00 128.09 91.94 124.78 112.83 119.43 99.56 119.32 119.52 119.52 110.52 112.69 95.52 112.69 95.52 112.69 95.52 112.69 95.52 112.69 95.52 112.69 96.75 113.60 114.60 116.00 96.75 116.00 West Germany (90) Hong Kong (45) Ireland (14) Norway (24) Singapore (27) South Africa (61). Spain (43) Sweden (33) Switzerland (51) United Kingdom (340) USA (597) 117.51 146.72 135.07 117.27 135.11 127.26 127.70 117.82 107.62 130.69 121.48 117.08 124.89 119.87 119.91 113.80 +02 -16 -19 +04 -19 -07 -05 +01 104.45 131.78 120.88 104.40 120.90 113.75 114.05 104.87 +0.8 -0.2 +0.2 +0.7 +0.2 +0.3 +0.4 +0.7 104.95 131.04 120.64 104.74 120.66 113.66 114.05 105.23 116.53 147.02 134.86 116.47 134.88 126.91 127.24 117.00 289 0.65 1.43 3.04 1.48 1.91 2.04 2.99 nerica (728 World Ex. US (1826)... World Ex. UK (2083)... World Ex. So. Af. (236) 119.93 -0.5 2.06 127.50 11429 alues: Dec 31, 1965 = 100 ph, The Financial Thoms, Go **EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE** BASE LEI



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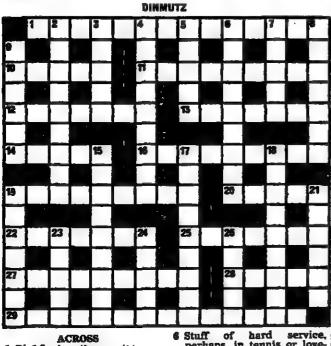
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Vol. Last Vol. Last Vol. Last

FT CROSSWORD PUZZLE No 6,315

C=Call

A=Ask B=8id



- ACROSS

 1 Pig? Such a vile man, it turms out (4.10)

 10 Nobody's bloomer? (5)

 11 The front page to censure the church's office (9)
- 12 One put in by Packer, say, having been caught in the
- deep (7)
 13 Great depression in Slough?
 Give new start as answer (7) 14 Painter of French conversa-

- tion (7)
 25 "Ne plus ultra" parts ordered—colourless (7)
 27 Eastern doctor, sort of specialist, takes in smoker
- for a fee (9) 28 Eg Paganini's subject? (5) 29 See Oracle—tubed presenta-tion to mark end of union 15,81

DOWN

- 2 This vegetable has a well-
- inverted sugar (9)
 3 Boredom—a bit of a rotten nuisance (5)
- 4 Lucky thing this plate can be
- pread (9)
 5 Ongoing source of evil that can be cruel (5)

- 6 Stuff of hard service perhaps, in tennis or love rally (9)
- 7 State of princess over a house (5)
 8 Small and pretty, led off to play casually (7)
 9 Exclusive class does wrong
- 15 Coast-guide's computer? (5
- 17 Do sufferers from it take a partially-detached view? (9) 18 Tense and immature (9) 19 Herald left with ambition (7)
- 14 Painter of French courtion (5)

 16 Agree to correspond and arrange match (9)

 19 Somehow entitles president to start being vexatious (9)

 20 Throw out of bar (5)

 21 White, we hear, this bowler Aussies put on (6)

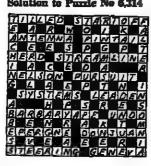
 22 Show consideration for relations (7)

 23 One in hard race, second to Olympic finalists (5)

 24 Letter from the volunteer (5)

 - 26 To the time when a Frence bed is overturned (5)

Solution to Purile No 6,314



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1	BANK OF ENGL	AND.	OFFICIAL DEALINGS	IN TH	E LOAN ON THE STOCK	1

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EXCHANGE ARE EXPECTED TO COMMENCE ON THURSDAY, JOTH AFREL 1987. PARTICULARS OF AN ISSUE OF £1,200,000,000 8½ per cent TREASURY LOAN, 2000

SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS: £30.00 per cent Amount paid on issue Amount payable on Monday, 22nd June 1987 £67.50 per cent INTEREST BYANKE HALF-YEARLY ON SITE JANUARY AND SITE JULY Thing with Net II of the Pirat Schedule to the subject or report recurring people to bearer to the Think Act 1925, Application has been made to the for the Lorentz to admitted to the Official List.

2. The principal of and interest on the Loan will be a charge on the No 1. The Loan will be repoid at per on 28th Jestery 2000.

मंत वर्ष क्या प्रकार, मृत्य

6. Stock will be interchementale with books with

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12. These concentrations will not entitle a person to claim reproperties of text deducated, from brain and the chart in the provided for such charts another income tax law, under the provisions of the Takes Management Act (1970. Section 42 (17), on which charts will be optoted this time think it is made within any result from the date on which the restrict it is not provided. In addition, there excentrations will not apply so as to exclude the instead front any conductables for instead of the profits of any leads or business control as it is the complete of the occurrence in subject to exclude

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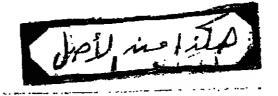
16. Members of the Central Gilts Office Service may, subject to the provisions of the agreement governing their membership of that Service, sucretider a parity-paid letter of allotment to the Central Gilts Office for cancellation and for the senous of the Lone comprised therein to be credited by the member's account. The member who is shown by the accounts of the Central Gilts Office as being centraled to any surround of the Lone middle, to the centralises of all persons previously cuttified to such Lone and any person claiming any centralises therete, both be treated as untitled to such Lone as if that seember were the better of a letter of allotment and be hable for the payment of any amount of our interpret of such Lone, and pack present of the third of the Lone occultation of Life.

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BANK OF ENGLAND

20th April 1987

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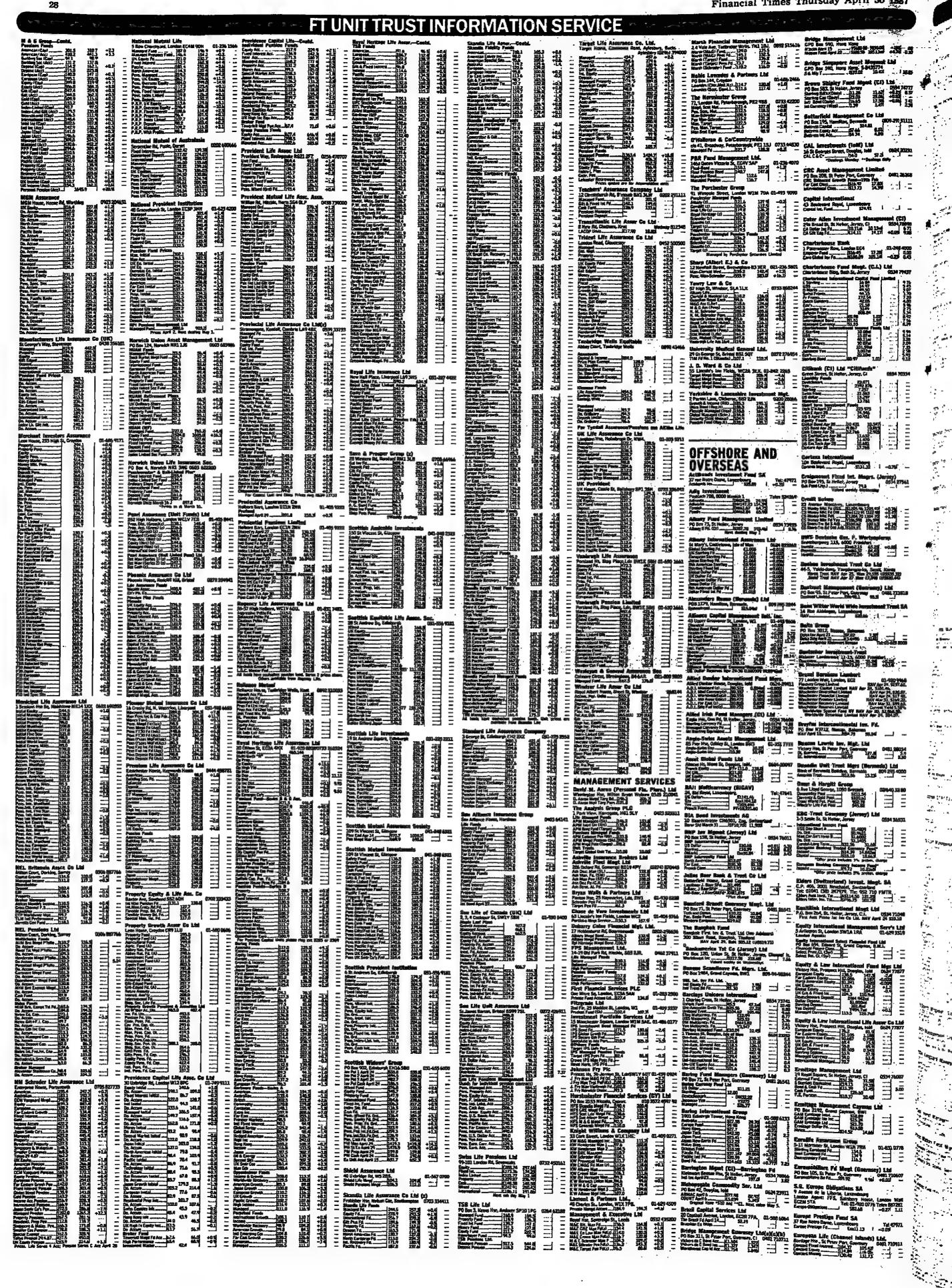
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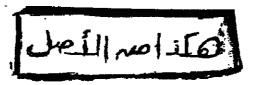
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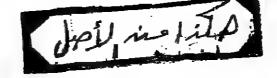
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*	275 276 277 277 278 278 278 278 279	122 154 Anglo An. Ind. R1 122 123 407 4 505 270 Bartow Rana R.10c 476 480 277 53 18.6 186 68 68 68 7.2 212 -5 200 18 83 6.9 115 66 68c Rich Pris (R.25 132 -5 102 23 5 68 41 170 08 68 68 180 125 180 15 102 23 5 68 41 170 08 68 68 100 125 100	253 266 etenes incre	65 45 Faters Res. 18p. 456	12 15 Water Explan 110 7 2014 0.4 31 15 Water Explan 30 2 2014 1.4 33 16 Wildersord Res. 25 -15 2035 0 7.7 55 56 78 Wildersord Research 2 113 11 Wildersord 2 113 11 Wildersord 2 113 11 Wildersord 2 113 11 Wildersord 2 113 11 Wildersord 2 113 11 Wildersord 2 113 11 Wildersord 2 113 11 Wildersord 2 113 11 Wildersord 2 113 11 Wildersord 2 113 12 Wildersord 2 113 12 Wildersord 2 113 12 Wildersord 2 114 12 115 11 11 11 11 11 1	FNFC 20

Account Dealing Dates Option
*First Declara- Last Account

Apr 6 Apr 23 Apr 24 May 5
Apr 27 May 7 May 8 May 18
May 11 May 28 May 29 Jun 8

"New time dealings may take place tram 9.00 am two business says earlier.

The UK stock market continued to push higher yesterday as the hope that domestic interest rates will be cut again before long was from an initial lowel of 590n to will be cut again before long was from an initial level of 590p to reflected in a strong Government finish unaltered at 595p. Else-

Equities closed at the day's best levels, sustained in the final hour samuel gave up 8 at 484p. of trading by a good start by Wall Benchmark, on the other hand,

The FT-SE 100 index climbed a further 16.5 to 2038.6, within 1 per cent of the all-time high reached last month. At 1608.6, the FT cained 19.2.

Equity and Law, in which are considered as 26 per cent sake, returned to favour with a rise of 7 to 365p in a firm insurance Life sector. Legal

ordinary gained 19.2.
Optimism on UK interest rates was encouraged by the pound's firmness in the wake of this half-point reduction in which rose 10 to 953p on further wash's half-point reduction in which rose 10 to 953p on further wash's half-point reduction in which rose 10 to 953p on further wash's half-point reduction in which rose 10 to 953p on further wash's half-point reduction of the expansion of week's half-point reduction in base rates by the British banks. At the same time a steady perform-ance by the US dollar soothed lingering worries that US rates Breweries were much quieter after the strong gains in recent days. Allied Lyons edged up 3 to 405p, as did Whitbread 'A. 352p.
The undertone in the Building

US currency.
Gilt-edged securities jumped by about one point, backed up by tirmness in Liffe Gilt futures.
"The market feels very strong." commented one marketmaker.
The new tap stock is expected to open at a premium on ts 30p partly-paid price when dealings start today. Market houses can bid between 8.30 am and 8.50 am today, after which the Bank will disclose the allotment price. A strong demand is expected—the \$200m partly-paid price is not a heavy call on the market. ngures and a subsequent bearras analysts' meeting. Profit-taking in the wake of the annual results left Tarmac 16 lower at 514p. Blue Circle made fresh progress to close 7 higher at 631p, while RMC gained 9 more to 852p. Else-

heavy call on the market. However, retail interest was only moderate, in both equity and only moderate, in both equity and gilt sectors. The latest opinion poll caused another brief tremor 115p prior to closing 4 down at of nerves, and some analysts warned that any renewal of pressure on the dollar, and therefore on US credit policies, could "upset the apple cart."

Chemical shares had another following the termination of bid bears strong session as the buoyant discussions but Walter Lawrence

very strong session, as the buoyant tone of the annual meeting of Imperial Chemical Industries kept the sector in confident form. Beecham also strengthened, and

There was good demand for oil shares, with British Petroleum standing out on US support as transatiantic buyers assumed a successful outcome for the increased offer for the remaining equity in Standard Oil Rumours of a pending settlement of the Texaco-Pennzoll financial dis-

British Telecom again featured in active trading as speculation over the possible date for a UK election grew stronger. Telecom has been identified as the outstanding "Great Britain ple" stock, and would respond vigorously to a Thatcher election victory.

The Commons Treasury and Civil Service select committee's warning that commercial banks

EQUITY GROUPS

Hopes for another base rate cut bring further gains

in Gilt-edged and equities

	Are	Apr. Apr. Apr	Apr.	Apr.	Apr. Year	19	67	Since Co			
	29	28	27	24	23	890	High	Low	High	Law	
ioverament Sets	91.85	91.56	91.64	91.62	90.01	93.35	92 <u>1</u> 9 (23/3)	84.49 (6/1)	127.4 (9/1/35)	49.18 (3/1/75)	
ised interest	96.93	96.35	96.62	97.47	97.07	97.12	97.98 (19/3)	90.23	105.4	50.53 (3/1/75)	
irdinary 🛡	1,608.6	1,589.4	1,565.2	1,580.9	1,555.2	1,394.9	1,625.2	1,320.2	1,625.2	49,4 (26/6/40)	
iold Mines	439.2	440.1	463.6	444,4	435.4	244.2	485.0 (14/4)	288.2 (19/2)	734.7	43.5 (26/10/71)	
ird, Div. Yleid	3.63	3.66	3.73	3.69	3.74	3.88			TIVITY		
areings Yid.%(full)	8.31	8.43	8.58	8.49	8.60	9.66	Inc	ices	April 28	April 27	
YE Ratio (net) (*)	14.89	14.68	14.42	14.58	14.39	12.68	Gift Edged	Bergains	172.6	137.5	
EAQ Bargains (5 pm)	38,629	37,883	38,877	52,144	38,943	-	Equity Bary	24ins	297.6	325.4	
quity Turnover (£m)	l '-	1,912.51	1,348.12	1,942.94	1,161.35	739.52	5-Day Aver	9	3,865.7	2,724.9	
cuity Bargains	-	45,925	50,218	57,290	46,333	26,768	Gift Edged	Bārgalas	146.0	130.7	
hares Traded (ml)	I –	558.7	532.1	704.6	487.8	325.8	Equity Barg Equity Valu	سسسه کالگر در سید	3120 3.131.7	305.6 2,704.6	

LONDON REPORT AND LATEST SHARE (NOEK: TEL 61-246 8026

after press comment and impro-ments of 5 and 10 respectively were seen in 8. Casket, 123p, and 320p. Sterchouse lost 8 at 123p, and 123p, Debfor, 320p. Sterehouse lost 8 at 302p and Woolworth gave up 835p. Among Shoe concerns, Garnar Booth mmoved up 6 to 260p in response to cash bid terms of 255p share from Hillsdown.

STC rose 5 more making a two-day gain of 16 at 395p on further consideration of a Wood Macken-zie "buy" recommendation, publicity given to a profits upgrading by brokers Cazenove and the chairman's confident statement at the AGM—the first quarter order book is 33 per cent head of a year ago. Recal gained 6 com continued to reflect hopes of a resounding Tory victory in an early general election and firmed oarly getter election and inhed 7 more at 288p. News of the expan-sion in its semi-conductors divi-sion helped Plessey rise 4 at 234p. Elsewhere in Electricals, Tele-phone Rentals rose 6 more to 246p phone testate rose o more to 240p as takeover speculation intensified and acquisition details left FEI 7/2 desure at 182p, up 7, and Unitech revived at 261p, up 11. Talk of an imminent offer from Ametrical 182 Left Refriences

Buying interest broadened in the Engineering sector. Triplex continued to benefit from acquisi-tion news and put on 11 more to 166/4p, while Downsbrae improved 15 to 118p after the annual statement. Interest revived in Hopkinsons, 17 to the good at 448p, and Glyawed 6 firmer at 439p. APV also staged a revival with a rise of 17 to 683p. Other bright spots included T.

Amstrad left Lec Refrigeration a

while Laird Group, also the sub-ject of takeover speculation of late, eased 8 to 349p following news of the French acquisition. Leading issues to make progress included Guest Keen 9 up at 334p and Hawker, 7 dearer at 517p.

Tate and Lyle dipped to 729p following details of interim profits at the lower end of market estimates, but rallied strongly to close 18 higher on balance at 763p following analysts' conclusions that the reduced tax charge will result in an impressive earnings per share. Among Retailers, Tesco shaded to 494p, the good prelimin-ary figures all but discounted. Rerating suggestions boosted Des Carporation 6 to 222p, but profit-taking clipped a couple of pence from United Biscuits at 288p.

Gains in the miscellaneous industrial leaders were usually limited to a few pence, but BTR limited to a few pence, but BTE were particularly good at 325p, up 20, amid speculation that the company may be about to sell its near 5 per cent stake in Pilkington; the latter closed a few pence dearer at 335p. Beecham also continued strongly at 524p, up 14, on he launch of its heart drug Eminase in West Germany. Elsewhere, humper preliminary figures prompted a rise of 15 to 475p in Davies and Newman, while good anual resuits left Shiloh 33 higher at 333p. In contrast, Nergree dipat 333p. In contrast, Nercres dip-ped 47 to 382p on news that Wil-liams Holdings had lapsed its offer after a close run battle. Williance floidings fell 27 to 740p. Still on the sharp fall in annual profits,

11 to 514p on the announcement that Mr Maxwell's 26.4 per cent shareholding had been sold at a shareholding had been sold at a tender price of 418p per share. It was confirmed later that Samuel Montague had bought the holding. Investment demand left Alexander Workwear 19 to the good at 515p and Associated British Ports 16 higher at 480p. British Aerospace gained 8 to 642p on the Jetstream orders, but disappointing preliminary figures prompted a reaction of 6 to 72p in Noble and Lund. Reed International Lund. Reed International Continued to respond to a BZW buy circular and advanced 18 more to 425p. Turner and Newall were also 425p. Turner and Newall were also

suported and put on 13 to 259p On the other hand, Norank eased 7 to 240p on the graced share exchange offer from Spong.

Details of acquisitious worth some C. Am boosted Pleasures. 25 to 407p, while revived demand lifted Samuelson Group 17 to 132p. GRA gained 17 to 120 on the cement that the company

Delyn Packaging responded to the preliminary figures with a rise,

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

kely Oct. Jan. July Oct. Jan.

10 28 67 18 33 72

155 18 130 35 105 58 — 88

45 57 4 11 26 40 12 20 15 27 31 38

13 30 65

20 37 68

9 14 21

60 36 18

69 47

19 — 111₂ 15 71₂ 91₂

100 60 30 10 120 80 58 38

37 14 3 57 33 18

Barclays (+\$10)

ter and moved narrowly following exchange markets. The firmer trend in the dollar saw preciou of 20 at 345p while Bease Massimi Pollitt, assisted by a buy recom-mendation from Kleinwort Grievmetals move lower again with silver especially under pressure. platinum a shade easier on the son Securities, improved 8 to 348p. Light profit-taking was evident in a recently-firm Property sector. day and bullion little changed on balance at \$--- an ounce. MEPC softened a couple of pence to 424p, while Great Pertland The forthcoming closure of many international markets for the May Day holiday prompted a to 424p, while Great Pertland Estates came back 4 to 289p. Heli-cal Bar gave up 45 at 920p, while Senthend Stadium shed 5 to 554p following profit-taking. On the other hand, Rosehaugh, still bouyed by the excellent figures, gained 5 more to 865p, while estate agents Conneils put on 8 to fair amount of winding down ahead of the weekend and interest petered out as the day wore on.
Many of the leading Golds

Mining shares were much quie-

showed minor falls and the Gold Mines index eased 0.9 to 439.2.

The leading Golds included a handful of isolated firm spots

Libanen edged up % to £17%—but the majority of stocks drifted easier on lack of interest. Rand-festein, on the other hand, slipped

£1¼ to £91, and Winkelbankfell %

Financial moved similarly to

Golds. Turnover in UK-domiciled

after a turnover of less than 1m shares. Consalidated Gold Fields

Among Shipping, P&O Deferred tool a turn for the better at 613p, up 10. Elsewhere, Tipheok were supported and closed 13 to the

good at 363p.

Jehn Crowther fell 12 to 200p
following details of the proposed
£37.4m rights issue and acquisition. Courtanids, meanwhile, advnced 8 at 441p. The oil sector staged a broad

dvance helped by firm crude oil advance helped by firm crude oil prices and a strong performance by Wall Street. BP, additionally boosted by favourable comment on the terms of the increased offer for the minority shareholding in Standard Oil, raced up 14 more to 928p—a two-day jump of 49—after a turnover of 4.5m shares.

Shell edged up ½ to £11½, while Enterprise Oil jumped 7½ to 232½p as a recent large selling order was completed. Ultramar added 7 at 223p; Rou Brierley is believed to control around 20 per cent of the company following

cent of the company following news that Brierley Investments has taken a dominant stake in Rainbow Corporation. Elsewhere, Inece touched 50p before closing a net 2 up at 46p in the wake of the property deal with London and Suburban Land.

Trading re-commenced in Conshare bid from Tractebel SA and Group Bruxelles Lambert, Calor dipped 10 to 410p. Elsewhere, Burmah advanced 13 to 461p following a re-rating of the shares. Tricentrol were 2 firmer at 821/ap tions, Great Western Resources, a strong market in recent days, moved up 5 more to 145p, still

HEW HIGHS (157)
BUTTER FUNDS (4), AMERICANS
CANADIANS (2), BANKS
BREWERS (4), BUILDINGS
CHEMICALS (2), STORES
ELECTRICALS (2), HOTELS
(12), FUODS (3), HOTELS
INDUSTRIALS (25), HOUSEARGE
(12), FUODS (4), MOTELS

De Beers (*\$12.75)

Sears (*143)

Sel Ly

64 46 32

46 33 23

22 17 91₂.

5 16 40 9 22 44

3 10 20

12½ 22 2312

160 110 73 50 137

50 28 12

bourne—and GMN rose 20 to \$25p. Sons of Gwalia 10 to \$48p and Cen-tral Norseman which hardened 4

MIM Holdings slipped 3 to 150p, unsettled by the latest retreat by silver prices and on further con-sideration of the recent figures. Ashten Mining dropped 7 to 163p. Peke-Wallsend edged up 4 to 327p.

Traded Options

Abead of today's expiry of the April series, 3,210 calls and 2,526 puts were arranged in the FT-SE 100 index. Overall, 42,544 deals were done, comprising 31,965 calls and 10,579 puts.

Traditional Options e First dealings April 13 Last dealings May 1
 Last declaration July 23
 For Settlement Aug 8

For rate indications see end Unit Trust Service Stocks dealt in for the call Property, NMC Investments, Camford Engineering, John Kent, Mountleigh, Premier Consolidated stocks dropped sharply with Rie Cronite, Tinte-Zine finally 7 firmer at 971p Wellman, were little changed at 960p.

Many of the Australian gold
stocks managed to record good
gains—stimulated by strong overnight demand in Sydney and Melwere dealt in for the double.

TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS

RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

LONDON RECENT ISSUES

-1 +4 -4 +3 -10 -3; -2 -1 -2 +2 +2 +1

FIXED INTEREST STOCKS

Price	Arsona) Paid	Lotest i Remote	· 19	187	Stock	Clasks Price	+0
£	ap	Dote	High	Low		£	-
998.919 E 000.156 F 998.819 8.25 999.016 F98.09		295 36 138 206 119 295 900 19	101 49 131p 302 1004 1004 12pm 241 65pm 271s 3114 265c	30	Acta Prop. 10.5 % 1st Mort.Deb. 2011 Discretification from Ca. Jin. LafC1) Reywood Williams Cem. Cre. Red. Pri Land Securities Rew 10% 1st Mr. 00 °25 Mailteneide 91% 9566.114989 Do. 91% 966.31598 Do. 91% 966.35989 Securit Mrt. Irm. 25,% Cre. Uas Lr. 94 TR Chy of Lun. 7st. 10,% Deb 2020 Tope Ext. Weev 77% Cre. Vins. Ls. 2014 Town Cestre Secs. 10% 1st Mort.Deb.2021 Tribuse Int. 7st. 94% Deb. 2012 Vasc Vij% Deb. 2015	99 43 131p 304 1004 1004 1004 1004 1004 1004 1004	-42

Price Pakt		Lates Remoc			Stock	Clasing	+ 01
		Date	High	Law		Price	
11 320 170 75 80 5 985 470 157			10°2pm 120pm 16pm 40pm 36pm 40pm 412pm 95pm 83pm 52pm 19°3pm	90pm 3pm 8pm 21pm 23pm 13pm 90pm 74pm 74pm 7pm	Astra Ind'l. 5p Asthority Ions. 20p Campari Ind. 20p Fergussa (J) 10p Micro Bestines Systems 5p Micro Bestines Systems 5p Serior Eng. 10p Serior Eng. 10p Sperjament Walker (Alfred) 10p Weller Group	10°cpm 105pm 16pm 10pm 36pm 23pm 3pm 90pm 83mm 36pm 18°cpm	+10 +10 +1 +11 +11 -3 -1
	1200 (120 <u>)</u> 12. ostione	esselly to	ISL CLEY FOR	dealing	ree of stamp duty, a Association dividence	A Com	u harai

where, Kleinwort Benson came on

consideration of the expansion of its estate agency network, Compo-

sites drifted lower. Royals, 19 down at 398p, reflected reports of a broker's profits downgrading. Sun Alliance dropped 19 at 870p.

sector remained firm, but a cou-ple of leading issues went against the trend. Costain were the major

casualty, falling 35 to 501p follow-ing disappointing preliminary figures and a subsequent bearish

wake of the excellent first-quarter results and the bullish AGM and closed in higher at £13%. Else-where in the Chemical sector, were added 5 to 1610 despite

Foscos added 5 to 161p despite news of lower annual profits. Rentokli found support at 73-2p. up 4-2, while British Benzel gained a similar amount at 99p.

Combined English raced away to

230p in the early stages on continuing speculation of a bid from Rainers, but suddenly reacted to touch 302p before closing 4 lower

on balance at 307p on vague rumours that Combined were about to launch a bid themselves,

for a company dealt in the unlisted securities market. In the

event, Rainers recovered from an

event, Rathers recovered from an initial dull level of 345p to close only a penny easier on balance at 355p. Elsewhere in the Stores sector, take-over gossip accompanied a rise of 23 to 173p in Tip Top Drag, while Jehn Kent put on 5 st 78p with the help of call option business. Asprey rose 10 to 625p

These Indices are the Joint compilation of the Financial Times. the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

	& SUB-SE	CTIO	NS	'	Wedn	esday	Apı	rii 2	9 198	7	April 28	April 27	April 24	(abbutur) add
FI	pures in parenthes stocks per	show		index Hq.	Day's Chang	Est. Earning Yield? CMax.	۲ ع ارتا ا	Div. Div. leid % ACT at 27%)	Est. P/E Ratio (Net)	xd adj. 1987 to date	Index No.	Index No.	index No.	Index No.
1	CAPITAL GOODS	(207) _		862.8		7.5		3.07	16.75	7.02	852.61			753.28
2	Quitting Margarials	: (27)		1070.9		7.3	6	3.09	17.08		1069.49		1045,98	831.89
- 31	Contracting, Corp.	truction (30)	1417.6		7.4	2 (3.41	18.46				1385.53	
4	Electricals (12)	ير المستجيبين		2105.8 1933.5			3	3.75	20.90				2161.33	
- 5 (Electronics (36)	lectricals (12)				7.7		2.27	17.82		1904.62		1900.97	
6	Mechanical Engin					8.6		3.59	14.73	525	475.51	470.05	473.05	41.05
8	Metals and Metal					7.9		3.27	15.25	3.58	469.93	46LV1	464.33	358.65
9	Motors (16)			330.6		9.1		3.21	12.60	2.96	\$24.45			302.35
30	Other Industrial M	latenais ((ZU)	1485.4 1185.0		6.1		3.32 2.70	19.58 20.35		1179.32		1442.32 1163.49	734.29
킖	CONSUMER GRO Brewers and Disti					7.7		3.06	16.28				1079.13	932.07
สหหหหห	Food Manufacturi	19615 (44) 	-					3.31	16.80	7.32				692.48
20	Food Petriline (1)	ny 1207∞ Li		2190.3				2.53	23.54	10.56	2185.27		2138.70	
37	Food Retailing (16)							1.76	26.23	2.95	2181.41		2178.86	
20	Leisure (32)			5.9		3.25	22.43				1252.35	922.70		
31	Parkaging & Pani	614.0				2.69	20.55	3.34				474.62		
39	Packaging & Pape Publishing & Price	Log (14)		3598.2		5.9	ā l	3.14	21.76	16.79	3537.84	3456.01	3466.23	2456.08
32 34 35	Textles (16) OTHER GROUPS			1029.0		6.3	6	2.61	21.38	1.89	7,033,98	10(EA)	1917.24	919.00
35	Textiles (16)		: 707.7		7.6	2	2.96	15.06	0.57	704.92	653.61	470.66	556.80	
40	OTHER GROUPS	(88)	1006.4	8 +1.2	7.9	9	3.32	15.59	7.47	YM.00	976.95		215.60	
41	Agencies (17)			1401.8				1.75	27.32	8.06	1375.10		1389,69	0.6
42	Agencies (17) Chambrals (21) Conglomerates (1 Shipping and Tran		4-	1249.3		7.8		3.46	15.69		1251.54			900.20
43	Conglomerates (1	1274.1				3.32	16.68			1242.66		0.0		
	Shipping and Tran	isport (1)	2018.5				3.93	17.68		1980.98		1991.16		
47					5 +2.0			3.41	16.01		1076.25			943.60
48	Miscellaneous (25	(6		··· 1294.1	7 -0.3			3.38	11.81				1294.21	
49	MOUSTRIALER	DUP (AL	<u> </u>	1065.8	3 +0.9		_	2.96	17.90				1044.79	868.61
51	Oil & Gas (17)	M1111 M109 -		1866.2	8.0+ 8	7.7.	1/	4.65	16.97				1838.94	
59	500 SHARE IND	EX (500)	-	_ 1133.5	1 +0.9	7.1	7	3.20	17.76	9.00	1123.85	1104.68	1111.97	895.48
61	FINANCIAL GRO	UMILLE		702.7				413		9.27	702.00		696.07	627.83
62	Banks (8)		-	743.0		18.9	9	5.02	4.97	14.92	746.43			695.07
65	Insurance (Life) (9)(9		968.8		_	- 1	4.35		19.68	952.82			
66	Insurance (Compo Insurance (Broke Merchant Banks (rsite) (7)		538.0			_	4.55		5.09	543.05			521.75
67	Insurance (Broke	rs) (9) 🛶		1153.0		9.2	9	4.62	13.92	19.02			1119.99	
68	Merchant Banks (11)		362.7		1 =	_	3.46		2.91	365.38			367.59
69	Property (47)		Address of the Party of the Par	1022.2				2.79	29.81		1017.91	996.07		767.44
70	Other Financial (2	27)	PR 454 PA 455	460.2			<u>"</u> -	3.30	17.71	3.04	457.90			
71	Investment Trusts Mining Finance (2	(94)	·	958.2				2.44	18.42	5.19	956.96	948.75 486.82		759.61
81	Mining Finance L	<i></i>		479.9				3.46 4.74	14.02	1.89 10.55	477.10 944.23			299.11
91	Overseas Traders					8.6		_	14.02			•		676.18
99	ALL-SHARE IND	EX(725)		_		$\overline{}$	_	3.33		8.74	1016.75	994.81	1001.33	816.40
				Index				Day's	April	April	April	April	April	Year
_				No.	Chan	ge Hig	<u>•</u>	Low	28	27	24	23	22	ago
	FT-SE 100 SHAR	SE INDE	K 뢎	i 2038.	6 + 16.5	2040.	4 120	128.4	2022.1	1986.6	2001.5	1968.3	1955.7	1660.5
_	FIX	(ED	NTE	REST				AVER REDE	AGE GR MPTION	OSS YIELD	•	Wed April 29	Tues April 28	Year ago (appros.)
				T _ T				Brith	sh Goven	ument				
	PRICE	Wed	Day's	Toes	xdadį. į	xd adj.	1	Low		5 years		8.08	8.15	7.58
	INDICES	April	change	April	today	1987	2	Coupa	ns 1	S vears		8.70	8.76	8.50
	1	29	%	28		to date	3		2	5 years	****	8.71	8.80	8.51
	British Government							Mediu	on, .	5 years		8.80	8.88	8.78
1	5 years	124.51	10.22	124.24	_	3.64		Coape	ns 1	5 years		8.92	9.01	8.78
	•			1	- 1		6			5 years		8.93	9.82	8.78
2	5-15 years	145.05		144.30	- 1	4.94	7	High		5 years		8.96	9.03	8.89
3	Over 15 years	155.72	+0.85	154.40	- 1	4,78	8	Сощо		5 years		9.06	9.15	8,89
4	Irredeemables	168.02	+0.41	167.34	-	6.07	9		2	5 years		8.88	8.97	8.89
-	All clarks	141.17		140.42	_ 1	4.52	10	irrede	emables			8.82	8.85	8.54

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5 All stocks.

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	AUSTRIA April 29 Price + ar Sch% - Creddansiali 1975 -5 Gerster 3040 +10 Introdali 12500 Junghusrlauer 8750 -50 Lenderbank 1890 Perinsiser 678 Supr-Daimier 141 Velscher Mag 800 -40	GERMANY April 29 Price + or April 29 April 29 April 29 Banco Bilbao Banco Central Pts. — Reput 27 1465 - 20 News — News — 1 1050 — Noranda Pacific — 1 449 — 15 North Sia Hill — 1 530 - 15 Qathruge — 0 Pacific Ousley — 1 1168 - 2 Pancont 1 1950 + 15 Plance Cost — 1 1690 + 15 Plance Positic — 1	Price + or April 28 Price 13 Nippon Selko - 446 120 120 120 120 130	CANADA Solat Stack High Law TORONTO Closing prices Ap	
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1	DENMARK April 29	Schering	460 +5	48.25	S5000 CCL 8 514 514 514 514 514 514 514 514 515 51
.,	Nove Inds. 253 + 2 Privationites 263 + 7 Sophies Bereation 263 + 7 Sophies Bereation 790 + 10 Superios 192 192	Credits Italian 2370 +40. Fisit 13070 +170 Feenerali Assicur 139700 -300 Credit Selssee 27900 +1300 La Ronascetti 1327 +8 Montedison 2900 +10 Olivetti 14650 +270 Purtill Co 7830 +10 Pirelli Spa 5700 +50 Saiperm 4970 +5 Saiperm 4970 -5 Turo Assic 34420 +180 NETHERLANDS	2150	75	1458 CG Invest 5515 51 105257 CI Bix Coop 5215 225 7600 C Marconi 3154; 157 225 7600 C Marconi 3154; 157 50754 C Cortestal 34 354 354 27512 CP Ltd 324 227 5100 Cuil A f 3156; 158 5100 Cuil A f 3156; 158 5100 Cunron A 318 158 5100 Cunron A 318 128 5100 Cunron A 318 128 5175 Cur A f 3122 178 5175 Cur A f 3123 178 5175 Cur A f 3125 178 5175 Cur A
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171.88 (34/3/13)

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NEW YORK ACTIVE STOCKS

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22 22 2.52 23.17 April 23

April 22

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1,854 \$31 1,121 382

Clouds Change price on day 24% +% 25%

The group was helped by currency gains of NKr 44m compared with currency gains of NKr 19m in the corresponding period of 1986, but net financial costs increased to NKr 63m from NKr 50m, partly because of a big increase in long-term debt.

Pernod advances 21%

BY DAVID HOUSEGO IN PARIS

The loss (after financial items) was reduced to NKr 12m from NKr

36m a year earlier, but the group's pre-tax result was burdened by an

extraordinary loss of NKr 35m on

PERNOD RICARD, the French drinks group, pushed up 1986 consolidated profits by 21 per cent to FFr 1.1hn, and excluding misolidated profits by 21 per cent to FFr 1.1hn, and excluding misolidated profits to FFr 547m (\$91m).

The group said vesterday, it would be paying a FFr 20 dividend on a share total that has been increased by 25 per cent because of a and dues.

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	Apr.	Apr.	Apr.	Apr.	19	987		
	29	28	27	24	High	Low		
AUSTRALIA All Ord (1/1/80) Metals & Minerals (1/1/80)	1756.8 1167.3	1749.3 1158.9	1799.9 1224.5	1776.7 1152.2	1799.9(27/4) 1224.5(27/4)	1486.7 (2/2 729.1 (2/1		
AUSTRIA Credit Akulen (30/12/84)	194.95	196.66	197.93	199.00	230.60(2/1)	294.95 (29		
BELGIUM Brossels SE (1/2/84)	3	4603.64	4611.28	4620.63	4620.63(24/4)	3987.86 (9/1		
DENMARK Copenhagen SE CV/1/83)	(u)	(m)	197.22	197.51	217.57(221)	189.64 (6/2		
FINLAND Unites General (1975)	(u)	510.5	2707	532.6	514.2(23/4)	425.2 (5/1		
FRANCE CAC General (31/12/82) Ind Tendanca (31/12/86)	453.4 113.8	490.2 112.9	452.2 112.8	(w) 214.6	450,4(25/3) 117,2(26/3)	392.0 (2/) 97.8 (2/)		
GERMANY FAZ Akulen (31/13/50) Commercianik (1/12/53)	593.44 1792.7	588.86 1783.7	578.12 1749.4	595.20 1803.7	676.84(6/1) 2048.3(6/1)	538.32 (19 1633.8 (29		
HONG KONG Hang Seng Bank (31/7/64)	2589.54	2617.08	2434.47	2707.61	2139.05(3/3)	2449.88 (20		
ITALY Banca Con. Hall (1972)	760.54	756.02	7936	761.33	761.33(29/47)	673.6073/3		
JAPAN** Nikjej (16/549) Tokyo SE New (4/168)	(a)	22689.9 2041.36	23072.A 2050.92	24006.3 2145.98	24097.79(22/4) 2171.08(16/4)	18544 0 (13 1557.46 (13		
NETHERLANDS ANP CBS Gen (1970) ANP CBS Indust (1970)	280.8	280.2 280.2	278.4 262.1	284.0- 265.8-	293,4(94) 274,9(5/1)	257.7 (28 243.7 (28		
MORWAY Chia SE (4/1/83)	426.90	427.14	430.19	436.16	(36.16(244)	361.98 (2/1		
SINGAPORE Straits Times (30/12/66)	1129.54	1138.72	1140.37	1237.76	1140.37(27/4)	689.08 (2:1		
SOUTH AFRICA JSE Gold (28/9/78) JSE Indus (28/9/78)	1.1	2219.0 1831.0	2308.0 1824 0	2294.0 1814.0	2308.0(27/4) 3831.0(28/4)	1786 D (19 1423 D (2/1		
SPAIN Machie SE (30/12/85)	223.47	221.98	226.12	229.77	255.95(23-2)	212.04 (2:1		
SWEDEN Jacobson & P. (31/12/56)	2765.10	2738.50	2726.7	2752.44	2765.10(29.4)	2111 39 (28		
SWITZERLAND Swrii Bank Corp (31-12-58)	587 5	556.6	588.4	589 4	603,3(6.1)	544 5 (25		
WORLD M.S.Caprail Incl. (2.170)		454 D	456.1	463.7	466.6(2) 4)	3613 (21		

NORTH AMERICAN QUARTERLY RESULTS

\$ \$ 178.4m 173.3m 19.8m 2.7m 10.30 0.08

1985 \$ 21.1m 6.9m 0.14

1867 \$ 24.5m 8.8m 0.20

Net per share ...

GOTAAS-LARSEN SHIPPING Shipping

Elkem declines under weight of financial cost

BY KEVIN DONE, NORDIC CORRESPONDENT, IN STOCKHOLM

CEM, the Norwegian ferroalloys in the Norwegian remainlys at aluminium group, made a pre-x loss of NKr 47m (\$7.1m) in the est three months of the year com-ared with a loss of NKr 15m in the Norwegian oil consortium, Group turnover declined slightly to NKr 1.817bn from NKr 1.863bn a me period a year earlier.

year earlier.

Elkem, which plunged into a pre-tax loss of NKr 296m for the whole of 1986, compared with a pre-tax profit of NKr 273m in 1985, said the market for its main products re-The group made an operating rofit of NKr 51m compared with Kr 6m in the first three months of 86 but was burdened by heavy fiancial costs as well as extraordi-

market for its main products remained depressed.

Its biggest problems are in the market for silicon metal and ferroalloys, with a continued decline in world steel production in the first quarter of the year.

Aluminium prices on the London Metal Exchange had improved in recent months, but there had still not been any significant increases in not been any significant increase in

producer prices.

Elkem has recently increased its holding in Kvaerner, the Norwegian engineering group, to 34.8 per

1967 \$ 62.0m 7.9m 0.68 RU INTERNATIONAL Transportation, distr 1987 \$ 384m 4.2m 0.15 Op, net per share TRAVELERS CORPORATION First que 1986 \$ 770m 12.9m 0.80 Net profits Net per share . SOUTHERN , Utility First quarte

International

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ahead for

FINANCIAL TIMES

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

AMERICA

Institutions help to sustain moderate rally

the stock

\$% to \$33%.

stock split.

Oil fell \$% to \$311/L

week it agreed to produce versions

of its popular software for IBM

mainframe computers. Tandy dropped \$1% to \$44%, however, after an analyst lowered his opinion of

A number of other stocks were

boosted by positive recommenda-tions. Caterpillar gained \$1½ to \$47%, Gulf & Western advanced \$1%

PepsiCo dipped \$% to \$31% after announcing first-quarter net in-

come of 31 cents a share against 27

cents a year earlier.

Liz Claiborne, a fast expanding designer and seller of up-market

women's clothes, soared \$4% to \$61% after announcing higher earn-

ings and dividend and a two-for-one

Among companies turning in low-er profits yesterday, Allegheny Power gained \$% to \$40%, Nucor advanced \$1% to \$38% and Murphy

Credit markets posted further

gains of around 1% points early in

the session as the dollar remained firm and confidence grew for a posi-

tive outcome from the Washington

meetings this week between President Ronald Reagan and Prime

The tone of the markets was also

helped by news of a slightly better-than-expected 0.4 per cent increase

in US leading economic indicators in March. Although the gain hinged largely on rising securities prices earlier in March, the data still un-derscored the basic trend of moder-

The markets turned cautious lat-

er and the price of the benchmark

7.50 per cent Treasury long bond showed a loss of 1% points on the day at 88% yielding 8.61 per cent.

MINING stocks, industrials and en-

ergy issues all gained as Tuesday's 27-point increase in the Toronto in-

dex was extended in mid-term trad-

ter doing so well in the previous

Canadian Pacific, which has re-

Red Lake was unchanged at C\$38%.

Dome Petroleum was down on

cent at CS1.36 after Amoco said it could sell some Dome assets under

Pipelines, which is also bidding for

takeover offer. TransCanada

ate economic growth.

CANADA

WALL STREET

WITH THE help of institutional buying, Wall Street managed to hang on to moderate gains yesterday despite adverse trends in the bond and futures markets, writes Roderick Oram in New York. Credit markets had opened firmer but bond prices retreated from

early gains of 1½ points as a degree of caution prevailed, particularly af-ter a protectionist trade measure was passed by the House of Repreentatives in Washington.

The trade news also hit the stock market in the last half-hour of trading. The Dow Jones industrial average closed up 22.30 points at 2,254.26, some 15 points below its intraday high. The greatest gains were concentrated in the Dow In-dustrials and leading blue chip stocks in which institutional investors showed marked interest.

Ford Motor jumped \$5% to \$87% following first-quarter profits of \$5.73 a share against \$2.70 a year earlier, in sharp contrast to the drop of one-fifth in earnings an-nounced earlier by General Motors, up \$1% to \$87%, and Chrysler, up

Other strong Dow consitutents in-dent Ronald Reagan and Prime studed Eastman Kodak, up \$2% to Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone of Ja-\$75% on a big jump in earnings, American Express, up \$1% to \$66%, Goodyear Tire & Rubber, \$2 higher at \$64, International Paper, ahead \$1% at \$59 and McDonald's, up \$1%

The Standard & Poor's 500 index closed up 2.06 at 284.57 and the New York and American stock exchange indices added 1.14 to 160.94 and 2.46 to 322.64 respectively. NYSE volume was moderate at 174.3m shares with advancing issues outnumber-ing those declining by a ratio of

Merrill Lynch, the world's largest retail securities house, dropped \$2% to \$35%. It announced a loss of \$250m from unauthorised mortage securities trading by a recently fired senior trader and subsequent market volatility. It does not expect, however, to report a loss for the sec-

Other securities firms were mixed. First Boston added 5% to \$49%, Morgan Stanley slipped \$% to session \$71% and E.F. Hutton rose \$% to \$37% Salomon Inc, which has been cently been improving, was up making presentations to analysts, CS1% at C\$23%; Nova Alberta class investors and the press in recent A was CS% stronger at CS6%; Rog-days to counter criticism of its ers Communications class B was downturn in earnings, fell 5% to down CS% at CS18%; and Imperial S33%.

Oil class A firmed CS% to CS64%.

Technology stocks, which have been identified by some analysts as the most likely group to lead the lost CS1 to CS45%. Dome Mines was lost CS1 to CS45%. Dome Mines was lost CS1 to CS45%. Dome Mines was lost CS1 to CS45%. market out of its present correction, continued to attract buying interest. IBM gained 53% to \$158%, Digital Equipment advanced \$1% to \$171 and Cray Research added \$2% to

other \$2% to \$33% and was the most Dome, was up C5% to end at C\$19%. nter stock on volPaul Betts reports on a FFr 600m share plan

Sanofi widens base

designed to make the French

group involved in pharmaceuti-

cals, beauty and perfume, and bio-industries better known in

Mr Sautier said Sanofi expect-

ed to see its profits increase by at

least 10 per cent this year over

1986. The first three months of

this year had been good, he said, and the company did not plan to

make any heavy restructuring provisions this year as it did last

EUROPE

Dollar finds enthusiasm

A STRONG Government bond sector and a good start to Wall Street trading helped to sustain the rally in London equities yes-

The FT-SE 100 Index climbed a

further 16.5 to 2,038.6, within 1

per cent of the all-time high

per cent of the all-time high reached last month, and the FT Ordinary index was 19.2 higher at 1,506.6. Chemicals and oils both found good demand.

Gilts jumped by about I point, backed up by hopes of another interest rate cut before long hased on the pound's firmness. The steady dollar and firmness in Liffe gilt intures also helped. Details, Page 32.

and no bonus on 1986 earnings.

BMW was up DM 1 at DM 570 but by the dollar's stability. Turnover was up from Tuesday's low but re-

A RISE in the financial rand put

1986

1987

1985

bullion price held steady.

LONDON

ceutical and cosmetics group 60 per cent controlled by the Elf-Aquitaine oil company, has launched a FFr 600m (\$160m) inlarge its capital base to foreign

The issue involving 750,000

new shares is being placed in Switzerland, Belgium, West Ger-many and Britain, Mr René Sautier, chairman of Sanofi, said. The new shares are being of-fered at market price taking into account dividends and commission. The shares traded at FFr 884 - FFr 892 in Paris yesterday. At present there are about 12.5m

A MORE BULLISH mood spread

through European bourses as the dollar continued its recovery and

good corporate news gave an extra lift to share prices. Frankfurt had a strong start but

fell back during the day, nonethe-less finishing mostly higher. The dollar, fixed three-quarters of a

prieming up at DM 1.7989, again provided the main impetus, together with unconfirmed press reports that Deutsche Bank is to be repaid

DM 2bn after paying too much tax. The Commerzbank index was 9 higher at 1,792.7. Trading was, how-

ever, fairly quiet as investors began to pull out in advance of the long

The reported good news for Deutsche Bank helped it to a DM 11 rise to DM 649.50 after climbing as

high as DM 656 earlier, but the sec-

tor was mixed, with Dresdner off DM 1.50 at DM 339 and Commerz-

In mainly lower chemicals, Bayer

stood out with a DM 1 rise to DM 304 following its higher 1986 group net profits but unchanged dividend. Retailer Kaufhof put on another

spurt on further consideration of Metro of Switzerland's move to take

a majority stake. It climbed DM 12

to DM 481.
Bonds finished higher in quiet

Cotton

The bad news was confined to On Tuesday.

Klöckner-Werke, whose shares resumed trading and tumbled DM

22.20, or 33 per cent, to a year's low
of DM 45 in reaction to its share
capital write-down following losses
at its Maxhitte subsidiary. Other

tree charter mere heartly depicted.

The company a loss of the netional holiday today.

Philips eased F1 1.30 to F1 48.50

after announcing a 42.4 per cent intree charter mere heartly depicted.

steel shares were barely dented. The company also said it planned however, with Thyssen off DM 1 at an issue of 20m shares, which

DM 116 and Hoesch edged 50 pfg would dilute its share capital by

iust under 9 per cent.

In the car sector, Daimler added Akzo shed F1 5.80 to F1 128.50 af-

DM 7 to DM 997 in advance of news ter news that its first-quarter prof-of an unchanged DM 12 dividend its had dropped heavily.

1984

bank 50 pfg easier at DM 269.

May Day holiday weekend.

Despite these restructuring provisions, Mr Sautier said Sanoti had reported a 3 per cent in-At present there are about 12.5m Sanoti shares outstanding.
"Our aim is to internationalise our capital," Mr Santier said yes-terday. He added that Sanoti was interested in attracting individu-al foreign shareholders into its crease in net earnings last year to FFr 495m from FFr 480m the year before. Consolidated sales totalled FFr 12.6bn last year and totalled about FFr 16hn if the Yves Rocher subsidiary is inWilliam Dawkins on the latest Brussels issue

Barco market retuning Fresh fireworks

BARCO ELECTRONIC, the Belgian video projection company which was rescued from collapse by the Flemish regional government six years ago, is to be floated on the Brussels stock ex-

GIMV, Belgium's largest venture capital investor and the main shareholder, yesterday said that it will be selling around 25 per cent of the equity at a price to be fixed next month. Barco, founded in 1934 as the Belgium American Radio Company, came close to liquidation in 1981 after the installation of cable television in Europe devastated one of its main markets – television able to accept different signal standards from France and Bel-

The Flemish Government injected Bir 500m (\$13.5m) into Barco Electronics and split it from Barco Industries, the old

Nestlé bearer put on SFr 50 to close at SFr 9,300 following news of

a 10 per cent drop in first-quarter turnover but expectations of steady turnover and profits for the year. Banks led the upward trend

Paris picked up thanks to a

gentle easing of French money market interest rates, some bullish

Peugeot climbed FFr 26 to FFr

1,639 and Thomson CSF put on FFr 5 to FFr 1,715 after highly favou-

rable results. Peugeot quadrupled its parent company net profit and announced it was planning an in-

Thomson reported consolidated net income had more than doubled

and said it plans to double its annu-

Tractebel and Groupe Bruxelles

Lambert failed to attract much in-

Madrid firmed after dropping

Mining financials saw a R1 50 fall

Gencor eased 50 cents to R61.50 and Gold Fields SA was off 10 cents at

crease in capital.

Details, Page 32.

Brussels edged, slightly downwards in light trading. Holdings shed a little but Reserve fought the trend to put on BFr 3,800.

Side house and FFr 3,800.

on Tuesday.

Sidro, however, eased BFr 10 to BFr 2,065 and Sofina slipped BFr 50 to

SOUTHAFRICA

further pressure on gold and min-ing shares in Johannesburg as the Gencor eased 50 cents to R61.50 and

BFr 14,300.

group's professional colour mo iter and textile automatic

regional government to restore Barco Electronics to profitability, bought the group from the Flemish Government for BFr 500m last year. A market capitalisation of well over BFr 2bn is expected.

TOKYO

Indeed, many institutional inves-tors regard the two-day tumble as the natural successor to the six-month bull run which began last au-

But opinions are nonetheless di-

vided on why the downturn came

now and on how much further the

Nikkei average may have to fall. The Nikkei had risen by 52 per

cent from a low of 15,819 on October 22 last year to a high of 24,097 last

Wednesday. The average price-earnings ratio for all the stocks list-

ed on the first section of the Tokyo

Stock Exchange had risen to a dizzy 75 while the average yield was a

very low 0.63 per cent.

The market barometer then

plunged by a record 831 points on Monday and on Tuesday plummet-ed a further 1,066 in morning trad-

On the bearish side, Mr Akio

On the bearish side, Mr Akio Yamamoto, managing director of Nomura. Securities Investment Trust Management, blames uncertainty over the dollar for this week's fall and predicts that the Nikkel could plunge 5,000 more points if long and short-term US interest rates show a marked re-bound. He is now looking to the out-

According to Mr Hajime Hirashi-

turn marks an end to "money

games" in the form of active dealing

- marking a fall equal to a third of the rise recorded in the six-month

Institutional investors are now waiting for a chance to hunt bar-

trough. Mr Yamamoto expects blue

chips to lead the market down if in-

the yen keeps rising, some institu-tions believe that shares linked to

terest rates rebound.

bull run.

Pre-tax profits climbed steadily from 1983 to 1985, when they peaked at BFr 565m on sales of BFr 2.6bn. Earnings fell last year to BFr 320m before tax, on sales down to BFr 2bn, a decline which the group attributes to the col-lapse of its distributor in the US, where it normally makes 20 per cent of its sales. Barco has since built up its own US distribution and is forecasting a 22 per cent increase in taxable profits to BFr 201m with sales up to BFr 2.41m. 391m, with sales up to BFr 2.4bn.

of issued share capital and do not give existing shareholders first refive existing shareholders has been shared on the new shares, can expect institutional opposition unless there is a convincing case for specific approval, according to guideines drawn up by the associ

terest despite their agreed bid for Coutibel Holdings. Tractabel strengthened BFr 108 to BFr 7,306 hut GBL stayed unchanged.

Milan closed slightly up after pre-emption rights. lively trading followed two profit-

The decision, which follows a spate of issue of shares and equity-linked bonds on international capi-tal markets by British companies

In anticipation of a slump in April
A\$16.20, and CRA putting on 5 cents
to A\$10.40.
However, MIM was down 6 cents

Bonds finished higher in quiet trading as the overnight rise in US bonds and the dollar's relative stability lifted sentiment. The Bundes-Billy lifted sentiment. The Bundes-Billy lifted sentiment of na-Billy lifted sentiment of na-Billy lifted sentiment. The Bundes-Billy lifted sentiment of na-Billy lifted sentiment of na-Billy lifted sentiment. The Bundes-Billy lifted sentiment of na-Billy
ing equity.

UK move to defend pre-emption right issues

BRITISH shareholding institution yesterday moved to limit the amount of equity they will allow companies to issue without giving right of first refusal to existing

than haive the level of equity issues for cash which they will approve without pre-emptive rights was con-tained in guidelines from the Association of British Insurers, which represents all of Britain's largest insurance companies.
Issues which exceed 2.5 per cent

If companies try to floot the guidelines, the association says it will instruct members to oppose any request to a company's shareolders which sought to over-ride

tal markets by British companies was immediately strongly attacked by investment hanks that have arranged such issues, which are now expected to slow dramatically.

Credit Suisse First Boston, an investment bank which has been to see the second of last year to 65 per cent now.

Institutional investors are seed to A510.40.

However, MIM was down 6 cents at A53.52 following its third-quarter figures which were hit by extraordinary charges.

prominent in lead-managing issues of international issues for UK companies, said the ruling "would se-verely limit the ability of British companies to tap international equity and equity-linked debt mar-

CSFB said it was illogical for shareholders to place such a tight constraint on company manage-ments in this area while allowing them far greater freedom to act elsewhere, for example permitting other types of share issues repre-senting larger proportions of existjumpy Nikkei

markets and on Japanese bank THE DRAMATIC correction in To-This practice, known as "zaiteku," kyo share prices at the beginning of this week may have been startling in its size but it was not unexpectis common to blue-chip exporters ed, writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of

in European and domestic bond

whose incomes have been eroded by the soaring yen and it helped to lift share prices to their recent high Brokers said zaiteku investments were disturbing because they were

among the most speculative in the market. When the market looks like it's going to fall hard, then com-panies withdraw their money quickly to put it into safer investme ernatives," one Japanese broker ent alt-

HONG KONG

A LATE round of selling by British brokerage houses forced Hong Kong to stage a last minute retreat and the Hang Seng index lost 27.54 to 2,589.54. The value of sessionturnover dropped to HK\$638m from HK\$960m. The key property sector managed ing before closing 182 lower at 22,889, making a two-day loss of 1,013.

to resist the selloff, however, with Henderson Land rising 5 cents to HK\$5.85. Hongkong Land and New World were both unchanged at HK\$5.70 and HK\$10, respectively.

Among leading declines Cheung Kong was 25 cents cheaper at HK\$42 and Jardine Matheson imished the session with a 20-cent drop to HK\$14.60.

AUSTRALIA

bound. He is now looking to the out-come of next week's US govern-ment bond suctions. THE OVERNIGHT recovery in the bullion price and the stronger close on Wall Street combined to help ma, senior managing director of Nippon Life Insurance, the down-Sydney share prices recoup some of their record losses of Tuesday in thin trading.

in large-capitalisation stocks such as steels and shipbuildings, aided The All Ordinaries index closed as steels and shipbuildings, enced by the high level of market liquidi-4.3 higher at 1,754.2 after gaining al-most 20 points in an early bout of buying. The gold index managed a Mr Shigekazu Aoki, president of Daiwa International Capital Man-32.3 gain to 3,451.4 following its plunge on Tuesday. Golds and other minings that sufagement, does not expect the Mik-kei to fall below the figure of 21,337

fered badly on Tuesday were mainly higher, with GMK up 90 cents at AS10,00, Metana 20 cents ahead at

gains when the Nikkei hits a SELLING gathered pace in Singapore following the resignation of two Malaysian cabinet ministers who failed last week to unseat However, if interest rates fall and Prime Minister Mahathir Moha-

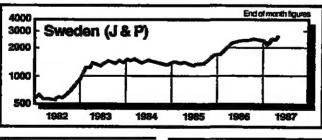
.The Straits Times industrial indomestic demand could lead an up- dex shed 9.18 to 1,129.54 and turnover improved to 50.1m shares from

Reuter adds from Tokyo: Securities analysts say that a worrying proportion of the cash invested in the stock exchange has no foundation in hard assets.

An increasing a security of the cash invested in the stock exchange has no foundation in hard assets. An increasing amount has been and Pegi weakened 2 cents to 73 raised by borrowing elsewhere, tak-cents on 1.7m turnover.

7

KEY MARKET MONITORS



19	82	1963	1984	1985	1986	1987	,	
STOCK I	IARKET	INDIC	ES	WEST GERMA	MY			
NEW YORK DJ industrials	2,254.26	2,231.96	Year ago 1,825.69	FAZ-Aktien Commercition	598.44 k 1,792.70		718 2,175	
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LONDON FT				TTALY Banca		755.02	742	
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Gold mines A Long gift World Act. Ind	439.2 8.88	440.1 8.97	244.2 8.91	HORWAY ON	io SE 426.90	427.14	334	
TOKYO	120.20	160.13	5028	SINGAPORE		ts 1,133.70	67 1.	
Nikkei Tokyo SE		22,889,86 2,041,36	15,757.9 1,248.11	SOUTH AFFEC Golds Industrials	A JSE	2,219.0 1,831.0	1,13	
AUSTRALIA Ali Ord. Motais & Mins.	1,758.8 1,167.3		1,209.1 520.7	SPAIN Madrid	SE 223.47		179.	
AUSTRIA Credit Aktien	194.95	198.66	128.85	SWEDEN JA		2,738,80	2,281.	
Belgian SE				SWITZERLAND	587.50		587.	
	N/B	4,601.64	3,594.77	COMM	ODITIES	(Londor)	

STOCK MARKET INDICES NEW YORK April 29 Previous Year ap			ES	WEST GERMAN	TY .				CURRE	NCIES	(London	1		U	S BOND	35	
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Composite		3,685.4		Coffee (May) Oil (Brent)		50 1	21,367,00	\$1m pol	of 100 93.82	93.87	53.77	93.77	Arco 9%	97.30 March 2	9.20	97.59	
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Canada in search of reciprocity

CANADIAN authorities have laid by foreign financial institutions in to the domestic securities industry dependent on reciprocal treatment for Canadian institutions in other In terms of an agreement be-

tween the Federal Government and the Province of Ontario on regulatory jurisdictions following Canadas's "Big Bang" on June 30, Federal authorities will have responsibility for the entry of non-residents into Canadian capital markets. Although the Ontario Securities Commission (OSC) is empowered to

register new entrants, an OSC official indicated that the Commission has heeded federal demands for powers to apply the reciprocity rule. Reciprocity is of particular con-cern in the case of the 58 foreignowned banks operating in Canada several of which have indicated

that they wish to expand into the domestic securities industry. Canadian banks have urged the Government to make approval conditional on their ability to do the same in other countries, notably the US. The new rules, due to take effect on June 30, will abolish most owner-

ship curbs in the securities industry. Foreign owners will initially be restricted to a 50 per cent share-holding, with the ceiling being lifted in mid-1988.

The agreement of federal and provincial jurisdictions has cleared away one barrier to the expected spate of mergers and takeovers involving Toronto-based securities firms as the "Big-Bang"

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